The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 11,716—VOL. LXXII. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1875. PRICE TWOPENCE.

BIRTHS.

GAWTHORPE.—November 16, at her residence, Derwent-street, Glebe, the wife of B. Gawthorpe, Esq., contractor of a son.

MUNN.—November 29, at Courunga House, Merimbula, the wife of A. L. Munn, of a daughter.

MURRAY.—December 3, at Rose Cottage, Upper Fort-street, Mrs. J. D. Murray, of a daughter.

PHILLIPS.—October 19, at Hunter's Hill, Mrs. Gerard Phillips, of a daughter.

STREET.—December 6, at Street's Wharf, Mrs. Francis Street, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

COTTON—NAYLOR.—September 20, at St. Paul's, Carcoar, by the Rev. A. R. Blacket, B.A., Richard Cotton, of Wadagery, Forbes, to Minnie, only daughter of T. B. Naylor, Sydney.

DOYLE—OLDHAM.—November 15, by special license, at Ulitedenburra Lodge, Lochinvar, New South Wales, the residence of the bridegroom's father, John Nugent, fourth surviving son of James G. Doyle, Esq., to Margaret Maria, second surviving daughter of Peter Oldham, Esq., of Hobarton, Tasmania.

GORDON—NECKLES.—September 19, at St. James's Church, Sydney, by the Rev. Canon Allwood, Lovell Gordon, of No. 90 Loyal Orange Lodge, to Charlotte Maria, second daughter of the late Joseph Neckles.

JONES—HUTCHINSON.—November 16, at St. Matthew's Church, Windsor, by the Rev. C. F. Garnsey, Henry, fifth son of William Jones, Colo River, to Anne, second daughter of the late William Hutchinson, Sackville Reach.

DEATHS.

BRAND.—At his residence, at Hill End, caused through an accident whilst mining, Mr. Robert Brand, the dearly beloved brother of Mrs. John Dunbar and Mrs. Robert Brown, of the Governor Bourke Hotel, Market and Sussex streets Sydney, aged 43.

CHACKLEY.—December 2, at the residence of her brother-in-law, 549, Brickfield-hill, Sydney, Elizabeth Chackley, native of Cork, Ireland, sister-in-law to Paul Sidney, after a long and painful illness, aged 45.

COLLIE.—November 27, at North Grafton, Clarence River, New South Wales, suddenly, Mr. William Collie, second son of the late Mr. John Collie, of Forglen, Banffshire, aged 60 years, leaving a widow and large family, and a numerous circle of friends to mourn their loss.

EASTWAY.—December 6, at the residence of her parents, 190, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, Mary Louisa Rosina, the beloved daughter of Albert and Jane Eastway, aged 2 years and 11 months.

MARTIN.—December 6, at the residence of her parents, after a short but painful illness, Caroline Ashbey, the beloved daughter of Amos B. and Ellen Martin, aged 4 years 8 months.

REID.—November 30, at his residence, Araluen, Thomas Reid, native of Probus, Cornwall, England, aged 66 years.

ROGERS.—December 6, at her parents' residence, Missenden Road, Newtown, Amy, infant daughter of G. and J. M. Rogers, aged 10 months, of erysipelas.

WARDELL.—December 6, at the residence of James Turner, Esq., Cook's River Road, Alfred Robert, the beloved son of Alfred William Wardell, aged 2 years and 9 months.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL S. S. CO. OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA.
Under contract with N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments, for four-weekly Mail Service.

FROM SYDNEY.

17th December, 1875	Colima
14th January, 1876	City of San Francisco
11th February, 1876	Zealandia
10th March, 1876	City of New York
7th April, 1876	Australia.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

6th December, 1875	City of San Francisco
5th January, 1876	City of New York
2nd February, 1876	City of Sydney
1st March, 1876	City of San Francisco
28th March, 1876	Zealandia.

A steamer will be dispatched for San Francisco, via Kandavu and Honolulu, every fourth FRIDAY, at 5 p.m. from Sydney, booking passengers to Fiji, Honolulu, and all parts of America and Europe.

This Company's magnificent fleet of steamships of over 3000 tons, highest class, are fitted with all the latest improvements, and are specially adapted for the conveyance of passengers—1st, 2nd, and 3rd class.

Five of these vessels were built expressly for this service, and have accommodation comprising separate dining saloons, smoking-room, ladies' drawing and reception rooms, bridal chambers, large deck, and family state rooms, the principal part of which, being amidships, much of the discomfort of sea sickness is obviated.

The P. M. S. S. Co. having had experience of over 30 years in the passenger trade, and their connection with the Union and Central Pacific Railroads, is a sufficient guarantee that no expense or pains will be spared to make this route the favourite highway to Europe.

For further particulars apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.

PACIFIC M. S. S. CO. EXCURSION to KANDAVAU and BACK. Fare—20 Guineas.

Steamships of over 3000 tons, with magnificent accommodation and complete appointments, carrying experienced surgeons and nurses.

Vessels leave Sydney every four weeks. The stay at Kandavu is limited to two days.

To those desiring a short sea voyage with all the comforts of a home, this opportunity offers great inducements.

For further particulars, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's steamship
ELLORA,
1727 tons, 300 horse-power,
E. G. STRAD, commander,
will leave Sydney for MELBOURNE, on SUNDAY, the 26th December, 1875, at 9 a.m., in connection with the departure from that port of the Company's steamship
SUMATRA,
2488 tons, 460 horse-power,
which will be dispatched on THURSDAY, the 30th December, 1875, for ADELAIDE, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, and GALLE, with H. M. Mails, passengers, cargo, and parcels; also for INDIA, MAURITIUS, JAVA, SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, and EUROPE.

Cargo will be received until 5 p.m. on the 23rd, specie and parcels until 10 a.m. on the 24th December.

For information on all subjects connected with the Company's various lines apply to
HENRY MOORE, Agent.

Moore's Wharf, 29th November, 1875.

Passengers' accommodation in SUMATRA allotted in Sydney by plans in office, as heretofore, at same rates as from Melbourne.

Passage money and freight per ELLORA between Sydney and Melbourne at local rates.

A steamer will be in attendance to convey passengers and baggage to and from Moore's Wharf on arrival or embarkation.

THE CLARENCE AND NEW ENGLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS, from Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street.

For GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.—The NEW ENGLAND, (unavoidably detained) on THURSDAY NIGHT, at 10 o'clock.
P. S. BUYERS, pro Manager.

THE C. and R. R. S. N. CO.'S STEAMSHIPS.—To GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, with PASSENGERS and CARGO.—The favourite paddle steamship AGNES IRVING, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 7th December, at 9 p.m., leaving GRAFTON, on SATURDAY, at 8 a.m., weather permitting.

To MACLEAY RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, with Passengers and Cargo.—The BALLINA, on MONDAY, the 13th December, at 9 p.m., weather permitting.

To the RICHMOND RIVER, with Passengers and Cargo.—The PLATYPUS, TO-MORROW, Wednesday 8th December, at 6 p.m., weather permitting.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

Sussex-street.

HUNTER RIVER N. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY:
THIS (Tuesday) NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
TO-MORROW (Wednesday) NIGHT, at 11, the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.

Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

TO MELBOURNE.—City of Melbourne, this day, Tuesday, at 4.30 p.m. FARES: Saloon at current rates.

TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Egmont, Saturday, at noon.

TO NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—Egmont, Saturday, at noon.

TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.—Collaroy, to-morrow morning, Wednesday, at 9; and Lady Bowen, Thursday night, at 11.

TO CLARENCE TOWN (FOR CARGO AND PASSENGERS).—Collaroy, to-morrow morning, Wednesday, at 9. (FREIGHT PAYABLE IN SYDNEY.)

TO BRISBANE.—City of Brisbane, Thursday, at 4 p.m.

TO MARYBOROUGH.—Steamer early.

TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Boomerang, Thursday, at 4 p.m.

TO CLEVELAND BAY, via PORT DENISON.—Victoria, on or about Saturday, at 1 p.m.

TO COOKTOWN WHARF.—Victoria, on or about Saturday, at 1 p.m.

CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.—The A1 new three-masted clipper schooner EDITH MAY, 213 tons register. Apply to JOHN TAYLOR and CO., 25, Sussex-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG.—To-day, 9.15 a.m. and 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA, Eden, and Tathra.—To-day, 9.15 a.m.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN.—To-night, at 11.
SHELLHARBOUR.—To-night and Friday, at 8 p.m.
ULLADULLA, CLYDE, Moruya.—Friday, at 9.15 a.m.

STEAM TO LEVUKA (Fiji), and NOUMEA (New Caledonia).
The A. S. N. Company's steamship
EGMONT, 670 tons,
R. Edmondson, commander,
will be dispatched to the ABOVE PORTS on SATURDAY NEXT, at noon.
FARES AND FREIGHTS AT REDUCED RATES.
For all particulars apply at the Company's Office.
FRED. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (LIMITED).
The S. S. KEMBLA will leave Sydney for NEWCASTLE every MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY NIGHT, at half-past 11 o'clock.
And leave NEWCASTLE for SYDNEY every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.
Office and Stores, Patent Slip Wharf, Sydney; and Scott-street, Newcastle.
F. GARDNER, Secretary.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The undersigned intend dispatching the steamers
YOU YANGS or DANDENONG,
every Friday;
MACEDON or BARRABOOL,
every Tuesday.
THE SALOONS ARE AMIDSHIPS.
Return tickets (saloon) are issued, available for two months by either steamer.
The steamers will leave Melbourne for Sydney also every Tuesday and Friday.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The Melbourne Steamship Company will dispatch the
S. S. DANDENONG, 900 tons,
F. H. Stanford, commander,
on FRIDAY, 10th DECEMBER, at 12 NOON.
THE SALOON IS AMIDSHIPS.
For freight, passage, and all particulars, apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf, foot of King-street.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.—The Melbourne Steamship Company will dispatch the
S. S. DANDENONG,
THIS DAY, Tuesday, 7th December, at 6 p.m.
Fares—Saloon, 7s 6d; steerage, 3s 6d.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—The French Mail Steamship,
HAVILAH,
A. BABO, commander,
will be dispatched as above, on or about MONDAY next, the 13th instant.
For freight or passage apply to MONTEFIORE and MONTEFIORE, 3, Gresham-street.

AUCKLAND.—S. S. HERO, 1000 tons, Thomas Logan, commander, will be dispatched, on or about the 20th December.
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 52, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND.—Messrs. M'Meckan, Blackwood, and Co.'s line of steamers will be dispatched from MELBOURNE as follows:—
ALBION, 8th December, via Hokitika.
ARAWATA, arrival English mail, on or about 11th December, via Bluff.
OTAGO, 16th December, via Hokitika.
RINGAROOMA, 18th December, via Milford Sound and Bluff.
OMEO, 22nd December, via Bluff.
ALHAMBRA, 29th December, via Hokitika.
Through tickets to and from all New Zealand ports issued by the undersigned.
For rates of passage, freight, and any information, apply to JOSEPH WARD and CO., Exchange-buildings.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN direct.—Steamship TASMAN, from GRAFTON WHARF, THIS DAY, 7th December, at 4 p.m.

Saloon	£6 6
Return (available for 4 months)	10 10
Steerage	3 10

Passage tickets must be obtained at the office before embarkation.
For freight or passage apply to
T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The Eastern and Australian Mail Steamer
SOMERSET, 1000 tons,
H. M. Morris, Esq., commander,
will be dispatched from the Cosmopolitan Wharf, for the above port, on
THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 5 p.m.
For FREIGHT or PASSAGE early application is necessary to
SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., Agents.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS leave
Queen's Wharf...7.15, 10.15, 11.30, 2.15, 4.30, 6
Woolloomooloo ....10.30, 11.45, 2.30.
Manly Beach......8.15, 9.15, 12, 3.15, 4.45, 5.30.
Fare—Return ticket, 1s. 6d.; children, 1s.
J. R. CAREY.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE, for LONDON.—The magnificent 100 A1 clipper-ship
SAMUEL PLIMSOLL,
Richard Boaden, commander, having a portion of her dead weight on board, with large engagements of wool, will sail early in JANUARY; and from her renowned fast sailing offers superior inducements to shippers.
Has comfortable accommodation for a limited number of first and second class passengers.
For particulars apply to Captain BOADEN, on board; or to MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.—The splendid new iron clipper ship
LOCKSLEY HALL, A1 20 years, 1258 tons register,
Charles Barnes, commander,
will have immediate dispatch for London. This vessel is a fast sailer, and well known for the fine order in which her cargoes are discharged.
This vessel is now stowing wool, for which large engagements have already been made.
She offers a first-rate opportunity to shippers of wool and other produce.
The saloon is lofty and spacious, and well worth the inspection of intending voyagers.
For all particulars as to rates of freight, passage money, &c., apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO.,
Agents, 52, Pitt-street.
Wool received at J. C. Lloyd and Co.'s stores, Cosmopolitan Wharf.

TO PASSENGERS FOR ENGLAND.—STEAM TO LONDON, via CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.
Sailing positively on
SATURDAY, 11th DECEMBER,
the magnificent new and full-powered steamship
WHAMPOA, 100 A 1 at Lloyd's,
3846 tons register, 600 h. p., 2500 h. p. effective,
W. J. Hynes, R. N. R., commander,
is berthed at CIRCULAR QUAY, where inspection is invited.
For plans of cabins, rates of passage, and other information, apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.
The favourite passenger ship PARRAMATTA will be dispatched early in FEBRUARY.
Has accommodation for first, second, and third class passengers.
The vessel will be berthed alongside Circular Quay in a few days, when she will be open for inspection.
Apply on board, to Captain GODDARD; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON.—The favourite regular trader
SIR JOHN LAWRENCE,
has nearly all her Wool, and will have immediate dispatch.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect the very superior Saloon accommodation.
Apply on board, to Captain ANGUS; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
Wool received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON.—The magnificent AA 1 ship
BRITISH SCEPTRE,
1436 tons register, W. H. Jahnke, commander,
having all her dead weight stowed, with large WOOL engagements, will be dispatched early in DECEMBER, and offers a favourable opportunity to shippers.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain JAHNKE, on board, at CIRCULAR QUAY; or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON.—To follow the Afton.—The new iron clipper ship PHILOMENE, 1266 tons register, Captain Finlay, will have quick dispatch. For freight, &c., apply to
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents; or B. P. CAMPBELL, Broker.

FOR LONDON.—Last ship for the FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The new 100 A1 ship AFTON, 850 tons register James Semple, commander, having a large portion of her wool engaged, and now going on board, will have immediate dispatch. For freight or passage apply to Captain Semple, on board, at Circular Quay; or to
MASON BROTHERS, Agents; or
B. P. CAMPBELL, Broker.
Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s.

FOR LONDON.—The magnificent new clipper ship RYDAL HALL, M. H. Foster, commander, having the whole of her dead weight engaged, and a large quantity of wool down, will receive early dispatch.
Wool received at Talbot's.
Apply to Captain FOSTER on board; or to
YOUNG and LARK, George and Margaret streets.

FOR LONDON.—The undersigned will dispatch the undermentioned well-known clipper ships in the following order during the ensuing season:—

Ship	Tons.	Commander.	To sail
SIR JOHN LAWRENCE ..	878	Angus	Dec.
AGNES ROSE	993	Moir	Jan.
PARRAMATTA............	1521	Goddard	Feb.
KAPUNDA (new)	1084	Macfarlane	Feb.

For plans of cabins, rates of passage, and all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.

FOR LONDON.—To follow the Sir John Lawrence.
The fine clipper ship and regular trader AGNES ROSE is now on the berth, and will be dispatched as above.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect the splendid and well-ventilated saloon accommodation.
Has also fine accommodation for a limited number of intermediate passengers, in house on deck.
For plan of cabin, rates of freight and passage, apply to Captain MOIR on board; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.
Wool received at Flood's.

FROM MELBOURNE FOR LONDON direct.—The magnificent (new) Clyde-built clipper ship
LOCH VENNACHAR,
1484 tons register,
Francis Wagstaff, commander,
will sail 3rd January, 1876, booking passengers through at moderate rates. This ship has just completed her maiden voyage in 68 days. She has a handsome and well ventilated saloon, with large cabins, fitted up with every convenience, bed and bedding, towels, &c., thus saving intending passengers considerable expense.
A piano and select library, with two bath-rooms, and all necessary to ensure comfort.
For rates of passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

MESSRS. MONEY WIGRAM and SONS (of Blackwall Yard, London)
LINE of STEAM and SAILING PACKETS,
comprising the steamships Northumberland (new), Somersetshire, and Durham (new), and the following splendid clipper ships, which have been built and fitted expressly for the Australian passenger trade:—Lincolnshire, Yorkshire, Norfolk, True Briton, Essex, Hampshire (new), &c.

Ship.	Commander.	To Sail
		1875.
YORKSHIRE.................	G. F. Gibbes ..	Dec. 21.
		1876.
NORFOLK	J. O'Callaghan	Jan. 29.
S.S. SOMERSETSHIRE .... Via CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.	H. F. Holt....	Feb. 12.
TRUE BRITON	G. M. Miller..	Feb. 26.
S. S. DURHAM	F. Anderson ..	April 12.

Their accommodations for all classes of passengers are unsurpassed, and they will each carry an experienced surgeon. The SALOON CABINS are fitted with the necessary fixed CABIN FURNITURE.
PASSAGE ORDERS are issued to persons desirous of sending for their friends from home. Passage money, £16 and upwards. A liberal allowance to families. Return tickets are granted at reduced rates.
For all particulars apply to M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FOR AUCKLAND.—The clipper schooner SOUTHERN CROSS, 200 tons burthen, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged will meet with quick dispatch.
For freight or passage, apply to GIBSON and HALE, agents, 237, George-street.

ONLY VESSEL FOR ROCKHAMPTON.—The regular trader MARY WADLEY, 270 tons burthen, Captain Wadley, now loading at new Market Wharf, will have quick dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to
GIBSON and HALE, Agents,
237, George-street.

FOR TOWNSVILLE direct.—The regular trader
ROYAL DUKE,
150 tons, D. Williams master,
having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch.
For freight, &c., apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

FOR COOKTOWN direct.—The schooner Isabelle, if sufficient inducement offers. B. Lowther, Sussex-st.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER (all parts.)—Schooner BERTHA, J. Leonard, master, going to Lismore, now receiving cargo at Patent Slip Wharf. Freights payable in Sydney. G. F. MASON, Agent.

FOR CLARENCE RIVER.—The clipper schooner ARIEL will sail on THURSDAY. All freights paid in Sydney.
Apply NIPPER and SEE; or GIBSON and HALE, Agents, 237, George-street.

FOR BERMAGUI (Cobargo) — ADVANCE sails TO-MORROW. H. CLARKE, Victorian Wharf.

FOR CLYDE RIVER.—LADY OF THE LAKE sails TO-MORROW, Lime-street Wharf.

FOR CAMDEN HAVEN.—ETTALONG, first fair wind. FAGAN, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

CAPE HAWKE.—HOOLET, TO-DAY, Circular Quay. H. BRECKENRIDGE, Customs-bdgs.

BRIGANTINE AMHERST.—Consignees of 123 Logs Round CEDAR, from the Daintree River, are hereby informed that unless ENTRIES are passed and freight paid to the undersigned, at the office of GIBSON and HALE, 237, George-street, by noon TO-DAY, the same will be discharged at Consignees' risk and expense.
EDWARD BERRY, Master Brigantine Amherst.

S. S. WHAMPOA FOR LONDON.—All ACCOUNTS against the above vessel must be sent in to the office of the undersigned in triplicate, before noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, or they will NOT be recognised.
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

SHIP WILLIAM DUTHIE, from London.—CONSIGNEES are requested to pass entries at once. The ship will not be responsible for damage to, or loss of cargo after it has been landed. Bills of lading must be produced, and freights paid and delivery orders obtained at the office of the undersigned, before any goods can leave the wharf.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Agents.

SHIP WILLIAM DUTHIE, from London.—Captain C. W. Davidson will not be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBTS contracted by his crew, without his written authority.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Agents.

BARQUE KORSOR, from Foochow.—Captain L. C. GROVE will not be responsible for any Debts contracted by his crew without his written authority.
GRIFFITHS and CO., Agents.

FREIGHT or CHARTER.—Schooner Ocean Bride, 88 tons register. P. Hogan, agent, Commercial Wf.

FREIGHT or Charter, clipper schooner MONARCH, 220 tons. W. and J. H. SHORT, Baltic Wharf.

FREIGHT or Charter, clipper ketch MORNING STAR. W. and J. H. SHORT, Baltic Wharf.

CHARTERS.—SHIPS wanted, to carry wheat from South Australia to England. ELDRED and CO.

PLEASURE BOAT for SALE, 22 feet over all, half-decked, centreboard, with hatches, newly metalled, well found and fitted; price, £45. Mr. BOAKE, 330, George-street.

FOR SALE, a good BOAT, cheap; gear complete. F. BARNETT, Point-street, Pyrmont.

FOR SALE, the fine A1 iron-barque
SPEEDWELL,
350 tons register. This vessel is well adapted for the timber trade, having large hatchway and drawing very little water.
For all particulars apply to
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

FOR HIRE, the favourite steam yacht ETHEL; price moderate. J. HALSTEAD, Milson's Point.

FOR SALE or to RENT, a handy KETCH. For all particulars apply H. FISHER and CO., Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a new Centreboard SKIFF, sculls, blocks, tackle. Apply Margaret and Sussex streets.

FOR SALE, 3 Centreboard SKIFFS. George Reynolds, Balmain.

FOR SALE, Centreboard Skiff Dingy, small Fishing Boat, Yachts, Dingy, &c. H. Younger, Milson's Point.

FOR SALE, the fast-sailing SKIFF MAGIC. H. IRELAND, Woolloomooloo Bay.

FOR SALE, the open Centreboard BOAT BRONTE. H. IRELAND, Woolloomooloo Bay.

QUAY BERTHS, first-class storage accommodation. W. and J. H. Short, Baltic Wharf.

THE PATENT SLIP, Sussex-street.—Having secured the Lease of the above, I beg to inform shipowners and others that I am now prepared to receive vessels for repairs, &c. My experience at the slip (extending over 21 years) is a sufficient guarantee that all orders intrusted to me will receive prompt attention. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand.
N. JOHNSON, Shipbuilder, &c.

FLOATING DOCK, DARLING HARBOUR.—THOMAS S. ROWNTREE and CO., Wood and Composite Shipbuilders and Blacksmiths. Ships of any size docked; repairs and work efficiently carried out on the most reasonable terms. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand.

MEETINGS.

HOPE of PETERSHAM.—Special MEETING, THIS EVG. Doctor's agreement. Caldwell, R.S.

ST. STEPHEN'S (C. E.), Hasleem's Creek.—Public MEETING, announced to take place on 8th instant, unavoidably POSTPONED. Due notice will be given when it shall take place.

MASONIC.—Volunteer Artillery Lodge, No. 93, E.C., Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, 7 o'clock prompt. Installation of W.M.

NO. 22, WYCLIFFE.—Committee meeting THIS EVENING, Clarence-street.

UNION CLUB.—NOTICE.—A Balloting MEETING will be held, THIS DAY, the 7th instant, from 1 to 2 p.m. By order.
F. H. WILSON, Secretary.

PATTERN MAKERS ASSOCIATION of NEW SOUTH WALES.—The regular Monthly MEETING of the above will be held THIS EVENING, at a quarter to 8 o'clock.

MASONIC.—Leinster Marine LODGE, 266, I. C.—Emergency, This Evening, at 7 sharp. Raisings.

SYDNEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—General MEETING of members, THIS DAY, Tuesday 4 p.m.
CHARLES H. HAYES, Secretary.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—Monthly MEETING of COUNCIL WEDNESDAY, 8th, at 11 a.m.
JULES JOUBERT.

10 LOYAL ORANGE LODGE.—Regular Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, 7.30, Presbyterian Schoolroom, Pitt-street. Election of Officers.
N. J. MACKENZIE, Secretary.

VULCAN GOLD-MINING COMPANY.—A General MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the late residence of Mr. W. Scott, on TUESDAY, 11th instant, at 8 p.m., to receive the final Balance-sheet of the Company.
W. L. NEWMAN, Hon. Secretary.
December 6.

NO. 1 VOL. FIRE CO.—Monthly MEETING, This Evening, at 8, Pitt-st. Station. J. Harvey, sec.

WOOLLAHRA LITERARY AND DEBATING INSTITUTE will please meet THIS EVENING, Tuesday, 7th December, in the new Rooms, Forth-street, at 7.30. W. NEUTAN, Hon. Sec.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW WESLEYAN CHURCH, WINDSOR.
The MEMORIAL STONES of the above Church will be laid (D.V.) on WEDNESDAY, December 8, 1875. The ceremony will take place at 12 o'clock.
The Revs. J. H. Fletcher, S. Wilkinson, G. Hurst, W. Curnow, R. Sellors, and other ministers and friends are expected to take part in the proceedings.
At the close of which a
PUBLIC LUNCHEON
will be provided in the Schoolroom.
Tickets, 1s 6d each.
In the EVENING of the same day a
PUBLIC TEA MEETING
will be held. Tea on the tables at 6 o'clock, after which a
SERVICE OF SACRED SONG
will be given by the Choir of the Church.
Tickets, 1s 6d each.
Return Tickets, available by the usual morning train, may be had at the Wesleyan Book Depot, King-street, Sydney.
Fare 3s; Children half-price.
Town and Country Friends are respectfully invited to be present on the occasion.

SERVICE OF SONG.—Service of Song will be given in the Church by the members of the Pitt-street Congregational Choir, in aid of the Hunter's Hill Church. Admission free, but a collection will be made. The programme will consist of Sankey's favourite solos and choruses, gems from the oratorios, and Philip Phillips' songster.
Rev. JOHN GRAHAM will preside, at 8 o'clock.
Full programme on Thursday.

WESLEYAN CHURCH, William-street, Woolloomooloo.—TO-MORROW NIGHT, the Rev. J. A. Nolan, will deliver a Lecture in the above Church, on "Ghosts." Admission free; collection. Chair taken at 8.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

GIPPS WARD ELECTION.—Mr. Playfair's COMMITTEE will be in attendance at the Committee Rooms, to Settle ACCOUNTS, between 6 and 7 o'clock THIS EVENING.

LECTURES.

CHRIST CHURCH Schoolroom.—A LECTURE illustrated with diagrams, will be delivered by the Rev. THOMAS KEMMIS, on the evening of TUESDAY, December 7, at a quarter to 8 o'clock. Subject: "Travelling in Merrie England in the Olden time."
Tickets, 1s each. THOMAS V. ALKIN.

CHRISTMAS IN OLD ENGLAND.—LAST TIME TO-NIGHT, Masonic Hall, Rev. CHARLES CLARK and Miss CHRISTIAN.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE PARTNERSHIP between the undersigned has been THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent.
THOMAS HILES,
Sydney, 4th December, 1875. JAMES JACKSON.

NOTICE.
DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership hitherto existing between JOSEPH MITCHELL and GEORGE WILTON, and trading under the name and style of JOSEPH MITCHELL and CO., Coal Merchants, Railway Bridge and Ultimo Road, Sydney, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to JOSEPH MITCHELL, by whom all debts will be discharged.
JOSEPH MITCHELL.
GEORGE WILTON.
Witness—A. J. GRAY.
Sydney, December 6, 1875.

In reference to the above, J. M. and G. W. beg to intimate that in dissolving partnership, they do so simply to devote themselves individually to different branches of their late trade. Mr. GEORGE WILTON will take over and conduct in future the business of the Ultimo Road depot, and Mr. MITCHELL will undertake the wholesale trade; and they both trust in these different branches to merit a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on the late firm.
For the present, communications intended for Mr. Mitchell may be addressed either to Ultimo Road or Newtown Railway Station. Retail orders, &c., must in future be addressed to Mr. George Wilton, Ultimo Road, as no connection exists with the late office, 84, King-street.
JOSEPH MITCHELL.
GEORGE WILTON.

HORTICULTURAL, FARMING, ETC.

THE GARDENS, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.—Having appointed Mr. C. F. CRESWELL, of the Tasman Seed Stores, 478, George-street, Sydney, my TOWN AGENT, I will furnish him with regular supplies of BOUQUETS, CUT FLOWERS, ORNAMENTAL and FLOWERING PLANTS, &c.
This alteration is in consequence of the retirement from business of Mr. P. Stanley, of Stalls Nos. 15 and 17, George-street Market, who recently acted as my Town Agent.
It having been customary for letters, messages, parcels, &c., to be left for me with Mr. Stanley, I would respectfully request that all COMMUNICATIONS, &c., be sent to my address, at the Surry Hills.
JOHN BAPTIST, Wholesale Nurseryman.
6th December, 1875.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

CHRISTOPHER JOHN DEASE, Esq.—Kindly call on Count Nugent, Royal Hotel.

D. L. EVERSIDE, please to communicate with your friends.

EVERY EVENT IS READY FOR SOMETHING TO HIS ADVANTAGE.

ELIZA PENDERGAST.—Please communicate with your Sister JANE, as she is anxious to hear from you. Address 737, George-street South.

HODNAT, Mrs., late Adelaide, send address to E. Slattery, at Otto Berliner, 78, Elizabeth-st., Melbourne.

POSTED LETTER yesterday, GEORGE. Got it. Something to his advantage; write. FERGY.

WALTER, come home, the baby is dying.

WILL W. N. kindly Call at 8 o'clock, This Evening, on his old Friend S., at 221, Castlereagh-street.

WILL Miss F. PHILPOT send her Address to Miss GOLDSWORTHY, Rose Cottage, Yass (late of King-street, London).

TENDERS.

SCREW STEAMER BEE, now lying at Circular Quay.

TENDERS for purchase of the above-named Screw Steamer will be received by the undersigned, at their Rooms, 142, Pitt-street, Sydney, until 12 o'clock noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th DECEMBER, instant. Applications to be addressed "TENDER FOR STEAMER BEE."

The highest or any Tender not necessarily accepted. Possession of the steamer will be given within three weeks from and after the above date.

Full particulars of the vessel and inventory of stores, working gear, &c., may be obtained on application at the Rooms of
RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
142, Pitt-street, Sydney.
December 1st.

TO MASONS.—TENDERS will be received up to the 8th, for the Stonework of the Wesleyan Church at Paddington. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of FOUR DWELLING-HOUSES in Castlereagh-street South.
The works may be tendered for as under:—
1st. Excavation, Drainage, Masonry, and Brickwork.
2nd. Carpenters and Joiners' Work and all Finishing Trades.
3rd. Or the whole in one sum.
Plans and Specifications may be seen on application to Messrs. MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects, of 165, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom tenders are to be delivered, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the erection and completion of FIRST-CLASS STORES AND OFFICES, in Spring-street, for Messrs. D. Cohen and Company.
The works may be tendered for as under:—
1st. Excavation, drainage, masonry, and brickwork.
2nd. Carpenters' and joiners' work, and all finishing trades.
3rd. Or the whole in one sum. Plans and specifications may be seen on application to Messrs. MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects, of 165, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before WEDNESDAY, 22nd instant.

Council of Education Office,
Sydney, 6th December, 1875.
TENDERS are invited for PRINTING for this Department for the year 1876. All necessary information may be obtained at this Office.
Tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Printing," will be received up to 11th December instant.
By order of the Council of Education.
W. WILKINS, Secretary.

FRESH TENDERS are invited for Fencing-in the site for the new Public School-buildings at Bathurst.
Plans and Specifications may be seen on application to Mr. W. C. GREVILLE, Hon. Secretary, Public School Board, at Bathurst; or at the Architect's Offices, 165, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom sealed tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Fencing Public School Site at Bathurst," must be addressed on or before THURSDAY, 30th instant. Security will be required for due performance of the work.
Forms of tender may be obtained from Mr. W. C. GREVILLE, Hon. Secretary Public School Board, at Bathurst; or at the Architect's Offices.
G. ALLEN MANSFIELD,
Architect to the Council of Education.
December 3.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the erection and completion of a PUBLIC SCHOOL and Teacher's RESIDENCE, at EMU; the walls to be of rubble masonry.
Plans and specifications may be seen on application at the Architect's Office, 165, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom sealed tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Public School Buildings, Emu," must be addressed on or before WEDNESDAY, 29th December, 1875.
Security will be required for the due performance of the works.
Forms of tender may be obtained at the Architect's Office.
G. ALLEN MANSFIELD, Architect to the Council of Education.
December 2, 1875.

TENDERS wanted for a 3-roomed house to build. Plan and specification at 75, Market-street.

TENDERS required for the erection of 2 brick Houses. Apply Kembla Office, Patent Slip Wharf, Sydney.

TO MASONS, BRICKLAYERS, and CARPENTERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection of a Shop at 203, Pitt-street; the work may be tendered for as follows:—1st. Excavation, masonry, and brickwork. 2nd. Carpenters and finishing trades. 3rd. Or the whole in one sum. Tenders received up to 15th instant. Plans and particulars at 611, George-street. G. BARR.

TENDERS wanted, for Plastering five houses; labour only; all ready. Shine, Albion-terrace, Mary-street.

TENDERS required for putting a 2-rail Fence around 2 acres of land. For particulars apply A. BAYLISS, EVENING NEWS Office.

TENDERS required for erection of 2 Houses in Riley-street. Mr. Pigott, 129, King-street.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.—Persons Tendering for Supplies to this Institution are informed that their Tenders will not be opened till MONDAY next, 13th instant.
H. W. RUSSELL, Secretary.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDERS bought and sold. BOWDEN, MILLS, and GORDON, 154, Pitt-st.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDERS for SALE.
JOHNSON, 183, Pitt-street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

AUSTRALIAN and Italian Marble, Slate, and Stone Work, Cement and Plaster. 342 and 344, Pitt-st.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Inimitable and painless dental operations.—Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL consults daily. N.B.—No connection with any other person. 20, Wynyard-square. 20.

A. COX, Silk and Woollen Dyer, Scourer, and Hot-presser, 55, William-street, Woolloomooloo, and 819, Railway Bridge. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and properly pressed. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

BATE, MUSTON, and CO., Auctioneers, Stock, Station, House, Land, and General Agents, 213, Pitt-street.

BOOT, Shoe, Saddle and Harness Manufacturers.—M'Coy, Brothers, 561, George-st., Brickfield-hill.

CORNS, Bunions, and Defective Nails cured by Mr. ALEXANDER, Surgeon-chiropodist, 410, George-st.

DR. LE GAY BRERETON, removed to Alfred House, Richmond-terrace, Domain. Night entrance, Macquarie-street. Consultations, 11 to 1.

ESTABLISHED 1842.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentist (diploma 1836). 178, Pitt-st., op. Punch's.

FIRE, Fire.—W. H. BEECH, Master Chimneysweep, 107, Phillip-street, 2 doors from Bent-street.

J. BERNASCONI, Picture Frame Maker, 409, Pitt-street, between Liverpool and Bathurst streets.

MR. L. HALKET, Surgeon, has commenced Practice at 26, Wynyard-square, Sydney.

MR. J. SPENCER, Dentist, 8, Wynyard-square.—Awarded the N. S. W. Exhibition Medals six years successively, for proficiency in Mechanical Dentistry. Also
THE LONDON
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION MEDAL for 1874.
Painless extraction by aid of NITROUS-OXIDE GAS.

SYDNEY CARPET-BEATING GROUNDS, Rushcutters' Bay. CHARLES ARTLETT, [illegible]

SPECTACLES.—Fine steel frames, with crystal lenses, 3s 6d and 6s 6d pair. Ellis, 22, Pitt-st., op. Farmer's.

W. T. YEOMANS, Importer Painters' Materials. Royal Blue House, 170, Pitt-street.

W. GARDINER AND CO., Importers and Warehousemen, 440, GEORGE-STREET, ADJOINING ROYAL HOTEL.

EDUCATIONAL.

A THOROUGH command of the PEN guaranteed; Book-keeping, Arithmetic, &c. Moore, 34, Park-st.

A LADY, having a comfortable home, would take the CHARGE and EDUCATION of two young children. Address M. C., Pope's Shop, Botany-street, Waterloo.

PHONETIC SHORTHAND.—A Class will be formed for teaching Pitman's system of shorthand, on MONDAY, 13th instant, at 7.30 p.m., in the Chippendale Wesleyan Schoolroom, Regent-street.

16, QUEEN-STREET, Chippendale.—The young man who called on Mr. YATES, Queen-street, as his nephew, 25th November, will oblige by calling again, or at 317, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by a young lady, Music PUPILS. Apply Mrs. J. Meillon, 160, Victoria-street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, an Italian Greyhound DOG. Reward at 60, William-street.

LOST, a small English TERRIER, black and tan. Liberal reward. Forbes Hotel, King and York sts.

LOST, six CHEQUES, drawn in favour of Mr. Coghlan; 10s reward. 156, Dowling-street, Wlmd.

LOST, a LOCKET, containing two likenesses. Reward given. J. F. KNIGHT, next York's, Botany Rd.

LOST, in Redfern 'bus (62), on Saturday, PORTRAITS; reward. Mrs. Richards, Albert-st., Redfern.

LOST, on Friday last, Brindle Kangaroo PUP. Reward on return to Mr. BILLYARD, Hunter-street.

LOST, on Monday, between the Windsor Tollgate, Parramatta, and the Railway Station, a PURSE containing money and a gold ring. Reward on return to C. E. FULLER, Parramatta.

LOST, on Sunday, between St. Paul's Church and Milford-terrace, Cleveland-street, a Gold NECKLACE and Locket attached, set with three turquoises, hair at back. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to Mr. WELLS, 3, Milford-terrace.

STRAYED on my premises bay MARE. Owner can have same by giving description and paying expenses. Apply Marrickville Hotel, Stanmore Road.

FOUND, greyhound SLUT; owner can have it by giving description, &c. A. Helmes, Albion S. Works.

FOUND, a Striped BLIND, with rings on. Inquire at Mrs. Padbury's, 95, Duke-street, Woolloomooloo.

5s REWARD.—LOST from my store, Paddington, a small BOOK, containing memorandums. John Steel.

10s REWARD.—LOST, from Birtley, Elizabeth Bay Road, a white Cockatoo. J. R. Street, Birtley.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST, on Monday, November 29th, a Brown RETRIEVER SLUT. Any person bringing her to 487, Kent-street, Sydney, will receive the above reward.

£1 REWARD.—LOST, by a poor man, about half-past 11 o'clock, 6th instant, a £5-NOTE of the Union Bank, on the steps or floor of the City Bank. Apply to Mr. WILLIAMS, HERALD Office.

£1 REWARD.—STRAYED, from Newtown, a White Poley COW, with spotted neck, branded DU over NN on hip, milking side. Apply J. Heighington, Newtown Inn.

TO LET.

ASHFIELD.—To be LET, Furnished COTTAGE, five rooms and kitchen, garden cropped, and good well of water, quarter mile from station. For address apply J. B. North, 139, Pitt-street.

BALMAIN.—HOUSE to LET, 10 rooms, close to ferry; water view. Statham and Co., Pitt-street.

BURWOOD.—To LET, for fortnight from 27th instant, furnished COTTAGE, in best position, five rooms, kitchen, and large garden. No children. Address X. Y. Z., Post-office, Burwood.

BURWOOD.—To LET, FONTLANDS, Parramatta Road, Burwood. The house contains 10 rooms, with kitchen, servants' rooms, &c. The grounds, consisting of 12 acres, are partly planted with ornamental and fruit trees. F. H. Hole, Collegiate School, Burwood.

FURNISHED COTTAGE to LET, large garden, paddocks; £1 1s. 1, Grimes-buildings, Argyle-st.

HOUSE to LET, 27, Bank-street, Chippendale, suitable for butcher or grocer. No. 3, Dale-st. 15s per week.

LARGE VILLA at Waverley, beautifully and healthfully situated, with all the requirements of a family; garden, paddock, coachhouse, stabling, &c. G. Smith, 162, King-street.

MANLY BEACH.—To LET, Furnished COTTAGE, 8 rooms. Apply Mr. Aurousseau, Manly.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, Edith Villa; waterside gentleman's residence. Bate, Muston, and Co., Pitt-st.

NO. 1 City View Cottages, Glebe Road; 5 rooms, hall, kitchen, bathroom, stables, garden, &c. Apply No. 2.

TO LET, HOUSE, 7 rooms, &c., Glebe Point; key at Austin's, Leichhardt-street, Glebe Point.

TO LET, No. 176, Victoria-street North; gas and water. Mr. Bauss, 61, Margaret-street.

TO LET, 90, Elizabeth-street, 12 rooms, &c.; oilcloth, matting, blinds, &c., at a valuation.

TO LET, a 6-roomed HOUSE, with kitchen, bath, and gas laid on. Macquarie-street, Albion Estate.

TO LET, a SHOP, in Castlereagh-street, near theatre; long lease; low rent. Joseph and Co., 115, King-st.

TO LET, roomy HOUSE, central, fit for boarding establishment; partly furnished. 410, George-street.

TO LET, 5-roomed HOUSE, 312, Bourke-street, Darlinghurst, near Burton-street.

TO LET, a 3-roomed COTTAGE, 8s week, Almastreet, Darlington, near the back of Cypress Hall.

TO LET, HOUSE, 183, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, 8 rooms, kitchen, cellar, water, gas. Next house.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, &c., Newtown Road, 12s week, oppo. University Grounds. Key next door.

TO LET, 6-roomed HOUSE, gas, bathroom, Gipps-street, near Elizabeth-street. Belmore Park Hotel.

TO LET, Family RESIDENCE, opposite Belmore Park. Apply M. Asher, Pitt and Park streets.

TO LET, HOUSE, 10, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, 5 rooms, kitchen. C. Kidman, 158, Oxford-street.

TO LET, comfortable small House, 11s; Sir R. Robinson-ter. Aspinall, 8, Rosester., nr. Pad. Brewery.

TO LET, ALBERT COTTAGE, Parramatta Road, Five Dock, five rooms, kitchen, pantry, stable, and coach-house, 4 acres land. Apply on premises.

TO LET, No. 31, Pyrmont-street, Pyrmont, COTTAGE and Grounds, lately occupied by William Shaw. Apply Cox and Co., Victoria Wharf.

TO LET, CHADDESDEN VILLA, South Head Road, Paddington, 10 rooms, kitchen, and out-house, commanding a splendid view both sides. T. Cowlishaw, 60, Pitt-street.

TO LET, detached COTTAGE, London-street, South Kingston, Hall, 6 rooms, &c., large yard. D. Elphinston, Derwent-street, Glebe; or Jolly and Lane, Newtown Railway Bridge.

TO LET, with immediate possession, that commodious Family RESIDENCE, No. 163, Macquarie-street North, now occupied by Mr. G. Oakes. Apply to James Lawson, cabinet warehouse, 219, George-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, in Pitt-street South, in first-class order, 9 rooms, kitchen, 2 cellars, coach-house and stable. Apply J. Watson, corner Market and Kent streets.

TO LET, EDGEBASTON COTTAGE, Missenden Road, opposite St. John's College, containing 6 rooms, kitchen, scullery, and store-room; large yard, garden, &c.; water laid on. Apply to F. Stewart, 3, Twickenham-terrace, Stanmore Road; or to Mr. Robins, 231, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WOOLLAHRA.—To LET, 8-roomed HOUSE, with gas, &c. Warren-terrace, Moncur-street.

WOOLLAHRA.—To LET, delightfully-situated Villa, 7 rooms, kitchen, &c. Bate, Muston, and Co.

OFFICE to LET, ground floor, opposite Union Bank. James Pringle, 137, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a Grocery BUSINESS; good corner, suitable for an hotel. [illegible] and Co., 145, King-street.

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GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 25th November, 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Mineral Selections, under the Crown Lands Occupation Act of 1861, have been abandoned by the Lessees.
JOHN LUCAS.

TUMUT AND ADELONG MINING DISTRICT.
No. 14438. Date of selection September 25, 1872; county Wallace, parish Gedzerick; 40 acres.

PEEL AND URALLA MINING DISTRICT.
No. 5627. Date of selection June 10, 1872; portion No. 68; county Hardinge, parish Darby; 20 acres. No. 5520 to 5534. Date of selection June 14, 1872; portions No. 50, 53, 58, 60, 161, 69, 162, 55, 56, 163, 164, 57 52, 51, 54; county Hardinge, parish Mayo; 20 acres each.

NEW ENGLAND AND CLARENCE MINING DISTRICT.
Nos. 6796 to 6808. Date of selection June 29, 1872; portions No. 313 to 324, and 422; county Clive, parish Binghi; 20 acres each.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 25th November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD-MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Leases have been finally cancelled, the Lessees having failed to execute and take delivery thereof when called upon to do so.
JOHN LUCAS.

TUMUT AND ADELONG MINING DISTRICT.
No. 71-34. Samuel Phillips and others; Adelong Goldfield; 10 acres.

MUDGEE MINING DISTRICT.
5298. John Scully and another; Red Hill, Gulgong; 1 rood 21 perches; local No. 186.

BATHURST AND TAMBAROORA AND TURON MINING DISTRICTS.
1356. C. J. Nichols and another; between the Turon and Macquarie Rivers; 9 acres 3 roods 13 perches.
1389. D. A. Penhall and others; between the Turon and Macquarie Rivers; 3 acres 2 roods 36½ perches.
1437. John Ashburne and others; on the Turon River, Bear Hill End; 4 acres 0 rood 28 perches.
1489. Thomas Lowery and others; Wattle Flat; 7 acres 1 rood 36 perches.
1526. Oliver Johnson and others; Wattle Flat; 9 acres 2 rood 15 perches.
1611. John Whelan and others; between Turon and Macquarie Rivers; 3 acres 3 roods 24 perches.
1823. Frederick Kellermann and others; Wattle Flat; 9 acres 3 roods 21 perches.
1824. Joseph Partridge and others; Wattle Flat; 4 acres 3 roods 4 perches.
1837. James Vickery and another; Wattle Flat; 4 acres 2 roods 30 perches.
1838. Joseph Partridge and others; Wattle Flat; 3 acres 3 roods 27 perches.
1875. E. S. Shermann and others; Wattle Flat; 20 acres.
1893. D. H. Stoneham and others; Wattle Flat; 8 acres.
1910. C. J. Nichols; Hill End; 2 acres 3 roods 25 perches.
1914. John Bologne and others; Wattle Flat; 9 acres 3 roods 10 perches.
1920. Edward Sanden and others; Wattle Flat; 4 acres.
1840. A. Hutchison and others; Wattle Flat; 3 acres 1 rood 7 perches.
1849. Henry Seale and another; Wattle Flat; 7 acres 1 rood 10 perches.
1950. Oliver Johnson and others; Wattle Flat; 5 acres.
1971. John Ahearn and others; Wattle Flat; 5 acres.
2087. Isidore M. Rosenthal and others; Oakey Creek; 1 rood 31 perches, local No. 38.
2095. Henry A. Richardson and others; Bear Gully, Hill End; 2 acres 2 roods 22½ perches; local No. 305.
2096. George Cable and others; Oakey Creek; 3 acres 0 rood 5 perches; local No. 266.
2147. Denis Teefy and others; on the Turon River; 9 acres 1 rood 30 perches; local No. 301.
2235. D. Baillie; Chambers' Creek; 10 acres 2 roods 34 perches.
2262. J. B. Stewart and others; between Bald Hill and Red Hill; 8 acres 1 rood; local No. 160.
2263. J. Ascroft; Hawkins' Hill, Hill End; 2 roods 19 perches; local No. 341.
2264. Robert Muir and others; north of the Bald Hill, near Hill End; 2 acres 2 roods 36 perches; local No. 342.
2266. John Sturt and others; Washing Gully; 2 acres 2 roods 24 perches; local No. 361.
2267. James Mulvena and others; Little Hawkins' Hill, Broken Back; 2 acres 2 roods 33 perches; local No. 406.
2268. J. Scott and another; the Independent Reef; 2 acres 0 rood 22 perches; local No. 412.
2272. Mathias T. Tuohill and others; Stockyard Reef, west of Washing Gully; 4 acres; local No. 439.
2278. James Geary and others; at the head of Golden Gully, Hill End; 4 acres 2 roods 24 perches; local No. 462.
2279. William Murray and others; between Turon and Macquarie Rivers; 4 acres 1 rood 16 perches; local No. 467.
2283. John Byrne and others; between Red Hill and the Bald Hill, Hill End; 6 acres; local No. 493.
2286. Patrick Curley; south side of the Turon River; 4 acres 0 rood 28 perches; local No. 502.
2322. W. Davis and others; Clear Creek; 5 acres.
2374. T. Kelly and another; Specimen Hill, Wattle Flat; 6 acres 0 rood 3 perches; local No. 80.
2417. G. Pile and others; about quarter of a mile west of Golden Gully, Hill End; 6 acres; local No. 226.
2418. A. Fairfax and others; Hawkins' Hill, Hill End; 2 roods 5 perches; local No. 313.
2419. F. Lord and others; about quarter of a mile west of Golden Gully, Hill End; 10 acres; local No. 332.
2592. D. Donnelly and others; Clear Creek; 5 acres.
2725. J. A. Brett and others; Wattle Flat; 10 acres; local No. 118.
2734. Samuel Standen and others; Monk's Hill; 10 acres; local No. 135.
2735. Samuel Standen and others; Monk's Hill; 9 acres 3 roods 28 perches; local No. 136.
2740. A. Grosberne and others; Monk's Hill; 5 acres; local No. 147.
2745. J. S. Gordon and another; the Box Ridge; 5 acres; local No. 164.
2755. James Whiteman and others; Wattle Flat; 3 acres 3 roods 1 perch; local No. 177.
2764. Patrick Finn and others; Hartley; 5 acres.
2796. James A. Lawrenson and others; Monk's Hill; 10 acres; local No. 182.
2812. Stephen Allerton; Wattle Flat; 5 acres 2 roods 37 perches; local No. 208.
3026. Patrick Finn and others; Hartley; 10 acres.
3197. James Beaumont and another; Wattle Flat; 1 acre 1 rood 3 perches; local No. 225.
3252. Patrick Finn and others; Hartley; 3 acres 1 rood 5 perches.
3490. Thomas Drynan and another; Monk's Hill; 10 acres; local No. 298.
3494. William Corneille; Monk's Hill; 5 acres; local No. 302.
3496. John Lloyd and another; Monk's Hill; 6 acres; local No. 307.
3501. Thomas Temple; Monk's Hill; 4 acres; local No. 333.
3587. James Butters and another; Monk's Hill; 5 acres 0 rood 37 perches; local No. 358.
3591. Michael Manning; Monk's Hill; 2 acres; local No. 369.
3594. Joseph Walford and others; Monk's Hill; 6 acres; local No. 379.
3601. Thomas Maher and others; Triper's Creek, Lower Turon; 7 acres 2 roods 37 perches; local No. 305.
3612. H. J. Ray and others; Wattle Flat; 1 acre 1 rood 22 perches; local No. 310.
3636. Arthur Leslie and others; Monk's Hill; 6 acres; local No. 347.
3638. William Henry Randall and others; Monk's Hill; 6 acres; local No. 367.
3639. Ernest Reimer and another; Monk's Hill; 4 acres; local No. 370.
3640. Henry Healey; Monk's Hill; 4 acres; local No. 372.
3859. James Pinkerton and others; Wattle Flat; 4 acres; local No. 413.
3865. J. W. Lawrence and others; Wattle Flat; 2 roods 19 perches; local No. 344.
3870. William Eyre and others; near Piper's Creek; 7 acres 2 roods 24 perches; local No. 383.
3940. Thomas Field and another; Ophir; 5 acres; local No. 85.
3941. Thomas Field and another; Ophir; 5 acres; local No. 86.
4010. Thomas Field and another; Murray's Hill, Ophir; 6 acres; local No. 88.
4029. Joseph C. Ross and another; Wattle Flat; 2 acres 2 roods 26 perches; local No. 441.
5037. James Kay and others; West of Oakey Creek, Hill End; 3 acres 1 rood 12 perches; local No. 1054.
5072. Joshua Vickery; Specimen Gully, Hill End; 1 acre 2 roods 22 perches; local No. 1061.
5207. J. Smith, Warratra, near Windeyer; 4 acres; local No. 496.
5259. W. L. Flower and others; Dog Trap Gully, Tambaroora; 7 acres 3 roods 26 perches; local No. 1079.
5287. John Howland and others; Golden Gully, Hill End; 7 acres 2 roods 24 perches; local No. 1080.
5427. Thomas Cordroy and others; Two-mile Creek; 3 acres; local No. 556.
5428. Henry Keefe and others; Two-mile Creek; 4 acres; local No. 557.
5433. Washington W. Brown; Three-mile Reef, near Oberon; 5 acres.
5438. Edwin Henry Taylor and others; Three-mile Reef, near Oberon; 6 acres.
5439. Daniel O'Lehane Creed and others; near Oberon; 4 acres.
5440. James Lambert and others; Three-mile Reef, near Oberon; 4 acres.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 27th November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Gold Mining Leases have been finally cancelled, the lessees having failed to execute and take delivery thereof when called upon to do so.
JOHN LUCAS.

TUMUT AND ADELONG MINING DISTRICT.
No. 2, Lewis Casperson and others; at Fitzgerald Reef; 4 [illegible]; local No. 74-77.

MUDGEE MINING DISTRICT.
No. 5663. W. K. Lockhead and others, Eaglehawk; 10 acres; local No. 524.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 27th November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the promise to grant the undermentioned Gold Mining Leases has been revoked.
JOHN LUCAS.

No. 72-278. Henry Bartholomew and others; Boggy Creek, Tumbarumba; 1000 yards.
No. 72-318. A. Brown and others; Boggy Creek, Tumbarumba; 1000 yards.
No. 72-325. Edward York and others; Tumbarumba Creek; 1000 yards.
No. 2084. Robert Ditchburn; Hawkins Hill, Hill End; 1 acre.
No. 72-142. Joseph Mandelson; Sandy Creek; 500 yards.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 25th November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR GOLD MINING LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned leases have been forwarded to the Wardens of the districts named, for delivery to the lessees, and unless the lessees pay the arrears of rent, if any, and take the delivery thereof forthwith, they will be returned to this department for cancellation.

Lessees who desire to appoint an attorney to execute and take delivery of their lease can obtain a form of power of attorney on application at the Warden's or any Mining Registrar's Office, or at this department.

If it be so desired, leases can be forwarded for execution and delivered to the clerk of any Warden's Court within the district, or to the department in Sydney.
JOHN LUCAS.

LACHLAN MINING DISTRICT.
No. 1513. Stephen Johnson and others; on the Old Caledonian Reef; 2 acres.
1965. Matthew Walker and others; on the Old Caledonian Reef; 5 acres 1 rood 16 perches.
3299. Thomas W. Kelly and others; on the west side of No. 1 West Caledonian Reef; 6 acres; local No., 52.
3301. James Sharp and others; Cadina Creek; 7 acres 3 roods 29½ perches; local No., 54.
3689. W. D. Beer and others; Caledonian Hill; 4 acres; local No., 61.
3703. A. S. George and others; Caledonian Hill; 4 acres; local No., 76.
3704. Mar[illegible] Cullen and others; Caledonian Hill; 3 acres 1 rood 16 perches; local No., 77.
5044. John Jones and others; near Currajong; 3 acres 3 roods 34 perches; local No., 216-144.
5045. John Jarrerd and others; near Currajong; 3 acres 3 roods, 34 perches; local No., 217-145.

TAMBAROORA AND TURON MINING DISTRICT.
1502. Alexander Adams and another; Oakey Creek; 1 acre 1 rood 3 perches.
2118. B. Austin and others; Ironbarks, Perseverance Reef; 8 acres; local No., 24.
5050. Edward Sandon and another; Big Oakey Creek; 1 acre 1 rood 11 perches; local No., 596.
5407. A. P. Wood and another; Specimen Gully, Hill End; 1 acre 2 roods 37 perches; local No., 1091.

PEEL AND URALLA MINING DISTRICT.
875. John M'Crossin and others; near Gostwyck, Native Dog Creek; 4 acres.

NEW ENGLAND AND CLARENCE MINING DISTRICT.
878. Donald M'Auley and another; Lunatic, Lunatic Reef; 6 acres.
879. Joseph Hooton and others; Lunatic, Caledonian Reef; 8 acres.
882. Charles Abbott and others; Solferino Gold-field, being No. 2 South, on the Santa Maria line of reef; 10 acres.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 27th November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR MINERAL LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Mineral Leases are now ready for delivery to the Lessees, and unless the Lessees take the delivery of their respective leases forthwith they will be cancelled.

Lessees who desire to appoint an attorney to execute and take delivery of their Lease can obtain a form of power of attorney on application at the Warden's or any Mining Registrar's office, or at this Department.

It it be so desired, Leases can be forwarded for execution and delivery to the Clerk of any Warden's Court within the district, or to the Department in Sydney.
JOHN LUCAS.

No. 903. Thomas Woodcock; date of selection, February 3, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 31; county Hardinge, parish Swinton.
No. 904. Thomas Woodcock; date of selection, February 3, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 37; county Hardinge, parish Swinton.
No. 1656. Adrian Wentworth Bucknell; date of selection, March 27, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 2; county Gough, parish Marowan.
No. 1657. Adrian Wentworth Bucknell; date of selection, March 27, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 3; county Gough, parish Marowan.
No. 1454. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872; 30 acres; portion No. 12; county Gough, parish Blair Hill.
No. 1455. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872; 20 acres, portion No. 153; county Gough, parish Stonehenge.
No. 1456. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 152; county Gough, parish Stonehenge.
No. 1457. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 16; county Gough, parish Blair Hill.
No. 1458. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872, 20 acres; portion No. 15; county Gough, parish Blair Hill.
No. 1459. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 14; county Gough, parish Blair Hill.
No. 1460. Julian Penson; date of selection, March 19, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 13; county Gough, parish Blair Hill.
No. 14347. Cornelius Potts; date of selection, September 23, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 24; county Gough, parish Muir.
No. 14314. Robert Craig and John Paul; date of selection, September 10, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 19; county Gough, parish Muir.
No. 14315. Robert Craig and John Paul; date of selection, September 10, 1872; 20 acres; portion No. 20; county Gough, parish Muir.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 25th November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR MINERAL LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Mineral Leases are now ready for delivery to the Lessees, and unless the Lessees take the delivery of their respective leases forthwith they will be cancelled.

Lessees who desire to appoint an attorney to execute and take delivery of their Lease can obtain a form of power of attorney on application at the Warden's or any Mining Registrar's Office, or at this Department.

If it be so desired, Leases can be forwarded for execution and delivery to the Clerk of any Warden's Court within the district, or to the Department in Sydney.
JOHN LUCAS.

No. 18203. William Cosgrove; date of selection, August 9, 1873; 40 acres; portion No. 88; county Camden, parish Nundialla.
No. 18204. William Cosgrove; date of selection, August 9, 1873; 40 acres; portion No. 92; county Camden, parish Nundialla.
No. 18208. John Hourigan; date of selection, August 13, 1873; 40 acres; portion No. 72; county Camden, parish Belanglo.
No. 18209. John Hourigan; date of selection, August 13, 1873; 40 acres; portion No. 73; county Camden, parish Belanglo.
No. 18233. William Cosgrove; date of selection, August 30, 1873; 40 acres; portion No. 93; county Camden, parish Nundialla.
No. 18234. William Cosgrove; date of selection, August 30, 1873; 40 acres; portion No. 94; county Camden, parish Nundialla.
18237 to 18245. John Hourigan; date of selection, September 2, 1873; 40 acres each; portions No. 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 82, 83; county Camden, parish Belanglo.
18249 to 18258. John Hourigan; date of selection, September 3, 1873; 40 acres each; portions No. 84, 85, 86, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 95; county Camden, parishes Belanglo and Nundialla.

Department of Mines, Sydney, 22nd November, 1875.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR MINERAL LEASES.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Mineral Lease has been returned to this Department, the Lessee having failed to execute and take delivery thereof; and it is further notified that, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, it will be finally cancelled.
JOHN LUCAS.

CHURCH AND SCHOOL LANDS.
No. 1. H. B. Thomas; county of Bathurst, parish of Apsley; 40 acres; local No., 13.

Police Department, Inspector-General's Office, Sydney, 6th December, 1875.

POLICE NOTICE.—In accordance with the Regulations made by the Transit Commissioners, and under the authority of the 11th section of the 17th Vic., No. 31, the following regulations for the preservation of order and prevention of obstructions in the traffic in the neighbourhood of the Theatre Royal will be enforced by the police, and are notified for general information.

All vehicles setting down at the Castlereagh-street entrance to have horses' heads to the north.

Vehicles taking up to have horses' heads to the south.

Private carriages and engaged vehicles to stand on the west side of Castlereagh-street, north of the theatre, horses' heads to the south, leaving due space for carriages drawing up.

Stand appointed for cabs on the east side of Castlereagh-street—horses' heads south.

Vehicles not to be moved from their position until they have either taken up the passengers or have been called to the entrance, when, if passengers not ready, the vehicle must at once move on to make way for others.

Omnibuses plying to places east of Elizabeth-street, on the appointed stand on the east side of Castlereagh-street, near St. James's School—horses' heads south.

Omnibuses plying to places west of Elizabeth-street, on appointed stand in King-street, south side—horses' heads west.

No omnibus to be moved from its position until full complement of passengers taken up, unless ready to start.

EDMUND FOSBERY, Inspector-General of Police.

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
Established 1849.
FOR LIFE ASSURANCE ON THE MUTUAL PRINCIPLE.
Head Office, 98, Pitt-street, Sydney.

DIRECTORS:
The Hon. John Smith, M.L.C., Chairman.
The Hon. John Fairfax, M.L.C., Deputy-Chairman.
George R. Dibbs, Esq., M.P. Isaac Ellis Ives, Esq.
The Hon. Saul Samuel, C.M.G., M.L.C.
Robert J. King, Esq.

ACTUARY: M. A. Black, Esq., F.I.A. CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER: Sprott Boyd, Esq., M.D.
Annual Revenue ... £370,000
Accumulated Fund ... £1,501,000

The attention of assurers is invited to the important advantages afforded by the new regulations of the society.
PROFITS ARE DIVIDED EVERY FIVE YEARS.
Prospectuses, forms of proposal, and every information, may be had upon a written or personal application to the Secretary, at the Head Office, Sydney, or any of the Society's Agents throughout the colony.
By order of the Board
ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.
May 10, 1875.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Chief Office—Liverpool.
Fire Insurances effected at lowest current rates of premium. Claims promptly settled in the colony.
MACKENZIE, GODDARD, and CO., Agents. Exchange, Sydney.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WOOL.
A. BINCHCLIFF CONTINUES TO NEGOTIATE THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF WOOL, &c., ON COMMISSION.
Liberal advances made thereon.
To such of his constituents as may desire to avail themselves of the London market, he is enabled to offer the advantage of entrusting their consignments to the careful protection of the well-known firm of Edwin Holt, Esq., Leeds.
GREASY WOOL SCOURED upon the most improved principles.
Wool repacked and classed.
Address—Wool Stores, Circular Quay; or Waterloo Mills, Sydney.

DR. ASHWORTH, of Bombala, returns his most heartfelt thanks to the MEDICAL PROFESSION of SYDNEY, and those other GENTLEMEN who so kindly exerted themselves to relieve him from the painful position in which he was lately placed by the action of some of the Bombala Bench of Magistrates.

GILCHRIST AND WESTON PROPERTY AUCTIONEERS, AND ESTATE AGENTS, Sale Rooms, 5, Spring-street, undertake the disposal of Real Property and Estate by public or private Sale, negotiation of loans on mortgage, collection of rentals and general agency of House Property.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
IN INSOLVENCY.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—ACCOUNTS with Plans of Distribution in the undermentioned Estates, showing Dividends as specified, are now filed in the Office of Insolvency, King-street, Sydney, for inspection of all persons interested; and notice is hereby given that such accounts and plans will be submitted to the Court for confirmation on THURSDAY, the sixteenth (16) day of December, if not previously objected to.
Dated Sydney, 2nd November, 1875.
GEORGE TORY, of Nowra (No. 12328), second dividend of one farthing per £ on proved concurrent debts, and equalising dividend of 3s. 0 1-16d. on two proved concurrent debts.
JOSEPH REYNOLDS, of Goulburn (No. 12464), 3s 7 5-8d. per £ on proved concurrent debts.
ALFRED SANDEMAN, Official Assignee, 132, Pitt-street.

No. 75-79. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 6th December, 1875.
TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY, NEWTOWN.—NOTICE is hereby given that, daily between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m., WATER CAN BE OBTAINED from the Stand Pipe in Newtown Road, opposite Myrtle-street, at ONE SHILLING per load.
T. A. BUTTERFIELD, Town Clerk pro tem.

No. 75-82. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 6th December, 1875.
ASSESSMENT APPEALS.—NOTICES of appeal against the City and Water Assessments must be lodged with the undersigned on or before THURSDAY, the 9th instant.
T. A. BUTTERFIELD, Town Clerk pro tem.

NOTICE to CLERGYMEN and others.—Not to marry my Son, RICHARD HODGSON, as he is under age. RICHARD HODGSON, Senr, Glebe, December 6th, 1875.

JACKSON and PEEK, Auctioneers, Estate and Commission Agents. Office, 1, Hunter-street.
Properties disposed of by public or private sale, loans on mortgage negotiated, rents collected, out-door sales of real property, &c., &c., conducted.

MORT'S WOOL WAREHOUSES and PRODUCE STORES, CIRCULAR QUAY, SYDNEY.
MORT and CO. beg to intimate to WOOL GROWERS and others interested that they have complete arrangements for dealing with the ENSUING CLIP, whether intended for SALE IN THIS MARKET OR FOR SHIPMENT to their Agents in London, where consignments will have the benefit of special supervision by one of the partners of the Sydney House resident in London for that purpose.
LIBERAL ADVANCES will be made under LIEN on the coming CLIP, as also on all Wool or other Produce consigned to them.
The SALE of STATIONS, FAT and STORE STOCK, and all business connected with a SQUATTER'S AGENCY shall also have prompt attention.
MORT AND CO., Woolbrokers, Stock and Station Agents, Circular Quay, Sydney.

CITY IRON WORKS COMPANY, Pyrmont.—Bar, Rod, and Angle Iron, Colliery Rails, 22 lbs per yard. Rabble Heads, and Screen Bars, from £18 per ton. Circular prices on application. Highest prices given for Scrap Iron.
THOMAS M. BROWN, Manager.

IN the Assigned Estate of WILLIAM COCKS, Bootmaker, 369, George-street, Sydney.—All persons having claims against this estate are requested to forward detailed particulars of the same, under cover, addressed to the Trustees, at No. 10, Barrack-street, Sydney.
JAMES VICKERY, R. W. WEBB, } Trustees.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA.
The time for the RECEPTION of articles for Exhibition has been EXTENDED by the Commissioners for New South Wales, to FRIDAY, the 31st December, 1875. It is requested that intending exhibitors will deliver their goods on or before that date, at the Commissioners' Stores, Custom House-buildings, Macquarie-place.
CHARLES ROBINSON, Secretary.

NO. 2 STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.—A BALLOT for the advance of £300, THIS EVENING, at 9.
THOMAS MILLER, Secretary.

PETERSHAM PENNY BANK.—In consequence of the establishment of a Government Savings' Bank at the Petersham Post Office, the Petersham Penny Bank will be CLOSED. Depositors wishing to draw their money are requested to give notice to that effect forthwith. All accounts not closed before February 1st, 1876, will be transferred to the Government Savings' Bank after Saturday, the 18th instant. The office of the Penny Bank will be closed until SATURDAY January 15th, 1876.
December 6th, 1875. H. A. PALMER.

IF REUBEN BARTON or his friends do not communicate with PHŒBE BARTON, his wife, she intends to marry again.
PHŒBE BARTON, General Post Office.

FURNITURE ETC.

THE SEWING-MACHINE OF THE DAY
THE HOME SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINE LOCKSTITCH. REGISTERED.
The LARGEST SALE of any in AUSTRALIA.
GUARANTEED FOR FIVE YEARS.
6000 PURCHASERS declare it is the SIMPLEST, MOST CERTAIN, RELIABLE, and DURABLE machine procurable, and with recent improvements it is A TRIUMPH OF MECHANICAL GENIUS.
No. 1. Hand Machine, complete £4 10 0
No. 2. Treadle Machine, complete, with elegant table, drawer, and dress-guard .. 6 10 0
No. 3. Same as above, with cover, lock, and key 7 15 0
These machines and tables are guaranteed all of American manufacture, and equal to any high-priced ones, or the cost will be refunded.
Every GENUINE machine has OUR NAME stamped on the steel plate.
Illustrations, specimens, and tuition free of charge.
Sole Agents for the HOME Shuttle Machine,
M. MOSS and CO., 9 to 13, Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

WANTED to hire Chain-stitch Hand SEWING-MACHINE. 135, Macleay-street, Darlinghurst.

THE LITTLE WANZER SEWING-MACHINE
1. At the SYDNEY GREAT EXHIBITION the only prize was AWARDED TO THE LITTLE WANZER by two of the most experienced engineers in Sydney.
2. At the VIENNA EXHIBITION the LITTLE WANZER was the ONLY HAND AND TREADLE MACHINE considered by the judges to be worthy of a prize.
3. It is USED IN BRITISH PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
TO PURCHASERS.
It is easy for a vendor to vaunt his machines whilst quite unable to produce such evidence of superiority as is given above.
AS A GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS the Manufacturers place OUR NAME ON THE FACE-PLATE of each Machine.
WANZER "D," for CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS and general use, with large arm and table, noiseless, easy treadle, and separate pulley for filling bobbins, saving half wear and tear. Price, £11. At the Exhibition at Brentford, Canada, in October, 1874, the "D" took first prize over Singer's No. 2, and Wheeler and Wilson's No. 6, for manufacturing work. The following is an extract from a letter received from Mr. W. Leslie, clothing manufacturer, Bombala:—
"I am much pleased with the Wanzer 'D' machine. It is extremely simple, and I consider it first-class—the best I have seen."
WANZER "E," similar to the "D," but with wheel feed, for LEATHER WORK and Clothing Manufacturers. Price, £11 11s.
"Perfect in mechanism."—Wanzer Co., November 26, 1874.
SEWING-MACHINE ATTACHMENTS.
For SALE, a few boxes of Bishop's cluster sewing-machine Attachments, at 15s the box complete. Each box contains bias guide binder, adjustable ruffler, new French trimmer, scallop binder, folding tucker, self-guiding wide hemmer, &c. All these Attachments are of the most elegant patterns, and possess the latest improvements.
Sole Agents: GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., Letterpress and Lithographic Printers, and Account Book Makers, 108, Pitt-street, Sydney.

COUNTERFEIT SEWING-MACHINES.—It being necessary to protect the public against IMPOSITION and MISREPRESENTATION we hereby notify that we are the SOLE AGENTS in NEW SOUTH WALES for the following genuine Sewing-machines:—
The "SINGER." G. J. WELLS, 1, Hunter-street.
The "WHEELER AND WILSON." GORDON and GOTCH, 353, George-street.
The "LITTLE WANZER." GIBBS, SHALLARD, and CO., 108, Pitt-street.
The "HOME SHUTTLE." M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane.
Genuine machines are procurable at our respective addresses, and we solicit additional evidence from parties who have been induced to purchase imitations.

COUNTERFEIT SEWING MACHINES.
It being necessary to guard the public against MONOPOLY as well as imposition, we, the undersigned, beg to notify that we IMPORT DIRECT the following GENUINE Machines, viz.:—
THE GENUINE HOWE
THE GENUINE SINGER
THE GENUINE HOME SHUTTLE
THE GENUINE LITTLE WANZER.
With regard to MONOPOLY, the public are INDEBTED to us for the present REDUCTION in Sewing Machines; also, being SOLE PROMOTERS OF THE TIME-PAYMENT SYSTEM.
TO PARTIES INTERESTED.
Letters and Invoices from the Manufacturers can be shown, urging us to push the sale of their machines. The cause of MONOPOLY is a very NARROW and SELFISH CAUSE, and it is to be hoped that its prevalence will cease as the public become enlightened with the above facts.
ALL GENUINE MACHINES bear the manufacturer's TRADE MARK, and may be purchased from us from 2s. 6d. per week. Instruction free.
GUARANTEED NEW AND GENUINE.
TURNER and WOOD, 349, George-street.

THE NEW IMPROVED GENUINE WHEELER and WILSON'S are the only SEWING-MACHINES warranted to give satisfaction, and the only SEWING-MACHINES KEPT IN ORDER FREE OF CHARGE FOR THREE YEARS. Over One Million in use. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
Purchasers of Sewing-machines are respectfully requested not to be misled by loud puffing advertisements, but to examine the merits of the GENUINE WHEELER and WILSON and judge for themselves.
Time payments arranged upon the most liberal scale.
GORDON and GOTCH, 353, George-street, General Agents for N. S. W. and Queensland.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
The Overwhelming Success of the "SINGER and CO." Unrivalled, "New Improved" Lock-stitch SEWING MACHINE—for every class of work—Family or Manufacturing, has now made it the most acceptable Present for all classes of society, at the coming festive season,
FOR THESE REASONS:—They are
THE BEST—Doing their own work, and no need of help.
THE BEST—For the Dressmaker, Shirt, Corset, Collar, Hat, Umbrella, Boot, and Coach Trimming in all its branches; and all classes of Tailoring.
ITS POPULARITY—being universally known all over the world.
The largest circulation of any maker.
The largest sales by 148,852 machines; or, in other words, that they are more than DOUBLE THE SALES OF ANY COMPETITOR!
But the most remarkable fact in connection with Singer's Machine is that, since 1872, in the face of all competition, the sale of the "Singer and Co." shows a CONTINUAL INCREASE.
All operations connected with its use, such as threading, adjusting the tension, changing the work, altering the stitch, &c., are so easily comprehended that any one can acquire a perfect knowledge of the machine in a few hours.
SALES LAST YEAR, 241,679.
REDUCED CASH PRICE, £8 10s.
BEWARE OF BASE COUNTERFEITS.
Our TIME-PAYMENT system is now considerably reduced, to 2s 6d (two shillings and sixpence per week).
Note the address—
G. J. WELLS, (Late Stanford and Co.)
N.B.—Singer and Co.'s Sole Agency for N. S. Wales, No. 1, Hunter-street, Sydney.

THE DOMESTIC SEWING-MACHINES.—The Agents for these beautiful Machines are now ready to offer them to the public, and intending purchasers are respectfully invited to inspect them. They are simplicity and perfection combined, and render every description of sewing a pleasant exercise of skill and taste. Sole Agents for Australia and New Zealand, BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., 50, Clarence-street.

WHY NOT.
SINCE THERE IS NO RISK OR OBLIGATION of any kind in accepting a TRIAL of the BEST SEWING-MACHINE for HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES ever made—
And as you are not asked to buy before you try—ORDER AT ONCE
The WILLCOX and GIBBS' SILENT SEWING-MACHINE, £7 10s complete.
S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, near Royal Hotel.

WANTED to SELL, to the trade, country buyers, and parties furnishing, 50 cases IRON BEDSTEADS, just landed.
Single bedsteads, 27s 6d each
Double ditto, 30s each
Palliasses and mattresses to fit
Bedding of every description equally cheap.
Hardy, Brothers, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar,

WANTED to SELL, to country buyers and parties furnishing, Drawing-room SUITES, £17 10s. Tables to match equally cheap.
Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED to buy 3 or 4 good second-hand MANGLES. Highest price given by Hardy, Brothers, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar, 9 to 17, Oxford-street.

WANTED to SELL, to country buyers and parties furnishing, new and second-hand FURNITURE of every description, 25 per cent. cheaper than any other house. Largest stock in the colony to select from.
Hardy, Brothers, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar.
9 to 17, Oxford-street.

WANTED to SELL, Good second-hand Walnut Cottage PIANOFORTES, £16 10s, £20, and upwards, by Collard, Broadwood, and other eminent makers.
Hardy Brothers, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar, 9 to 17, Oxford-street.

WANTED to SELL, Dining-room SUITES, in great variety; low prices.
Hardy, Brothers.

WANTED to SELL a small shipment of Chinese Verandah or Balcony Sun BLINDS, green, sizes
8 x 8
9 x 8
10 x 8,
highly suitable for the approaching season; also Bamboo Lounging CHAIRS.
Hardy, Brothers, Hyde Park Furnishing Bazaar, Oxford-street.

WANTED to BUY Household FURNITURE of all kinds, from £5 to £1000. To parties wishing to avoid the publicity of an auction sale, the undersigned are prepared to treat on liberal terms.
Hardy, Brothers, Hyde Park Furniture Bazaar.

PERSONS who have cash to lay out in FURNITURE will do well to inspect the great variety of Bargains at 784, George-street.
Gilt-framed chimney glasses, £2 2s, £2 17s 6d
Telescope dining table, £4 10s; worth £6
Handsome double washstand and set, 60s
Verandah couches, 27s 6d; worth £2 2s
Towel rail, washstand, and set, 25s
Meat safes, 15s; No. 4 Douglas pump, 21s
Hat and umbrella stand, 37s 6d, bargain
Fine China matting, 30s per roll, 40 yards
Octagon library table, 4 large drawers, £4 15s
Massive crystal-cut biscuit box, 17s 6d
Elegant engraved flower centres, 17s 6d
A lot of handsome jelly moulds, copper, &c.
Soup and jelly strainer, with granite receiver, £2 2s
Fine oak library chair, leather covered, £5
Pair of marble urns, A. F., 12s 6d
Tapestry carpet, 18 x 8, £4 10s, quite new
Neat pattern real Brussels, over 12 x 9, 80s
One cow churn, prints and pats, 15s lot.
Cedar dining table, in sections for any length up to 32 feet, or may be used as 7 separate tables, £8 8s, worth £11
Dining-room suite, leather, spring seats, couch, 6 chairs, easy chair, and 2 roll-back chairs, only £24 10s the lot, very cheap
Walnut pianoforte, a bargain, £20
Carpet pattern floorcloths, 6 feet wide
Fancy China matting, 4-4 and 6-4 widths
Very nice second-hand drawing-room suite, covered silk and hair-stuffed, £17 10s
9-guinea pier-glass, second-hand, £6
Second-hand pier-glass, 44 x 34, £4 10s
A pair of beautifully made insect cases, 40 x 25, filled with butterflies, plate-glass fronts, £5 10s
Double four-post iron bedstead, with palliasse, mattress, bolster, and 2 pillows, £4 7s
Four-post iron bedstead, flower tubular, with bedding, £4 15s 6d
Silverplated teapots, 10s 6d; lamps, 2s
Walnut occasional tables, 10s 6d
Nice chiffoniere bookcase, £6 5s
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Ship Chandlery Stores, 39 and 41, Wharf-street; Ironmongery Stores, Clarence and Market streets.

MUNTZ METAL ROD in all sizes: 3-8, ½, ⅝, ¾, 1, and 1 inch, at lowest wholesale rates.
BUZACOTT and ARMSTRONG, Importers, Sydney.

BEST NAVY OAKUM, now landing ex Duntrune and Erato.
Stockholm Pitch and Tar
Muntz, Metal, Nails, ⅞, 1, 1¼, and 1½ inch
Galvanized and Black Deck Head Spikes, 2 to 8 inch.
BUZACOTT and ARMSTRONG.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY RESIDENCES.—For SALE, within five minutes' walk of Belmore Park, 2 well-built very convenient and comfortable brick HOUSES, each verandah, balcony, hall, 6 rooms, wash-house, &c., in good repair; price, £1100, or may be sold separately at £560 each. Terms, half cash, balance 6 per cent. Shorter, 174, Pitt-st.

PURCHASER wants a COTTAGE and GROUNDS; about £550; situated on a 'bus line east of Sydney preferred. Apply to W. DOUGLASS, 434, George-street.

POINTER DOGS.—For SALE, a brace of excellent and well-bred DOG PUPS, three months old; pedigree not to be beaten. Apply PALMER, Taxidermist, Hunter-street.

SPECTACLES, 1s; Brazilian Pebbles made to order. Mr. Solomon, qualified optician, 689, George-st. South.

CANVAS WRAPPERS for SALE per dozen. Apply at the HERALD Office.

WANTED known, the Natural Cure for any kind of bad health, the Electric Baths. 39, Market-st.

PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT—DARWIN'S THEORY.—A striking illustration of this theory can now be seen (free of charge) at ANDERSON and KEARNEY'S Perambulator Factory, Parramatta-street. Last month some Sheep (imported by Messrs. Hoffnung and Co.) were driven into the Factory Yard; since then they have lost all their wool, their skins have become spotted, goats' horns, beard, and tail are developed in the most remarkable manner; so striking is the change that a dog was about to attack nanny and her kid, believing them to be intruders.
Any one doubting these statements can convince themselves by calling at the Perambulator Factory.
P.S.—Invalids Chairs of all kinds for SALE.

THE PLAGUE OF FLIES.—The Rev. George Meares Drought writes to us from Ireland:—"For three years I have lived in a town, and during that time my sitting-room has been free from flies—three or four walking about my breakfast table, while all my neighbours' rooms were crowded. I often congratulated myself on my escape, but never knew the reason of it until two days ago. I then had occasion to move my things to another house, I remaining on for two days longer. Among other things moved were two boxes of geraniums and calceolarias, which always stood in my windows, the windows being always open to the full extent, top and bottom. The boxes were not gone half an hour before my room was as full of flies as all those around me, and I am now writing at my breakfast table with twelve dead bodies in the slop basin, and everything on the table crowding with fresh arrivals. This, to me, is a new discovery, and perhaps it may serve to encourage others in that which is always a source of pleasure, and now proves also to be a source of comfort—window gardening."

Boots and Shoes, selected for the holiday trade; also, elastics, grindery, &c., at 11 o'clock. Charles Moore and Co. desire to call the attention of the boot trade to their unreserved sale of a nicely assorted parcel of the above-named goods, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, This Day, at 11.—Advt.

MARRIVILLA COCOA.—Taylor, Brothers, London, having the exclusive supply of this unrivalled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other cocoa for purity—fine aroma—sanative, nutritive, and sustaining power. One trial will establish it as a favourite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening.
MARRIVILLA COCOA.—The Globe says:—"Taylor, Brothers' Marrivilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Marrivilla Cocoa above all others. For consumers of cocoa, especially invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favourable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, &c., &c.
HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.—This original preparation, which has attained such a world-wide reputation, is manufactured by Taylor, Brothers, under the ablest homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.
SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE, made in one minute without boiling. The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets by storekeepers and others all over the world.
MUSTARD.—Taylor, Brothers' celebrated "Challenge" brand is prepared from the choicest seed by a patent process which prevents fermentation, and at the same time retains the pungency and purity of flavour to a degree which no other process can accomplish. The double-superfine quality is specially recommended. Steam Mills—Brick-lane London. Export Chicory Mills—Bruges, Belgium.—Advt.

OUR ADELAIDE LETTER.

ADELAIDE, NOVEMBER 30.

The special session of Parliament which was to be fraught with so much importance to South Australia has well nigh closed; and all the large hopes and fair promises with which it was ushered in have come to naught. In all probability the prorogation will take place to-day, and it remains with the Council, who have been instrumental in defeating the will of the people and the policy of the Government, to say whether the smallest segment of that policy shall become the law of the land or not. The incidents of the past few days are full of painful interest to those who are concerned in the welfare of the colony. The constituencies having expressed themselves in favour of the Ministerial programme, which included a scheme for taxation in the form of stamp, legacy, and succession duties, the Government and the Assembly had a right to assume that the wishes of the great bulk of the community would be respected by the Council, and that they would scarcely dare to reject a policy which had been stamped with almost universal approval. But they have rejected it, or what has been termed the keystone to it, and at the present moment the whole colony is lamenting as if some great calamity (as indeed people feel it to be) had fallen upon the land. A week ago everything was radiant with hope. Everybody believed we were going to take a leap forward. A Government was in power that had the boldness to initiate comprehensive measures for the construction of railways and public works to open up the resources of the country. The circumstances of the people here and of the money market at home favoured the carrying of these measures, and a future of untold prosperity seemed to be like a pleasant vista before us. But the cup has been rudely dashed from our lips, the sky has become overcast, and the prospect is blank and dreary in the extreme.

Upon the day on which I dispatched my last to you the Assembly read a second time, and carried through committee, the Public Purposes Loan Bill, which included the following works:—

1. Construction of main roads, the sum of ..	£200,000
2. Erection of schoolhouses, the sum of ..	60,000
3. Completing Kadina and Port Wakefield Railway, the sum of..	55,000
4. Completing Kingston and Narracoote Railway, the sum of	45,000
5. Erecting the Murray Bridge so as to be able to carry a railway, the sum of ..	100,000
6. Completing the first portion of the South-eastern Drainage Works	17,000
7. Northern Territory purposes	75,000
Total	£552,000

The measure, having been read a third time was forwarded to the Council, who thinking that £100,000 was quite sufficient for the roads of the colony, and that £60,000 was enough for the Murray Bridge, suggested amendments to that effect; but as the Lower House could not see their way clear to accept them, they returned a message setting forth certain reasons for their refusal.

[Our Adelaide telegram of Tuesday last states that the Council passed the bill without amendments.]

Upon the same day, the Assembly also passed the second reading of the Stamps Bill, and on the following day all the other stages were gone through. Beyond the concessions introduced by the Government, there were several attempts made still further to modify the measure, but only two of them were successful. Mr. Blyth sought to make the Act terminable with the year 1878, but this was negatived on division by a majority of 20 votes. Mr. Townsend tried to reduce the bank composition from £2 to £1 per cent., but could not succeed in carrying the reduction. In the 3rd schedule, Mr. Hardy moved an amendment so as to include all descendants in the list of persons to whom only quarter succession duties should be charged. This was negatived, but an amendment by the same hon. member to include nieces and nephews in the same list as brothers and sisters and grandchildren was carried. Clause 46 was reconsidered and amended so as to allow of security being demanded for the payment of succession duties, and with these two emendations the bill passed the ordeal of the House of Assembly just as it was introduced by the Ministry.

The Legislative Council disposed of the Public Purposes Loan Bill first, and it was not until Thursday, November 25, that they considered the Stamps Bill, upon which hung the fate of the whole Ministerial policy. The object of the measure was to balance the revenue with the expenditure, and until this was done the Government felt they would not be justified in going into the London money market as extensive borrowers. The greatest possible interest was therefore felt in the matter after it had safely passed the Lower and reached the Upper House, where the crucial test would be applied. The voting was known to be pretty equally divided, and this intensified the excitement. The only uncertain vote was that of Mr. Parkin. There were a number of wagers as to which way he would go, but probably no one but Sir Henry Ayers, the leader of the Opposition, was in the secret. Mr. Morgan, the Chief Secretary, moved the second reading of the bill in a clear sensible speech, and Mr. Tarlton seconded. Mr. Elder delivered an able address in support of the measure, in the course of which he reviewed with statesmanlike grasp the whole situation, and urged upon the Council the duty in a matter of taxation of yielding to the wishes of the people and the representatives of the people. Mr. Sandover followed with an amendment "that the bill be read a second time that day six months," and the bulk of his remarks consisted of an attack upon the Press, insinuating that several of the writers are pecuniarily interested in supporting the Ministry. Mr. Santo seconded, and Sir Henry Ayers—in by far the ablest speech on that side of the question—supported the amendment, which, on being put to the vote, was carried by a majority of one. Messrs. Elder, English, Hay, and Tarlton, with the Chief Secretary, voted for the bill; and Sir H. Ayers, with Messrs. Duffield, Everard, Parkin, Santo, and Sandover, against. The following members paired:—Messrs. Crozier and Hogarth for the bill, and Messrs. Dunn and Storrie against. There were only two members absent—Messrs. J. Fisher and A. B. Murray, and they are out of the colony.

The news spread like wildfire, and there was a very general feeling of indignation at the action which the Council had taken. In the House of Assembly, which had been discussing with a good deal of earnestness the second reading of the Railway Construction Bill, Mr. Boucaut, the Premier, moved that all the business on the paper be read and discharged; and in a few emotional words spoke of the disastrous effect which the conduct of the Upper House would have upon the progress of the colony. He expressed himself as quite willing to resign his seat in the Ministry and for the district he represented, if by so doing he could secure the carrying of the policy he had introduced. He also challenged any member of the Opposition in the Council—from Sir Henry Ayers downwards—to resign his seat with him, and let them appeal to the country for re-election and see whose policy the country would endorse. Mr. Hawker also made a stirring speech, full of sympathy for the Government and of indignation at the action of the Council. He read extracts from debates in the House of Commons to show that the exclusive right of taxation was the life blood of the Commons, and, consequently, of the House of Assembly, and he asked with becoming words whether the vote of six men in a Chamber which constitutionally had nothing to do with matters of taxation should rule as against the united voice of the people and the general wish of the House of Assembly. The motion was carried, and all that the Assembly has now to do is to await the decision of the Council with regard to the Public Purposes Loan Bill, after which the prorogation will take place at once.

There is an almost universal feeling of regret at the turn things have taken in the political world, and men of all grades are regarding the collapse of the Ministerial policy as a personal loss. The question is being asked, is there no way out of the dead-lock? A reform in the Constitution of the Upper House, which at the present moment is more powerful than the House of Lords at home, is demanded; but this will not help us over the present difficulty. The only feasible suggestion is that the resignations of Messrs. Fisher and Murray, which are known to be in the hands of friends in the colony, should in the interests of patriotism and the good of the colony be handed in; and that the vacancies should be filled up by an appeal to the electors. This would at once decide whether the country is in favour of the Stamps Bill and its contingent policy of railways and public works or not. But it is extremely problematical whether the suggestion will be acted upon, and failing this the Government will in all probability go into recess for three or four months, and then bring forward their policy again with a scheme of general taxation.

Mr. Ingleby, M.P., has suggested to the Legislature a new scheme of taxation, which according to his calculations would not oppress the taxpayer while it would yield revenue enough and to spare. He would modify in the direction of free trade the present Customs duties, and then he would impose a tax of 1 per cent. upon all property, landed and otherwise, in the colony. His rough estimate of the value of the various kinds of property in South Australia is as follows:—

Landed property in corporations, assessed at £391,929		£3,919,290
Ditto in District Councils, ditto	£670,066	6,700,660
Lands sold or leased, but unassessed as above in schedule A		19,027,569
Live stock		5,000,000
Capital invested in banks, companies, trade, farming, &c.		23,000,000
		£57,647,519

This, at 1 per cent., would, it will be seen, yield an annual income of £576,475, which, with the other sources of revenue, would not only meet the ordinary expenditure, but provide interest upon a debt of £7,000,000 (our present debt being £3,400,000), and then leave the handsome credit balance of £122,000. At the suggestion of the Treasurer, who was staggered by the rosy balance-sheet, the hon. member withdrew the motion, being satisfied with the publicity he had secured for his hobby.

The names of the gentlemen who are to form the first Council of Education under the new Act, have at length been finally determined upon, and they are—Mr. J. A. Hartley, B.A., B.Sc., president; Mr. A. Von Treuer, Mr. W. D. Glyde, Dr. Allan Campbell, Mr. W. Barlow, Mr. D. Murray, and Mr. M. Salom. All except Messrs. Murray and Salom were members of the old Board of Education which has ceased to exist. The regulations framed upon the basis of the new Act have not been published, but it is understood they are well-nigh ready and will probably be laid before Parliament previous to the prorogation. The Board have recommended no less than fifty sites for new schoolhouses, so that a considerable extension of the conveniences and facilities for educating the rising generation is under immediate contemplation.

The contest for the Mayoralty and other municipal offices takes place to-morrow; and in view of the elections Messrs. G. S. Price and J. T. Turnbull, the city auditors, have announced their intention of not standing again, because the audit, as now conducted, is in their opinion "a sham," and affords no means of checking fraud. The announcement has caused some consternation, and it will no doubt have the effect of leading to some different arrangement to that which has hitherto prevailed. Some advocate a weekly audit like that in vogue in Melbourne, while others think the plan adopted by the Savings Bank, which gives the auditors power to enter the office at any time to overlook the accounts—very much like a bank inspector—would be preferable. That city property is rapidly improving in value is amply testified by the publication of the valuations which have just been completed by Mr. G. W. Cole, the city valuator. His assessment of the property in the whole of the wards for the year 1875-6 amounts to £238,569 as against £225,086 for the preceding year, showing an increase for the year of £13,483.

A trial of flax harvesting machinery took place last week, but it was a comparative failure. The Chamber of Manufactures, with the co-operation of the Agricultural Society, and of the Victorian Department of Agriculture, offered three prizes respectively £150, £100, and £50 for the three best flax pulling machines. There were only two entries—one by Mr. Alkemede, of Victoria, and one by Mr. J. W. Bull, of Adelaide. Neither came up to the conditions specified. Mr. Alkemede's, which was fitted to a low carriage, had a number of plough-like shears to penetrate the soil, and connected with these were a number of rollers to grasp the plant; but these got clogged and threw the implement out of gear. Mr. Bull's was the same as he exhibited last year, and was nothing more than an ordinary plough, with a knife attached to cut the roots. It does not do away with the necessity of manual labour, which is one of the conditions of the competition. A sum of £10 was voted to Mr. Alkemede for the trouble and expense he had been put to, and the opinion was generally expressed that from it a very useful invention might be made. The cultivation of flax, for which our soil and climate are well adapted, is on the increase, and would still more greatly increase if a machine were invented to save the labour of pulling and gathering the crops as they ripen.

The Ristori fever is upon us. Everybody is delighted with the eminent tragedienne, and with her grandly realistic acting.

OUR OTAGO LETTER.

DUNEDIN, NOVEMBER 24.

The Provincialists are hard at work beating up recruits for the forthcoming election, the writs for which are likely to be issued about the middle of December. There is no particular reason for the election being held so soon, except that the Government will probably benefit thereby, as the current of public opinion is gradually turning against them. Immediately after the prorogation of the Assembly, Sir George Grey, accompanied by Mr. Fitzherbert, Mr. Rolleston, and one or two more political lights, visited Dunedin, for the purpose of attending a banquet got up as a testimonial to Mr. Macandrew for his conduct during the recent session. It was avowedly a Provincialist demonstration, and the Government journals and supporters did their utmost beforehand to prevent its success, and have since been decrying it in every possible way. As a matter of fact, however, it was a great success, and strengthened the cause of the Provincialists materially. Sir George Grey afterwards went to the Clutha, to be present at a banquet given to another Provincialist member, and then left for Auckland. Mr. Reid, M.P. for the Taieri, has been honoured in a similar manner. A rumour had got abroad that Sir George Grey would at the Macandrew banquet declare the policy of the Opposition; but he and the rest of the Provincial magnates—except Mr Macandrew, who advocated his old opinions in favour of separation—confined themselves to generalities; and the mouthpieces of the Opposition have since retorted that it is not the business of the Opposition, but of the Government, to find a policy for the country. Mr. Macandrew and his lieutenants, however, are doing their best to educate the public mind to look for a financial separation of the two islands as the best solution of the political difficulties in which the country has become involved by the passing of the Abolition Bill; and these views once deemed chimerical, are gradually hardening into something very like public opinion here, while in Auckland they meet with considerable favour. There are two projects on foot for the accomplishment of this end—one, to have a separate government for each island, with a general government restricted to purely federal functions; the other to divide each island into two provinces with full powers of local government and control over their own waste lands, and federated by a general government with restricted functions, as in the first-mentioned scheme—the Legislative Council being elected by the Provincial Councils. It is a proof of the important political constitutional changes to which the sudden abolition of the Provincial Governments is likely to give rise that the reform of the Legislative Council, which has hitherto been merely a theme for newspaper writers in the dull season, and for an occasional stump oration, is now regarded as something requiring instant attention, and its own Speaker, Sir John Richardson, has publicly declared that a nominee Chamber is an incongruous element in our Constitution. Mr. Macandrew has ventilated his personal views through the medium of a pamphlet, in which he urges that each island should be vested with the entire management of its own local affairs, irrespectively and independently of the other; that the powers and functions of the General Assembly shall be distinctly defined and limited to questions strictly federal, and that the Provincial Legislature or Legislatures of each island shall have supreme constituent powers in respect of all subjects not so defined. He makes one good point in favour of his own Provincial administration when he shows that while, under colonial management, immigration has cost upwards of £21 10s. a head, the Provincial Government of Otago caused an immigration for years at a cost of £15 10s. per adult, and introduced a better class of people.

The Opposition have an uphill battle to fight. In the first place, the Ministry took care, out of the ten new seats that were created last session, to give all but one to districts that supported themselves. Then the large landholders, as a body, are in favour of the Ministry's centralising schemes of government, and so are the banks and other large financial institutions, which are very powerful in this colony. The Government have likewise a strong hold upon the Press, three of the principal morning journals numbering Ministers amongst their proprietors. All the members of the Cabinet will, however, have to fight for their seats, but with good chances of success, save Mr. Reynolds, who has deeply offended his Dunedin constituents by deserting the Provincialist colours, to which he had stuck for so many years. Sir Julius Vogel will not stand for Auckland City East again (in fact, his defeat would be certain if he did), but will put up for Wanganui, which got a second seat in the scramble last session. There is, however, a competitor in the field. In view of the attitude which the Roman Catholics have taken up towards the Governments of the Australian colonies, it is worth while reprinting the instructions which the *New Zealand Tablet*, the official organ of the Denomination, gives to the lay members of that body with regard to their votes at the election: "Catholics are compelled to pay taxes to maintain a system of education to which they are conscientiously opposed, and are refused all aid out of the public funds towards the expenses of their own schools. They are doubly taxed. In fact, they are insulted, outraged, and plundered so far as public education is concerned. This is a question, therefore, which in their estimation is infinitely more important than Provincialism, Centralism, Separation, or any merely political measure. No Catholic, consequently, unless, indeed, he is a degraded or lost man, will vote for any candidate, no matter who he is, or what his other qualifications may be, who is in favour of merely secular education, and against giving aid to Catholic schools. Catholics are above all things Catholics; with them politics come after religion. * * There is another thing which they will do; they will abstain from voting at all when the choice lies between two secularist candidates."

The Marquis of Normanby has been visiting Christchurch, for the purpose of attending the races there. The Christchurch meeting is the principal one in New Zealand, but has fallen off considerably of late years. On the present occasion, the Canterbury Cup, of 250 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 15 sovereigns added, was won by Mr. P. Campell's Daniel O'Rourke—Mr. Redwood's Guy Fawkes running second. The Jockey Club Handicap, of 200 sovereigns, added to a sweep of 10 sovereigns, was taken by Mr. Lunn's Nectar—Mr. Delamain's Templeton taking second place. The Derby was won by Mr. Campbell's Daniel O'Rourke—Mr. O'Brien's Fishhook being second. The Christchurch Plate fell to Mr. Redwood's Karori. The Canterbury turfites contemplate making an effort to revive the past glories of the Christchurch course by getting up a two-mile race for 1000 sovereigns, for the next Metropolitan meeting. His Excellency, besides "assisting" at the races, likewise visited the Agricultural Show, and at the accompanying dinner spoke very highly of what he had seen thereat. He likewise expatiated upon the benefits which would accrue to New Zealand by the opening up of direct communication between it and Queensland. These remarks were probably intended to promote the views of the Government, who propose to establish a steam service with Queensland, if it can be arranged at a small cost, and secure a vote of £5000 to be expended in that way. The present trade would stand a good deal of development, for our export or import list (I forget which) with Queensland for last quarter amounted to £24.

The Philadelphia Exhibition Commissioners have been bestirring themselves and have got together a small collection of raw materials. Dr. Hector, F.R.S., now in England, is to represent the colony at the Exhibition; but it is also proposed to send some one there from New Zealand to report upon the labour-saving machines and similar articles of practical utility that may be exhibited.

The Customs returns for the September quarter show a stationary revenue, the receipts for that period being £312,672, while in the corresponding quarter of last year they amounted to £311,631. The Colonial Treasurer estimated there would be an increase of £100,000 in the Customs revenue for 1875-6, so that he will have a great deal of back way to pull up during the ensuing three quarters. The trade returns are somewhat more satisfactory. They show imports for the three months to the value of £2,041,237, being a decrease of £239,306 from the September quarter of 1874, while the exports have augmented from £668,788 to £767,891.

The Calypso, with a number of sheep on board, recently arrived at Port Chalmers from London, and the Local Cattle Board, with an eye to the prevalence of the foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, and pleuro-pneumonia, at home, and the prospect of a large shipment of stock arriving shortly, ordered the sheep to be quarantined for three months, which seems a long time, but the proceeding has been generally approved of by sheep owners.

A number of working men here are organizing an expedition to New Guinea, and forming themselves into a kind of company for the purpose. If the expedition ever starts, its members will not depart without having received plenty of warnings that they are embarking on a somewhat foolish adventure.

One of the newspapers has pointed out that, during the past four years, above 9000 female servants have been brought into the colony, and yet domestic servants are scarce. The fact is, many of these girls get married immediately after their arrival, and others "*go off*" without much delay. It is like pouring water into a sieve.

Postal cards are likely to be introduced shortly.

WINDSOR.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

BIBLE SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the Windsor Branch of the New South Wales Auxiliary was held in the School of Arts, on Friday evening last. Mr. J. B. Johnston, J.P., occupied the chair; and the proceedings were commenced with reading a portion of the Scriptures and prayer. Mr. S. T. Greenwell read the branch's report for the year, which stated that the work of the past year was much in common with the work of preceding years. The sale of Bibles and Testaments had been again increased. The mission services and the united religious services recently held had deepened an interest in the Word which, it was trusted, would be abiding. It regretted that the committee could not accurately ascertain the precise extent of the increase, because many persons had made their purchases at the Bible Hall in Sydney. It also stated the regret of the committee that many did not assist much more earnestly in the circulation of "His written Word." There were doubtless families in Windsor not yet supplied with a copy of the Scriptures, and it behoved all friends not to rest satisfied till such a state of things was altered. "The fields are white already unto harvest." The treasurer's statement showed a balance for the year of £37 16s. 9d. The Rev. J. Cameron moved the adoption of the report, which was seconded by the Rev. B. Backhouse in an interesting speech in which he expatiated at length upon the progress of the British and Foreign Bible Society and its claims for a continuance of support and sympathy. Proposed by the Rev. S. Leach, and seconded by the Rev. P. Fitzgerald, who delivered earnest addresses to the meeting—"That this meeting desires to recognise the goodness of God in vouchsafing to them enlarged opportunities to assist in promoting the circulation of His Word. And relying upon His future blessing would appeal most earnestly to the Christian public for increased sympathy and support." The Rev. S. Wilkinson moved, and the Rev. D. Moore seconded,—"That the thanks of the meeting be given to the ladies, collectors, officers, and committee of the branch of the society for their services during the past year, and that the following gentlemen be appointed for the ensuing year:—President, Mr. J. Tebbutt; hon. secretary, Mr. S. T. Greenwell; treasurer, Mr. W. Beard, jun.; committee, Messrs. J. B. Johnston, J.P., Dr. Selkirk, W. Walker, R. Turner, J. Lane; B. Richards, J.P.; W. Bedenham, W. Dean, and the subscribing clergymen." The resolutions were all unanimously carried. A collection was made, and, after a vote of thanks to the chairman, the meeting was brought to a close with the doxology and benediction.

BUSH FIRES, &c.—Owing to the continuance of dry parching weather, these fires are very prevalent, and several homesteads have been endangered. On Sunday last a terrible fire raged in the vicinity of Clydesdale, the residence of Mr. Smith, and it was with the greatest difficulty that the house and main premises were saved. Unfortunately, when the fire was approaching, there was not a man about the place, and Mrs. Smith and the young ladies had to do the best they could themselves, for some time at great personal danger, in keeping the flames back. A messenger was ultimately despatched to Windsor, a distance of seven miles, and about twenty-five men hastened to render assistance. The premises were completely circumambient with fire. The greater portion of the vineyard and a large quantity of timber and fencing were destroyed. The fire extended for miles, and after nightfall, at a distance, presented the appearance of an illuminated city, looking beautiful in the magnitude of its destructiveness. A number of the men who went from Windsor remained all night on watch. A hot wind was blowing furiously all day. To-day the atmosphere is dense with smoke, from which it is evident that many fires are burning around. On Tuesday last we had a heavy thunderstorm, but the subsequent hot winds soon destroyed any of its goodly effects. The want of rain is causing great anxiety. Such a drought has not been experienced for a number of years, and many cattle are dying from want of feed and water.

SALMON IN TASMANIA.—Another veritable salmon, it is said, has been taken at last in Tasmania! The *Hobart Town Mercury* states that a party of visitors from Victoria, whilst fishing off the Second Bluff on Saturday, the 27th ultimo, captured in a net a fish which was supposed to be a salmon. The gentlemen on returning to town took the interesting stranger to Mr. Weaver, who at once pronounced it to be a real salmon. To make assurance doubly sure, Mr. Morton Allport inspected it, and returned a similar verdict. The specimen weighed 3 lbs. 1½ oz., and was a female. About 600 [illegible] was found in it.

THE PARLIAMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

The following is a list of the members of both Houses of Parliament at the present time:—

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Allen, the Honorable George.
Blaxland, the Honorable John.
Busby, the Honorable William.
Byrnes, the Honorable William.
Campbell, the Honorable John.
Campbell, the Honorable Alexander.
Campbell, the Honorable Charles.
Chisholm, the Honorable James.
Cox, the Honorable George Henry.
Cox, the Honorable Edward King.
Darley, the Honorable Frederick Matthew.
Deas-Thomson, the Honorable Sir Edward, C.B., K.C.M.G.
De Salis, the Honorable Leopold Fane.
Docker, the Honorable Joseph.
Fairfax, the Honorable John.
Frazer, the Honorable John.
Gordon, the Honorable Samuel Deane.
Hay, the Honorable John, President of the Legislative Council.
Holt, The Honorable Thomas.
Innes, The Honorable Joseph George Long.
Lord, The Honorable Francis.
Macarthur, The Honorable Sir William, Knight.
Manning, The Honorable Sir William Montagu, Knight, Q.C.
Montefiore, The Honorable Jacob Levi.
Moore, The Honorable Henry.
Ogilvie, The Honorable Edward David Stuart.
Owen, The Honorable Robert.
Richardson, The Honorable John.
Russell, The Honorable Bourn.
Samuel, The Honorable Saul, C.M.G.
Smart, The Honorable Thomas Ware.
Smith, The Honorable John, M.D.
Watt, The Honorable John Brown.
Weekes, The Honorable Elias Carpenter.
White, The Honorable James.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Abbott, Robert Palmer, Esq.—Tenterfield.
Allen, The Honorable George Wigram, Esq., Speaker.—The Glebe.
Baker, Ezekiel Alexander, Esq.—Gold Fields South.
Bawden, Thomas, Esq.—The Clarence.
Bennett, Hanley, Esq.—Liverpool Plains.
Booth, John, Esq.—East Macquarie.
Brown, Herbert Harrington, Esq.—The Paterson.
Brown, Stephen Campbell, Esq.—Newtown.
Brown, Thomas, Esq.—Hartley.
Browne, William Charles, Esq.—Patrick's Plains.
Buchanan, David, Esq.—Gold Fields West.
Burns, The Honorable John Fitzgerald, Esq.—The Hunter.
Butler, Edward, Esq., Q.C.—Argyle.
Byrnes, Charles Joseph, Esq.—Parramatta.
Cameron, Angus, Esq.—West Sydney.
Charles, Samuel, Esq.—Kiama.
Clarke, Henry, Esq.—Eden.
Cohen, Henry Emanuel, Esq.—West Maitland.
Cunneen, James Augustine, Esq.—Wollombi.
Dangar, Henry Cary, Esq.—West Sydney.
Dangar, Thomas Gordon Gibbons, Esq.—The Gwydir.
Davies, John, Esq.—East Sydney.
Day, George, Esq.—The Hume.
Dibbs, George Richard, Esq.—West Sydney.
Driver, Richard, Esq., chairman of committees—Windsor.
Farnell, James Squire, Esq.—St. Leonards.
Fitzpatrick, Michael, Esq.—Yass Plains.
Forster, Robert Henry Mariner, Esq.—Gold Fields North.
Forster, The Honorable William, Esq.—The Murrumbidgee.
Garrett, The Honorable Thomas, Esq.—Camden.
Goold, Stephen Stiles, Esq.—Mudgee.
Gray, Samuel William, Esq.—Illawarra.
Greville, Edward, Esq.—Braidwood.
Hay, William, Esq.—The Murray.
Hill, Richard, Esq.—Canterbury.
Hoskins, James, Esq.—The Tumut.
Hurley, John, Esq.—Narellan.
Jacob, Archibald Hamilton, Esq.—The Lower Hunter.
Lackey, The Honorable John, Esq.—Central Cumberland.
Lloyd, George Alfred, Esq.—Newcastle.
Long, William Alexander, Esq.—Central Cumberland.
Lord, George William, Esq.—The Bogan.
Lucas, The Honorable John, Esq.—Canterbury.
Macintosh, John, Esq.—East Sydney.
M'Elhone, John, Esq.—The Upper Hunter.
Meyer, Solomon, Esq.—Carcoar.
Montague, Alexander, Esq.—Monaro.
Moses, Henry, Esq.—The Hawkesbury.
Nelson, Harris Levi, Esq.—Orange.
Onslow, Arthur, Captain R.N.—Camden.
Parkes, Henry, Esq.—East Sydney.
Phelps, Joseph James, Esq.—Balranald.
Piddington, William Richman, Esq—The Hawkesbury.
Pilcher, Charles Edward, Esq.—West Macquarie.
Robertson, The Honorable John, Esq.—West Sydney.
Scholey, Stephen, Esq.—East Maitland.
Shepherd, Patrick Lindesay Crawford, Esq.—The Nepean.
Smith, John Samuel, Esq.—Wellington.
Smith, Robert Burdett, Esq.—The Hastings.
Stevens, Charles James, Esq.—Northumberland.
Stuart, Alexander, Esq.—East Sydney.
Sutherland, John, Esq.—Paddington.
Sutter, Francis Bathurst, Esq.—Bathurst.
Suttor, William Henry, jun., Esq.—East Macquarie.
Taylor, Hugh, Esq.—Parramatta.
Teece, William, jun., Esq.—Goulburn.
Terry, Samuel Henry, Esq.—New England.
Warden, James, Esq.—Shoalhaven.
Watson, James, Esq.—The Lachlan.
Watson, William, Esq.—The Williams.
Wisdom, Robert, Esq.—Morpeth.
Wright, John James, Esq.—Queanbeyan.

BOROUGH COUNCILS.

ST. PETERS.—The regular monthly meeting of this Council was held at the Council Chambers on Wednesday, the 1st instant. Present—The Mayor (Mr. J. T. Gorus), and Aldermen M. Gannon, J. N. Gannon, Haigh, M'Cauley, and Percival. The minutes of last meeting were read, confirmed, and signed, after exception thereto having been taken by Alderman M'Cauley. Reports: The Mayor submitted a report from Finance Committee recommending payment of accounts amounting to £186. The report was received and adopted, on the motion of the Mayor, seconded by Alderman Percival. The Mayor submitted a report from the Works Committee, recommending—1. That Mr. L. H. Terry has erected fence to alignment opposite his property, Cook's River Road, to the satisfaction of committee. 2. That the further sum of £50 be voted towards repairing Campbell-street, St. Peters Ward. The report was received and adopted, on the motion of the Mayor, seconded by Alderman Percival. Correspondence: The following letters were read:—1. To Newtown Council, requesting them to make final arrangement relative to repairs to May-street. 2. From Council clerk, Newtown, in reply, stating that St. Peters Council might go on with the repairs to said street, and that immediately after that Council would do their portion. The above was resolved to be received. Motions: The Mayor moved,—"That it is inexpedient and unadvisable for this Council to take any action whatever, with a view to increasing the number of wards in this municipality." Alderman Haigh seconded the motion, and while stating his reasons for so doing, Aldermen M. and J. N. Gannon entered the chamber, a long and lively discussion ensued, and, on the motion being submitted the votes were found to be equal, the Mayor thereupon gave his casting vote in favour of the motion, which was therefore carried—ayes, the Mayor, and Aldermen Haigh, and Percival; noes, Aldermen M. Gannon, J. N. Gannon, and M'Cauley. The Mayor then moved,—"That the Council do now adjourn till next regular meeting night." Seconded by Alderman Percival, and carried by the casting vote of the Mayor. The Council thereupon adjourned.—THOS. LEEDER, Council Clerk.

NORTH WILLOUGHBY.—The usual monthly meeting of the council was held on Saturday, the 4th December, 1875, at 3 o'clock p.m. Present—The Mayor (Mr. James Forsyth), Aldermen Pollard, Johnson, Seldon, and Best. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. On the motion of the Mayor, seconded by Alderman Pollard, the sum of five pounds was authorised to be paid to Mr. Wooland on account of his contract. Resolved, on the motion of Alderman Seldon, seconded by Alderman Best,—"That the sum of eight pounds be expended in clearing the Blue Gum Creek Road from the Lane Cove Road to the Lane Cove River. The Council then rose.—GEO. H. COLEMAN, Council-clerk.

THE DIONÆA.—We (*Pall Mall*) trust that experimental botanists run no risk of committing acts of cruelty such as render the researches of anatomists and physiologists so unsatisfactory. The following note on *Dionæa muscipula* read by Dr. Balfour at a recent meeting of the Edinburgh Botanical Society, sounds uncomfortably like vivisection. The doctor began, he said, by putting black pepper on the sensitive leaf. The leaf closed, and had remained closed since the 24th of June, secreting what he called its gastric juice. Another leaf behaved similarly, but others, after closing on the pepper, soon opened again. It is distressing to find that, the experimentalist believing this discrimination to reside in six hairs that grow on the upper surface of each leaf, he deliberately cut them off. Their loss seemed greatly to confuse the leaf, which would sometimes close when irritated, while at others it would remain sulkily open. Three of the hairs only were then removed from one leaf without producing any special effect. The other three hairs were then removed; the leaf at first closed slightly; it then ceased to respond to irritation, though tried on successive days; but at last, while being replaced on the shelf, it suddenly closed in what the operator is heartless enough to call "an awkward manner."

THE "LIFE" OF SUBMARINE CABLES.—The *Money Market Review* says that a fact of some importance, as tending to, if it does not entirely, dispel the prevailing impression that the "life" of a submarine cable is of a limited nature, was mentioned by Mr. John Pender, M.P., at the meeting of the Eastern Telegraph Company this week. He stated that the various sections of the Eastern system, with the exception of a shore end of a short line at Lisbon which was undergoing repair, were in perfect working order. But of far greater importance, as affecting the future of submarine cable enterprise, was his announcement that the Suez and Aden section, which was laid in comparatively warm water, had improved in insulation by no less than 38 per cent., and the other cables of the Eastern Company from 45 to 77 per cent. in insulation power, which is of course the chief element in estimating their capacity for the transmission of messages. Mr. Pender further stated that the cables longest laid have improved the most.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—December 6.

Dandenong (s.), 575 tons, Captain Stanford, from Melbourne December 3. Passengers—Mrs. Abrahams, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. E. Thompson, Miss Adelaide Bowring, Miss Coleman, Miss Hale, Miss Thompson, Miss Goode and 3 children, Mrs. Beagre, Messrs. W. Higinbotom, J. R. Bryne, E. M. Spring, M. Bonge, F. Humerbine, D. Thompson, E. M. Abraham, T. Wood, J. Dodgshum, J. E. Dodgshum, T. Goods, W. R. Hodgkins, P. Leybourne, S. Nathan, Master Hale, and 34 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

City of Brisbane (s.), 504 tons, Captain J. C. Knight, from Brisbane the 4th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Johnstone and 2 children, Mrs. Goumin, Mrs. Kenny and child, Miss Dixon, Miss Toes, Mr. and Mrs. R. Grey, child and servant, Rev. M. Pasenger, Dr. K. T. Freeman, Messrs. Lyons, G. M. Fullerton, H. Price, I. A. Tallerman, A. Simmons, G. H. Waller, L. Saber, Captain Geach, M. Hamburger, A. Duncan, C. H. Philpott, and 50 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—December 6.

James Paterson (s.), for Maryborough.
Leichardt (s.), for Cooktown.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—December 7.

Prima Donna, for Broadsound; Lewis, for Melbourne; Sydenham, for Shanghai; Whistler, for Petropaulovski; Au Revoir, for Auckland; Meteor, for Fiji; The Tweed, for London; Tasman (s.), for Hobart Town; City of Melbourne (s.), for Melbourne.

CLEARANCES.—December 6.

Sydenham, ship, 1062 tons, Captain Bristow, for Shanghai.
Whistler, barque, 318 tons, Captain Simpson, for Petropaulovski.
Au Revoir, schooner, 138 tons, Captain Firth, for Auckland. Passengers—Messrs. Palmer, Michel, and 2 in the steerage.
Meteor, barque, 180 tons, Captain Clulow, for Fiji. Passengers—Rev. W. Lloyd, Mrs. Lloyd, Rev. E. Wogan, Mr. Riju, and 8 in the steerage.
Leichardt (s.), 690 tons, Captain M'Lean, for Brisbane, Bowen, Townsville, and Cooktown. Passengers—Miss M'Dowell, Miss Armitage, Miss and Master Armitage, Miss O'Reilly, Messrs. W. Lyall, P. G. Soll, J. Edwards, E. Davis, G. R. Byrne, Lee, Dempsey, F. Jackson, A. Bennett, Davis, Cowan, Hogan, Watson, and 22 in the steerage.
James Paterson (s.), 508 tons, Captain C. J. Nightingall, for Maryborough and Rockhampton. Passengers—Mrs. Black, Mrs. Wills, child and servant, Messrs. H. S. Wills, Higgins, A. Robertson, A. Cumming, Taylor, Donovan, Harrison, J. Douglass, and 32 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—December 6.

Ettalong, from Camden Haven, with 5000 feet timber, 5000 palings, 20,000 shingles; Day Dawn, from Brisbane Water, with 200 baskets shells; Lady Bowen (s.), from the Hunter River, with 250 bales wool, 60 bales hay, 40 bags potatoes, 20 bags onions, 35 bags oysters, 81 tons tin ore, 1 coop fowls, and sundries; William, Merkesworth, Catherine Agnes, Saxonia, from Newcastle, with 1085 tons coal, 160 tons copper; Civility, from Catherine Hill Bay, with 220 tons coal.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—December 6.

Civility, for Catherine Hill Bay; Saxonia, Catherine Agnes, William, for Newcastle; Ettalong, for Camden Haven; Day Dawn, for Brisbane Water.

IMPORTS.—December 6.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements inserted in this column.]

Dandenong (s.), from Melbourne: 8 cases galvanised iron, 63 cases biscuits, 250 cases kerosene, 521 ½-cases 201 ½-cases fruit, 100 cases 6 hogsheads 20 casks brandy, 480 bags chaff, 200 bags sugar, 1140 bags potatoes, 120 bags oats, 91 bags onions, 500 bags rice, 15 bags oatmeal, 115 coils wire, 42 boxes soap, 30 boxes candles, 52 bales hay, 64 trunks boots, 2/4 packages machinery, 12 parcels, and 171 packages sundries.

City of Brisbane (s.), from Brisbane: 765 bags tin ore, 332 bales wool, 450 mats sugar, 66 hides, 2 parcels gold, 141 bags oysters, 70 cases fruit, 16 bags coal, 3 horses, 50 cases and packages sundries.

Ex William Duthie: 115 packages merchandise—G. W. Yarnton and Co.

Ex William Duthie: 331 packages earthenware—Myers and Cantor.

Ex William Duthie: 30 packages locks, hinges, files, field-glasses, cutlery, and fancy goods—Chas. Wright.

Ex William Duthie: 116 packages saddlery, plated ware, boots, brushware, fancy goods, &c.—Myers and Solomon.

Ex William Duthie: 60 packages general drapery—R. Gray, Son, and Co.

Ex William Duthie: 710 sashweights and 74 packages merchandise—W. C. Fallick.

Ex William Duthie: 1 case book slates; 1 case Judson's dyes; 10 cases Brown's hair oil—Hamburger, Brothers, and Co.

Ex Mail Steamer: Chillies, pepper, sago, tapioca, confectioner's white sugar—Henry Fisher and Co.

Ex Dandenong: 581 bags potatoes—Henry Clarke.

Ex Parramatta: 8 cases drapery; 2 cases millinery; 2 cases dress materials; 1 case hosiery—E. Way.

Ex Dunbrane: 3 cases Manchester goods—E. Way.

Ex Philomene: 6 cases hosiery, stays, lace goods, boys' hats, &c.—E. Way.

Ex Philomene: 3 cases of Horrockses' sheeting—E. Way.

EXPORTS.—December 6.

Alina (s.), for Brisbane and Maryborough: 7 packages boots, 60 stones, 217 packages beer, 202 packages wines and spirits, 200 cases starch, 121 cases fruit, 46 bags rice, 26 packages tea, 150 tiles, 21 kegs butter, 152 packages sundries.

Alexandra (s.), for Melbourne: 4 packages tea, 153 packages fruit, 475 hides, 77 bags maize, 17 packages sundries.

Au Revoir, for Auckland: 1500 felloes, 1500 spokes, 45 pairs shafts, 35 pieces timber, 446 bags bonedust, 40 bundles iron, 40 cases vestas, 85 tons coal, 460 rolls matting.

Whistler, for Petropaulovski: 630 tons coal.

Sydenham, for Shanghai: 1280 tons coal.

Meteor, for Levuka: 29 cases wines and spirits, 16 bags rice, 15 packages tea, 366 castings, 150 iron pots, 691 packages sundries.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Merimbula and Eden.—By the John Penn (s.), this day, at 8.15 a.m.

For Hobart Town and Launceston.—By the Tasman (s.), this day, at 5 p.m.

For Melbourne, Adelaide, and Southern Ports of New Zealand.—By the City of Melbourne (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.

For Grafton.—By the Agnes Irving (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.

Custom House.—Entered outwards, December 6: City of Melbourne (s.), 615 tons, Captain Brown, for Melbourne. Tasman (s.), 480 tons, Captain Lyon, for Hobart Town.

The Dandenong (s.) cleared Port Phillip Heads at 7.45 p.m. on the 3rd instant, passed Wilson's Promontory at 6.30 a.m. on the 4th, Gabo Island at 1.30 a.m. on the 5th, and entered Port Jackson at 4 a.m. on the 6th. Experienced moderate westerly winds and fine weather throughout the passage.

The City of Brisbane (s.) left Brisbane on Saturday at 0.15 p.m., and cleared the South Passage at 4.50 p.m. She had light and moderate N. by N.W. winds, with fine weather, to Seal Rocks, and moderate southerly winds with hazy, foggy weather the remainder of the passage, arriving at the Company's wharf, Sydney, on Monday, at 1 p.m.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

December 5.—California, American barque, Willistum, from San Francisco 13th October.

December 6.—Pioneer, schooner, Jones, from Port Albert.

DEPARTURES.

December 4.—Dunmore, barque, Hastings, for Adelaide, with 707 tons coal.

December 4.—Sarah Ann, barque, Booth, for Melbourne, with 690 tons coal.

December 4.—Ann, barque, Dyson, for Melbourne, with 500 tons coal.

December 4.—Massnymph, Dutch ship, Schaorp, for Macassar, with 1645 tons coal.

December 4.—Kedar, barque, Johnson, for Dunedin, with 780 tons coal.

December 4.—Trinculo, barque, Jenkins, for Melbourne, with 460 tons coal.

December 4.—Southern Bell, barque, Skinner, for Adelaide, with 460 tons coal.

December 4.—Strathedon, barque, Anderson, for Portland (Oregon), with 623 tons coal.

December 4.—Narramissie, barque, Inerary, for Melbourne, with 500 tons coal.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVAL.

December 1.—Ellora (s.), from Sydney.

DEPARTURES.

December 2.—Sam Mendel, for London; China (s.), for Galle.

CLEARED OUT.

December 2.—Madam Demarest, 481, Bisset, for Sydney, in ballast; Hattie G. Hall, 594, Carter, for Sydney, with part of original cargo from Boston.

ADELAIDE.

ARRIVAL.

December 1.—Greyhound, from Calcutta.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

December 4.—City of Adelaide (s.), from Sydney; Derbyshire, from New York.

December 5.—Annie Mabel, from Foochow; Lady Darling (s.), from Newcastle.

ADELAIDE.

DEPARTURE.

December 5.—China (s.), for Galle.

BRISBANE.

ARRIVALS.

December 4.—Brisbane (s.), Governor Blackall (s.), from Sydney; Duke of Edinburgh (s.), from Cooktown.

December 5.—Emily, from Adelaide.

DEPARTURE.

December 5.—Bowen (s.), for Sydney, at 6 p.m.

SYDNEY HEADS.

Date.	Time.	Wind.	Remarks.
Dec. 6	8.10 a.m.	N.W.	Light, and clear.
	Noon.	N.W.	Strong, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	W.N.W.	Ditto, and ditto.

EXPORT OF COAL.

Export of Coal from Newcastle, from the Companies' Official Returns, for the week ending December 3, 1875.

Port of Shipment.	A. A. Co.	Wallsend.	Lambton.	Waratah.	Co-operative Co.	New Lambton.	Anvil Creek.	Greta.
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
Sydney	745	890	300	1451	561	88	456	...
Melbourne	3169	951	525	...	1220	...	...	...
Geelong	...	...	658	...	...	...	...	...
Adelaide	417	...	...	706	...	...	...	...
Oregon	620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Auckland	...	...	409	...	...	...	142	...
New Zealand	...	...	...	...	915	...	733	...
Lyttelton	...	...	517	...	...	...	...	...
Hongkong	...	...	...	...	...	...	721	...
Clarence River	...	...	...	884	...	...	...	...
Macassar	...	...	1698	...	...	...	...	...
Richmond River	...	53	...	...	...	...	...	...
San Francisco	...	1733	...	...	...	...	...	...
China	...	...	...	...	794	...	...	...
Valparaiso	...	1236	...	...	...	...	...	...
Steamers	35	...	...	130	84	83	86	...
Home consumption	129	...	...	680	...	...	878	...
Totals	5105	4593	4097	3250	3524	181	2496	

The quantity of coke shipped was 17 tons from the Co-operative Co.

WINDS AND WEATHER.—December 6.

QUEENSLAND.—9 A.M.

Normanton—NE. Fine	Gladstone—Calm. Sultry
Gilbert Town—NE. Cloudy	Rockhampton—SE. Fine
Etheridge—Calm. Dull	Maryborough—SE., light. Fine
Cardwell—Calm. Cloudy	Roma—SW. Fine
Townsville—Calm. Fine	Taroom—NNE. Cloudy
Bowen—Calm. Cloudy	Cape Moreton—N., fresh. Fine
Mackay—Calm. Fine, hot	Brisbane—NW. Fine, hot
Copperfield—NW. Fine	Toowoomba—NW. Fine
Clermont—W. Fine	Warwick—W. Fine

N. S. Wales.	9 A.M.	3 P.M.
Tenterfield		Thunderstorm
Casino	W. Fine	
Ballina	NE. Fine, bar smooth	
Clarence Heads	NE., fresh. Fine	
Glen Innes	W., strong. Fine	
Inverell	NW. Fine	
Bundarra	N., strong. Cloudy	
Port Macquarie	Calm. Sultry	
West Kempsey	W. Fine	
Armidale	W. Fine	
Tamworth	N. Dull	
Gunnedah	SW. Cloudy	SW. Like storm
Boggabri	Calm. Fine	SW. Cloudy
Narrabri	SW. Fine	SW. Fine
Wee Waa	SW. Fine	Calm. Cloudy
Pilliga	Calm. Cloudy	Calm. Like storm
Walgett	Calm. Cloudy	Calm. Cloudy
Brewarrina	Calm. Cloudy	NW., strong. Cloudy
Bourke	NW. Cloudy, fine	W. Fine
Muswellbrook	Calm. Fine	
Murrurundi	Calm. Fine	
Singleton	Calm. Fine	
Maitland	SE. Like rain	
Taree	SE. Like rain	
Port Stephens	W. Cloudy	
Newcastle	NW. Fine, sea smooth	
Barrenjoey	NW., light. Dull	NW., gale. Cloudy
Windsor	Calm. Dull	NW., strong
Sydney	W. Cloudy, like rain	WNW. Hazy
South Head	W. Dull, cloudy	WNW. Hazy
Wollongong	NE. Hazy	W. Hot, fine
Kiama	NE., light. Hazy	W., squally. Very hot
Ulladulla	NW. Fine	NW., strong. Fine
Jervis Bay	NE., fresh. Fine	W., strong. Very hot
Goulburn	W. Fine	W. Fine
Braidwood	W., strong. Fine	W. Fine
Araluen	W. Fine	W. Fine
Queanbeyan	NNE. Fine	WNW., strong. Cool
Bombala	SW., strong	SW. Cloudy
Cooma	NE. Stormy	NW. Stormy
Bega	Calm. Fine	SW., strong. Fine
Eden	SW., light. Cloudy	E. fresh. Cloudy
Gabo Island	S., Cloudy, like storm	S. Cloudy, fine
Yass	SE. Fine	E. Fine, warm
Gundagai	Calm. Fine	N., strong. Fine
Tumut	Calm. Fine	
Albury	WNW. Dull, stormy	NW. Cloudy
Mount Victoria	N. Cloudy	NW. Fine
Bathurst	SE. Fine	W., strong. Fine
Carcoar	SE. Cloudy	NW. Fine
Hill End	SW. Cloudy	Calm. Cloudy
Mudgee	Calm. Cloudy	W. Fine
Gulgong	Calm. Showery	Calm. Cloudy
Cassilis	Calm. Dull	NW. Fine
Merriwa	Calm. Dull	NW. Fine
Coolah	Calm. Cloudy	SW. Cloudy
Coonabarabran	Calm. Cloudy	Calm. Fine
Coonamble	Calm. Cloudy	NW. Fine
Wellington	Calm. Cloudy	Calm. Cloudy, fine
Dubbo	Calm. Cloudy	Calm. Cloudy
Orange	Calm. Dull	W., strong. Fine
Forbes	SW. Fine	W. Fine
Parkes	Calm. Fine	Calm. Fine
Grenfell	W. Fine	Calm. Fine
Young	Calm. Fine	NW. Sultry
Wagga Wagga	NW. Fine	W., strong. Fine
Urana		SW. Fine, cloudy
Deniliquin	SW. Fine, dull	W. Dull, fine
Hay	W. Fine	NW. Cloudy
Moulamein	SW. Fine, dull	W., strong. Cloudy
Balranald	Calm. Cloudy	Calm. Fine
Euston	SW., strong. Cloudy	W. Cloudy
Wentworth		SW., strong. Fine.

Station	Weather	Bar.	Ther.
Victoria.			
Melbourne	W., light. Dull	29·529	56·
Queenscliff	W. Overcast	29·50	60·
Cape Shank	NW. Dull	29·25	55·
Cape Otway	NW., squally. Showery	29·284	56·
Portland	WNW. Showery	29·510	52·
Port Albert	WNW., fresh. Cloudy	29·40	62·
South Australia.			
Guichen Bay	WNW., strong, squally	29·560	55·5
Adelaide	W. Cloudy	29·602	58·
M'Donnell Bay	WSW. Showery		
Peake	SE. Fine, warm		62·
Alice Springs	NE. Fine, warm		
Daly Waters	W. Cloudy		
Port Darwin	W. Cloudy, warm	29·724	88·

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY.

Latitude 33° 51' 41". Longitude, 10h. 4m. 49s.
Magnetic variation 9° 32' 45" East. 22nd January, 1875.
The time ball is dropped daily (Sundays excepted), at 1 h. p.m. Sydney mean time, or 2h. 55 m. 14s. a.m., Greenwich mean time.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Barometers corrected to 32° Faht., and to mean sea level.
Velocity of wind, measured in miles per hour, and the force in lbs. on the square foot deduced from velocity.
Rainfall and evaporation, measured in inches.
Scales of { Humidity, 0 to 100. Cloudy sky, 0 to 10. Ozone, 0 to 10.

December 6, 1875. Civil Reckoning.

Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature in Shade.	Humidity.	Wind Direction.	Velocity.	Force.	Cloudy sky.	Rain.	Ozone.
A.M. 9	29·865	72·5	66	WNW.	6	0·2	0	0·00	5·5
P.M. 3	·698	76·8	52	ENE.	14	1·0	10		
9	·709	71·5	71	NE.	9	0·4	0		4·5
Mean	29·757	73·6	63·0		10	0·5	3·3		5·0

Evaporation in 24 hours, 0·258.

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Shade { Maximum .... 85·8 | Minimum .... 62·3 } | Sun—maximum .... 125·0 | Grass—minimum .... 54·4

Thermometer with black bulb in black wool, and protected from wind, maximum, 192·3.

Temperature of sea water, 3 feet below the surface, at Fort Denison, at 9 a.m., ——.

Total rainfall from January 1 to December 6, 44·583 inches.

Average rainfall of previous 16 years for period January 1 to December 1, 46·361 inches.

Average annual rainfall of the preceding 16 years, 52·278 inches.

METEOROLOGICAL STATIONS,
arranged in order of latitude, with distance from the coast, and height above sea, where it is known.
Only fourteen of the stations have barometers and hygrometers.

Stations.	Least distance from East coast in miles	Height above sea in feet.	Barometer.	Temperature in shade.	Humidity.	Wind Direction.	Wind Force.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Rain in inches.
			At 9 a.m.—Dec. 6, 1875.					For 24 hours previous to 9 a.m.		
Grafton	22	—	—	—	—	NE.	1·0	105·7	69·3	0
Inverell	124	—	—	78·1	54	NW.	1·0	90·6	53·4	0
Armidale	80	3278	29·971	67·2	57	W.	1·0	90·4	57·9	0
Pt. M'Quarie	1	53	29·640	74·2	—	Calm.	0·0	85·2	65·1	0
Cassilis	140	—	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	91·5	59·2	0
Dubbo	192	—	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	88·9	64·4	0
W. Maitland	18	—	—	—	—	W.	1·0	94·2	60·4	0
Newcastle	1	112	29·600	74·2	70	NW.	0·0	94·3	64·8	0
Orange	124	3891	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	75·7	51·5	0
Bathurst	96	2200	29·550	68·5	40	SE.	1·0	90·0	57·2	0
Forbes	176	—	—	70·0	—	SW.	—	79·2	51·1	0
Sydney	5	155	29·587	67·0	65	SSW.	0·0	93·1	64·8	0
Wentworth	476	—	—	—	—	SW.	16·0	81·2	—	0
Young	140	—	—	—	—	Calm.	0·0	80·0	50·1	0
Wollongong	0	—	—	—	—	NE.	—	91·6	58·7	0
Goulburn	84	2129	29·500	69·8	58	W.	4·0	84·2	48·6	0
W. Wagga	161	—	—	—	—	NW.	1·0	81·9	53·9	0
C. St. George	0	170	29·522	65·6	76	NE.	9·0	72·2	61·6	0
Queanbeyan	60	—	—	—	—	NNE.	9·0	75·7	48·1	0
Deniliquin	287	410	29·653	60·6	59	SW.	4·0	71·7	45·1	0
Cooma	52	2637	—	—	—	NE.	25·0	75·6	47·2	0
Albury	175	572	29·608	50·9	68	WSW.	16·0	65·8	58·7	0
Eden	0	107	29·435	64·7	68	ENE.	1·0	71·0	52·1	0

Stormy at Wentworth.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDUM FOR DECEMBER 7, 1875.

Object.	Rises.	Sets.	Phases of the Moon.
	h.m.	h.m.	December.
Sun	4.44	6.58	First quarter 6th
Moon	1.1 p.m.	12.33 a.m.	Full moon 13th
Mercury	3.11 a.m.	6.7 p.m.	Last quarter 20th
Venus	6.0 a.m.	8.0 p.m.	New moon 28th.
Mars	6.38 a.m.	11.46 p.m.	
Jupiter	3.18 a.m.	4.58 p.m.	
Saturn	1.56 a.m.	11.20 p.m.	Moon's age, 9½ days.

Moon.—In Equator, 7th; G. N. Declination, 13th; in Equator 20th; G. S. Declination, 27th; Perigee, 13th; Apogee, 26th.
High water at Fort Denison, a.m., 1h. 54m.; p.m., 2h. 24m.
H. C. RUSSELL, Government Astronomer.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.
This Company are prepared to grant Insurances upon terms to meet the present EXTREME competition in rates.
A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary.
100, New Pitt-street, 18th August, 1875.

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANY.—This Company's ALMANAC, for 1876, is now ready for delivery to insurers and others, on application at the Office, New Pitt-street, Sydney.
FREDERICK J. JACKSON, Resident Secretary.
4th December, 1875.

AMERICAN RUBBER STAMP COMPANY. Sole Agents, B. RITTENBERG and Co., 85, York-st.

GALVANIZED IRON, 5 to 9 feet lengths
BLASTING POWDER, Woolbagging
FENCING WIRE, Pig Iron
MUNTZ METAL, Metal Rods and Nails
HAMS—Sinclair's and Prenter's.
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO., Wynyard-square.

PURE Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay Curries; smoked Mango Fish, Chutneys, Sauces, Pickles, Peppers, and Jellies. Warranted free from "colonial" adulterations. W. W. BURT, 323, George-street.

SUPERFINE SHAG TOBACCO, two shillings per lb. T. SAYWELL, No. 4, Park-street.

BAGS for Tin and Copper Ore, Flour, and Sugar. SAMUEL HEBBLEWHITE, George-street.

OTARD'S and Associated Case and Flask BRANDIES on SALE. DE LISSA and CO., 3, Barrack-street.

GENUINE BAVARIAN BOTTLED ALE, finest quality, in bond. C. Wright, 48, Hamilton-street.

HARD RUBBISH, for roads, paths, or ballast. Apply Kangaroo Tin Works, Bathurst-street.

SPECIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.
Ex Parramatta.
Sale by Auction,
THIS DAY, 7th instant, at 11 a.m.
64 Cases London-made FURNITURE.
The importers, Messrs. COWLISHAW, BROTHERS, have determined to ADHERE TO THEIR INVALUABLE RULE in these sales of SELLING EVERY LINE to the highest bidder.
CARNY, GILLES, and CO., Auctioneers.
336, George-street.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
ICE IN EIGHT MINUTES.
COBY AND JAUBERT'S PATENT.
The only perfect Ice-making Machine yet introduced, it is simplicity itself. No house should be without one.
SEND FOR PROSPECTUS TO SOLE AGENT,
JOHN SANDS,
392, George-street.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S AROMATIC HOLLANDS TONIC, prepared with the same care and skill as his celebrated SARSAPARILLA.

GOODLET and SMITH, Timber and Galvanized Iron Merchants, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

MR. JOHN SPENCER, SURGEON-DENTIST, 8, Wynyard-square.
Awarded, for proficiency in Mechanical Dentistry, THE LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION MEDAL for 1873.

MR. PEDLEY, Dentist, by Special Appointment to Sir Hercules G. R. Robinson, G.C.M.G.
1, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square.
(Late of 12, George-street, Hanover-square, London, W.)

MR. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL, Dentist, consult daily only at 20, Wynyard-square. No connection with any other person.

WANTED, Dry STORE, on ground floor, York, Clarence, or Pitt streets. Anderson, Hall, and Co.

AMERICAN Early Rose POTATOES; the best sample in Sydney. James Loutit, 157, Sussex-street.

PARNELL TESTIMONIAL FUND.—The members of this Committee are requested to meet THIS DAY, at Exchange Hotel, at 2.30 p.m. Business of importance.

NOTHING makes the skin so smooth and healthy and braces up the constitution of weak, as Omar's Indian Blood Purifier. Sole wholesale agents, Myers and Solomon.

FOR ALL ORDINARY COMPLAINTS a speedy and certain cure can be found in UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHNAPPS. Were it not a good article, would it be continually counterfeited and imitated?

NEW KENT HOPS, 1875, just arrived per steamship Northumberland. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

HAMS, COMPTON, BROS., and CO.'S, just landing. LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME.

CHEESE, COMPTON'S, NORTH WILTS. LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME.

BARCELONAS, WALNUTS. LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME.

SARDINES, "ALBERT'S," Halves and Quarters. LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME.

NEW TEAS ex Warrior, best value in the market. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.

BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS prevents the Hair from falling off, eradicates scurf, dandruff, &c., keeps it in the most beautiful condition, and is warranted to cause new Hair to
GROW ON BALD PLACES.
Sold by all druggists.

DERWENT AND TAMAR ASSURANCE CO. Offices, 71, Pitt-street.
MARINE Insurances effected at lowest current rates.
A. L. PARK, Agent.

EYE, EAR, AND THROAT.—Dr. SPARK, lately from London, may be consulted, daily, at No. 80, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, from 11 till 3.

MORT'S prime Bodalla Hams, 1s 2d per lb. Only lot in the market.
J. MACGREGOR, 220, George-street.

THE PRETTIEST GIFT FOR A LADY is 6 pair of HOBSON and WHITING'S French Kid GLOVES, packed in an elegant scented sachet.
HOBSON and WHITING, 13, Hunter-street.

NIMROD CLUB.—EXCURSION, THURSDAY, 9th instant, s.s. MYSTERY to leave Circular Quay at 8 a.m.
Breakfast at Exchange, 7.30.

TO COUNTRY AGENTS.—The Agents for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD are requested to furnish their quarterly statement of accounts previous to the 10th instant. December, 1875.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Attention to the following rules will save the writers of correspondence a good deal of trouble. We cannot undertake to return rejected communications. No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in this journal must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1875.

AMONGST the railway extensions proposed by the Government is one from Junee to Narrandera. Such a line would strike the Murrumbidgee at a navigable point below Wagga Wagga, and may, with a slight deflection to the northward, be continued along the north bank of the river as far as Hay, and ultimately to Wentworth, and in that case would become the overland line between Sydney and Adelaide. Supposing such extension to be contemplated, this would be the first of those Riverine railways the policy of which has so often been insisted on. As to the wisdom of connecting Sydney with the Darling there can scarcely be two opinions, but there may be two opinions as to the right route to be followed; and before the extension from Junee to Narandera is sanctioned we think the Government ought to be prepared with a general policy of Western railway extension, and satisfy the House that the policy so proposed is the right one in the permanent interest of the colony.

We have often contended that in justice to the Western settlers, and in consistency with our free-trade principles, we ought to leave them as free as possible to trade where they like, and to give them their fair share of public expenditure, and that no amount of jealousy of Melbourne ought to lead us to do them an injustice; but when we are going to saddle the country with debt in order to make railways we are undoubtedly entitled to consider whether those railways will be unnecessarily in the interest of a rival metropolis. We are not bound to spend money to aggrandize Melbourne at the expense of Sydney, and we are quite at liberty so to plan our railways as to do full justice to our own metropolis.

Assuming the shipping attractions of both ports to be equal, and the rates of carriage on the Government railways of the two colonies equal, then Riverine produce might be expected to take the shortest route to market. These are two assumptions, however, which at the present time are not exactly warranted. We are assured, on good authority, that the attractions of the two ports are not equal. Nature has done far more for Port Jackson than for Port Phillip, but it is said that man has done more at Port Phillip than at Port Jackson. Not only are vessels loaded and unloaded more quickly in the southern port, but it is said that the pastoral producers have more inducement to send their commodities to Melbourne for sale than to send them to Sydney. We are not in a position to verify this statement by detailed figures, but we are assured that there is a better chance of a high price at the wool sales in Melbourne than at the wool sales in Sydney; and if this is the case, producers will face the longer carriage in order to get to the better market. It will not be enough for us to say that at a given point our railway line is as near to Sydney as it is to Melbourne. The wool will certainly go to Melbourne in spite of that, if the market there is a better one. Even, however, supposing this to be the case at present, it may be modified. As a rule, the larger the market the better the market; and if we can get the greater portion of our own western produce brought to Sydney, that city would then be, undoubtedly, the largest wool market in the colonies; and if competition is languid now, it will be spirited then.

So far as the railway charges are concerned, the Victorian Government is certainly not underselling our Government; on the contrary, their railway tariff is much higher than ours. A reduction was made some time ago in order to secure the Riverina traffic, but this was principally against the competition of the river steamers; as the competition of our Southern railway becomes more perceptible, it is possible that a further reduction may again be made. We should deprecate the Governments going into any unwholesome rivalry on this score. In the old coaching days in England, there was a time when travellers were carried from London to Manchester for five shillings, and had a dinner given to them on the road. It would not be edifying to see the two Governments of New South Wales and Victoria bidding against each other after the same fashion; but at the same time there is very little doubt that the Victorian Government would not part with any of its Riverina traffic simply because its railway fares were higher than those of its rival.

Assuming, however, that fares and that port attractions were equal, we then have to consider the question as to the distances from given points in Riverina to Sydney and Melbourne respectively. Narrandera is about midway between Sydney and Melbourne, and produce brought down to Narrandera from the north and north-west might go at equal cost to either port if there were a direct railroad. But is there any necessity for our bringing the north Riverina traffic to a point which should be as near to Melbourne as to Sydney? The greater part of South Riverina is nearer to Melbourne than it is to Sydney, and, assuming it to be equally accessible by railways, its produce would go by preference to the southern port. If we continue the Narrandera line to Hay and to Wentworth, every point of it beyond Narrandera would be nearer to Melbourne than to Sydney. It may, perhaps, be said that if there were no cross lines from the Murrumbidgee to Echuca the traffic would be all drawn eastward by the railway. But then such cross lines are sure to be made sooner or later. The Government of this colony yielded the construction of the Deniliquin and Echuca line, and would be found also to yield an extension from Deniliquin to Hay. Such a line running due northward from Melbourne would put a very large portion of the territory north of Hay into easier communication with Melbourne than with Sydney. Hay is about 460 miles from Sydney, while it is only 270 miles from Melbourne. Wentworth also is considerably nearer to Melbourne than to Sydney. We are not under any moral or political obligations to facilitate any arrangement by which we shall unnecessarily drive our Riverina traffic down to the southern port.

For the traffic of South Riverina we must always more or less compete, and for some part of it on very unequal terms. We need not unless we choose have any competition for the traffic of Central and Northern Riverina. The whole of that is geographically nearer to Sydney than to Melbourne, and it at present finds its way down to Adelaide and Melbourne simply because the navigation of the Darling River furnishes such a cheap and convenient method of transit. But railway communication may be made to supersede river communication, and it is quite possible for us so to stretch our railways into Riverina as to secure for Sydney the whole of the traffic north of a certain parallel of latitude. To do this, however, it seems probable that the extension which will secure the whole of the business north of it will have to go rather from the Western line than from the Northern line. A line from Bathurst to Menindie would certainly take everything north of that line; whether a line drawn further south would do the same thing is a point which, so far as we know, has not been considered. As it seems to us, it ought to be considered without any further delay. The line from Junee to Narrandera, as now proposed, seems to be the first instalment in Riverine railway communication, and before it is approved of the whole question of Riverine railways should be thoroughly studied; nothing should be done that is to be afterwards regretted, and everything that is sanctioned, however small it may be, should be put on a settled and comprehensive plan. If the Government has already studied the subject in its entirety, well and good, but let it satisfy Parliament that it has done so—that it is looking far ahead—that it perfectly understands what it is about—and that the scheme as it unfolds itself will be seen to be of a character more and more to command itself to public approval.

THE "Agreements Validating Bill," introduced by Mr. ROBERTSON last week, indicates partially the nature of the Immigration policy of the Government. For a full disclosure of it we must wait until the other bill promised on the subject shall have been introduced, or until Mr. ROBERTSON moves the second reading of the one before us. In the meanwhile it is to be gathered from what is already before the public that the proposal is to set up a new and extended system of assisted immigration, to be worked through the action of employers of labour here, and agents of the Government abroad; and that the assistance is to be rendered, not with borrowed money, but from current revenue. And, while we cannot yet offer an opinion upon the policy of the Government as a whole, the instalment before us claims approval so far as it goes, though we should like to see it go a good way further.

The sum set down in the Estimates—£50,000—is not a large one for this purpose; nor can we tell until the details of the scheme are made public how far it is intended to go. Still it is a point gained to have such an expenditure as this proposed for the purpose, and it is a further step to have the sum charged against current revenue. Mr. ROBERTSON admitted, some time ago, that receipts from the land might legitimately be applied in the introduction of population; and it is well that he has seen fit to give that admission effect. There can be no more appropriate purpose to which the Government could put the revenue derived from sales of portions of the public estate than the introduction of population, to heighten the value of the remainder. It has been a shortsighted and a discreditable policy hitherto that has led to the absorption of the land revenue in the payment of current expenses of Government, and has left the work of peopling the territory either wholly neglected, or to be a charge upon future generations that will not have the land revenue of the present day to fall back upon.

We have on former occasions objected to any system of immigration at the public cost that would be inelastic. We do not want a constant stream of immigration of uniform volume poured into the colony year by year, without regard to variations in our local circumstances and requirements. That was one main fault in Mr. PIDDINGTON's scheme of last session. It is at least one merit of the policy now foreshadowed that it recognises the expediency of regulating the supply of immigrants by the demand for them, and so provides against the evils of indiscriminate and reckless importation. It proposes, in fact, to do much the same thing for the labour market as is done in the market for general merchandise, when importers on this side order such goods as are likely to admit of ready sale, instead of instructing correspondents on the other side to send consignments of all kinds of goods *ad libitum*. One of the chief arguments that has always been used in defence of the old system of assisted immigration was that people here, in nominating their relatives in the old country, would be sure to exert themselves to find them some place or occupation to fall into on their arrival. There was much force in this, although there was a counterbalancing argument on the other side. The system did give some guarantee that the newly arrived immigrants should be at once provided for, and absorbed amongst the population; but it gave no sufficient guarantee that they should be the most desirable class of immigrants, or the best value for the money. Mr. ROBERTSON's scheme (or what we presume to be his scheme) goes further in this direction. The nomination or selection of the immigrants is not to be left to family affection or friendship, but will rest rather upon the enlightened self-interest of employers of labour. A railway contractor, for instance, who is in need of a hundred navvies, and cannot get them in the colonies, would, under this system, be enabled to hire them in England and bring them out at charges low enough to make the speculation pay, while he would, of course, be serving the public interest; and it may be assumed that such a person, in hiring the men he wanted, would be as careful in his arrangements to get the right kind of men as a merchant is to import the right kind of goods. Thus immigrants of a description actually wanted in the colony would be brought out to do work actually ready to their hands, and would at once enter upon their stipulated service.

The chief difficulty in carrying out schemes of this sort has been this: in practice, contracts made on the other side of the water between employers' agents and the people they hired could not be enforced in the colony. But, of course, if employers here have to bear any portion of the cost or liability of introducing immigrants hired for them beyond the seas, they require some tangible ground for believing that the service stipulated for will really be at command. The object of Mr. ROBERTSON's bill is to give this guarantee. Contracts for personal service are made every day in the colony on the strength of the knowledge that they can be enforced by law. The purpose of the bill is, that similar contracts made elsewhere shall be as binding and effectual, provided that they do not run for a period of more than two years (or with three months added for the voyage), and that the person hired has been duly informed of the current rates of wages and cost of living in the colony by an agent of the Government.

The bill provides that all complaints for breaches of agreements thus entered into shall be heard and determined in a summary way before any two justices; and it gives a right of appeal to Quarter Sessions in cases where the penalty after conviction exceeds five pounds. Is it to be understood from these provisions that immigration agreements are to be distinguished from ordinary agreements under the Masters and Servants Act, and that no other penalties than fines are to be inflicted for breaches of them? If it be so, the value of the scheme will be considerably diminished. The effectual remedy against breaches of these agreements will be found in a power to punish by imprisonment. The agreements as to service should, in fact, be placed on the same footing altogether as ordinary agreements under the Masters and Servants Act. But the terms of the 6th and 7th clauses seem to us at least ambiguous enough to raise the question whether a distinction might not hereafter be drawn between them; and that ambiguity should be cured.

When agreements are made under which the immigrant undertakes to repay his employer money advanced by him towards payment for the passage, the situation is somewhat different. But it is not sufficient to remove doubts as to the validity of such agreements. However valid the agreement may be, what would the employer gain under it by attempting to recover sums of money from labouring men who could at once declare themselves insolvent? If it be the policy of the State to promote immigration by supplementing any outlay made for the purpose by employers of labour, the State should offer those employers a better security for the return of their advances. And this could be done by repaying them itself as soon as the immigrant had landed and entered upon his employment. The debt due from the immigrant to his employer could then be transferred to the State, and be made payable by instalments to any clerk of Petty Sessions, either directly or through the employer, who might be constituted the agent of the State for this purpose. If it be said that this system would do away with the check upon the introduction of immigrants that were not required, the answer is that the employers importing them would have to advance money in the first instance, and would place themselves under binding agreements to provide employment.

There is one other point to be noticed. The capitalist, acting upon the facilities afforded by the State, would find it to his interest to import single men only. It is, however, to the interest of the State that a fair balance should be maintained between the sexes. And the policy of the Government should therefore include provision for the free importation by the State of the wife and family of every married immigrant brought over by the capitalist, and of single females equal in number to the single male immigrants so imported.

SUPREME COURT.—Business This Day.—Ex parte Jeanneret (prohibition), Johnson v. Rigney (rule nisi), ex parte Hartman (prohibition), Nevile v. Abbott (appeal). New Trial Motions: Vickery v. Lloyd, Bowen v. Morrison, Melbourne Banking Company v. Brewer, Contest v. Cowan. Master's Office, at 11 a.m.: Lloyd and another v. Vickery and another (adjourned evidence). Divorce Jurisdiction.—Before his Honor Mr. Justice Hargrave: Nairn v. Nairn, to make decree nisi absolute.

DISTRICT COURT.—Tuesday, December 7.—Causes: Graham v. Shepherd, Graham v. Keys, Heal v. Walker, Williams v. Hewes, Watson v. Hastable, Wells v. Moon, Woollams v. Dickenson, Egan v. Jones, Etherington v. Hassnet, Clorau v. Collyer, Pitt and another v. Shying, Ferguson v. Orr, M'Donald v. Rountree, Murphy and another v. Graham, Bobarfald v. Terry.

JURY LIST.—A Revision Court will sit at the Central Police Office, at 12 o'clock, to-day, Tuesday, to revise the jury list for 1876.

NEW SOUTH WALES CRICKETING ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the New South Wales Cricketing Association was held last night at Tattersall's.—Mr. Coates in the chair. There was a large attendance of delegates. The hon. secretary, Mr. Gibson, read the letter from Mr. Handfield the secretary of the Victorian Association, agreeing to two matches every season with New South Wales, unless in any season when the colony of Victoria might be visited by an English team. The hon. secretary was desired to acknowledge the letter. The following were elected as the thirteen who will represent the colony in the intercolonial match with Victoria:—Messrs. Coates, Dumaresq, N. Thompson, Evans, Spofforth, Tocher, Murdoch, Sheridan, Neale, D. Gregory, E. Gregory, Tindall, and Powell. A deputation was appointed to wait upon the A. S. N. Co., requesting that they would be pleased to delay the Melbourne boat till 7 or 8 o'clock p.m. on Saturday next, so as to allow eleven out of the thirteen chosen for Victoria, to have time to play in a match with the Queensland fifteen, in the Albert Ground on the afternoon of that day. At half-past 4 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, there will be a meeting of the association to make final arrangements for the intercolonial match, and at this meeting an umpire and scorer will be chosen.

THE LATE PROCESSION.—We have been requested to publish the following communication in reference to the procession on the 9th November, in connection with the laying of the foundation stone of the Protestant Hall. Copy: "Police Department, Inspector-General's Office, Sydney, 4th December, 1875. The statement made in the *Herald*, paragraph attached, gives an incorrect impression of facts. The procession fell in, in the Domain, and I went down the ranks, observing a good many men wearing badges of Orange lodges (a breach of the Party Procession Act, and also in contravention of the undertaking in writing given to me). I informed the parties of the illegality, and ultimately induced the men to take off such badges. I was assisted by Mr. Goold, M.P., Mr. M'Coy, and others. Subsequently, in company with Superintendent Read, I watched the whole procession, twice, as it passed, and saw no Orange badges, only colours, regalia, &c., of friendly societies. Everything was very orderly, and I observed no breach of the law. Edmund Fosbery, I.G.P. The Honorable the Colonial Secretary." Our reporter may have mistaken "friendly societies' badges" for the badges of Orange lodges, but certainly he was not singular in his impression, and in many instances it would have been impossible to detect the difference.

CABLEGRAMS.—The following is a memorandum of the number of paid telegrams transmitted over the Eastern Extension Australasian and China Telegraph Company's cable from Port Darwin, for the two weeks ending Friday, November 26, 1875:—Sent from Australia: South Australia 6; Victoria, 38; New South Wales, 27; Queensland, 7; New Zealand, 2; total, 80. Sent to the colonies: South Australia, 3; Victoria, 18; New South Wales, 16; Queensland, 2; New Zealand, 1; total, 40. Total number of messages, 120.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Yesterday morning, a man was brought up at the Central Police Court, and punished for cruelty to a horse. It appeared that he had driven the animal all the way from Lane Cove, and that whilst proceeding up Pitt-street on Saturday morning the horse dropped down from sheer exhaustion, and ultimately had to be shot. We are informed that this is the first case in which a man has been imprisoned without the option of a fine for this description of offence, and it is to be hoped that the influence of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals will have the good effect of putting a stop to all ill-treatment of dumb animals.

EXTRAORDINARY ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE BY A CHILD.—Many strange suicides are from time to time recorded, but one of the most remarkable is that related by the following paper:—A little girl, only eleven years of age, named Ellen Dennister, living with her parents at Faraday-street, Carlton, received chastisement for some childish fault, and retired to her room in a very sullen mood. Shortly afterwards her mother had occasion to visit the room, and made the terrible discovery that the girl had swallowed a heavy dose of oil of tar and chloroform, kept in the house for toothache. The child was lying in the bed semi-unconscious, breathing heavily. An emetic was at once administered, and the child taken to the hospital without delay. On her arrival at the institution other remedies were tried, and they were so far successful that the young patient was pronounced out of danger at midnight. Such a case of determination in a child so young is almost without parallel.

NEW CORDIAL MANUFACTORY.—A cordial manufactory, under the name of the Star Cordial and Liqueur Works, is now in full operation at Marrickville. Messrs. Louis Riese and Co. are the proprietors, and the industry promises to become an important one. The manufactory consists of some substantially constructed buildings, fitted with all the necessary appliances for carrying on a large trade. The principal cordials made are lime-juice cordial, ginger-wine, and malt vinegar. Besides the business of making cordials, Messrs. Riese and Co. intend to manufacture soap-powder.

MILITARY.—A military Court of Inquiry has been sitting to investigate certain charges made by Lieutenant Russell against Major Airey and Lieutenant Le Patourel. We are informed that the charges against Lieutenant Le Patourel were withdrawn; that the inquiry into the charges against Major Airey has terminated, and that the decision of the Court of Inquiry has been forwarded to his Excellency the Governor for confirmation.

MERCANTILE AND SYDNEY ROWING CLUBS' REGATTA.—By advertisement in another column it is announced that the prizes won at the late combined regatta will be presented to the successful competitors by the residents of the respective clubs, at the Exchange, this evening, at 8 o'clock.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.—The report for the week ended 4th December is as follows:—Admitted: 35 males, 6 females; total, 52. Discharged: 34 males, 21 females; total, 55. Died: 5 males, 2 females; total, 7. Remaining in house: 150 males, 67 females; total, 217. The subscriptions, &c., received amount to £82 11s. 6d.

CRICKET.—CIVIL SERVICE CUP MATCH.—A meeting of the selection committee of the Public Works Department was held last night, at the Oxford Hotel, when the following players were selected to play in the match against the Lands Office, which is to come off on next Saturday, viz.:—Messrs. A. Richardson, M'Lachlan, Forsythe, Doherty, Tompson, Josephson, Mason, Scale, H. Morris, Oram, S. Burrows, and Pulligan.

TIN ORE.—The following is a return of tin ore forwarded from Murrurundi railway station during the week ending 4th December:—To Newcastle: Grove, 4 tons 19 cwt. 2 qrs. 20 lbs.; PPW, 8 tons 19 cwt. 2 qrs. 15 lbs.; Moore & Co., 4 tons 6 cwt. 1 qr.; Grove, 3 tons 0 cwt. 2 lbs. To Morpeth: MHB, 3 tons 12 cwt. 2 qrs. 10 lbs.; RCH over H, 10 tons 13 cwt. 3 qrs. 21 lbs.; ditto, 1 ton 9 cwt. 0 qr. 5 lbs.; GNG, 2 tons 15 cwt. 1 qr. 5 lbs.; Swinton, 2 tons 0 cwt. 1 qr. 3 lbs.; ditto, 6 tons 14 cwt. 1 qr. 3 lbs.; ditto, 12 tons 9 cwt. 0 qr. 3 lbs.; MAY, 1 tons 19 cwt. 2 qrs. 10 lbs.; Swinton & D, 2 tons 11 cwt. 3 qrs. 20 lbs.; ditto, 5 tons 12 cwt. 1 qr. 7 lbs.; Swinton, 4 tons 13 cwt. 0 qr. 6 lbs.; Swinton and Garby, 3 tons 4 cwt. 2 qrs. 2 lbs.; VCTM Coy, 2 tons 5 cwt. 1 qr. 2 lbs.; ditto, 1 ton 16 cwt. 0 qr. 13 lbs.; Britannia, 5 tons 6 cwt. 0 qr. 6 lbs.; Canadian, 16 cwt. 2 qrs.; Cam and Parker, 4 tons 3 cwt. 0 qr. 25 lbs.; Victoria, 11 tons 11 cwt. 2 qrs. 27 lbs.; Swinton, 3 tons 5 cwt. 1 qr. 24 lbs. Total weight, 111 tons 9 cwt. 1 qr. 5 lbs.

FATAL MINING ACCIDENT.—The *Hill End Times* records a very serious mining accident which occurred at about 5 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon to Messrs. Brand and Fletcher. It appears that at the hour named they were engaged in tamping a charge of powder in a shallow hole with a steel tamping bar, when an unexpected explosion took place, injuring both men, the difficulty and danger of whose position were increased by their being the only two at work in the immediate vicinity. Mr. Fletcher, although nearly blind from the burns of powder in his face, being the less injured of the two, managed to crawl to the surface, and thence to the Sir Hercules' Battery, about a quarter of a mile distant, where the necessary assistance was procured for conveying Mr. Brand home. He was holding the bar when the explosion occurred, and the injuries he received were frightful, consisting of compound fracture of the right leg and arm with great laceration; his right hand was broken, and his face much injured and disfigured by powder. The case was pronounced almost hopeless by the medical men, and Mr. Brand expired on the 3rd instant. His injuries were frightful, but he bore them with the greatest fortitude. We are glad to learn that Mr. Fletcher is progressing favourably under Dr. M'Mullin's care, although his eyes are severely hurt and he has several other wounds.

UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT AT POISONING.—The wife of a bricklayer, named Tyler, was charged at the New Norfolk Police Court, on November 23, with poisoning Sarah Fielding, wife of Henry Fielding, a labourer in the employ of Sir Robert Officer. It was elicited (reports the *Hobart Town Mercury*) that on the morning of the 18th ultimo the prisoner went to Fielding's on the pretence of getting some clothes left by her son, who had been lodging there. Mr. Fielding had gone to work, and after stating what she wanted, Mrs. Tyler asked Mrs Fielding to have a nip of rum, at the same time producing a small bottle with a little of the spirit in it, and dividing it by pouring it into two cups. Mrs. Fielding left the room to get the clothes, and on returning she noticed that one cup was empty and the other had more rum in it than before. She drank the rum, and noticing that it had a bitter taste, she said, "Whatever is there in that rum: you haven't had bitters in it, have you?" Mrs. Tyler replied, "No, I got it from Ephraim's" (Wheatsheaf Hotel). At that moment—very fortunately as it happened—a neighbour knocked at the door, and on Mrs. Fielding going to admit her, Mrs. Tyler retired. On getting to the door Mrs. Fielding felt very unwell, and she told the neighbour, who wisely got some ipecacuanha wine and administered it, making her vomit. This probably saved her life; but as she continued to show symptoms of having been poisoned, the superintendent of police (Mr. Stevenson), and Dr. Huston were sent for. Mrs. Fielding was suffering considerably when the doctor arrived, but he did not notice anything to justify the supposition that she had been poisoned. The bottle containing the rum brought by Mrs. Tyler had been left by her in the hurry of her departure, and on Mr. Fielding coming home he tasted a little of the spirit, and the same symptoms, though in a milder form, manifested themselves in him. Mr. Stevenson, being made acquainted with this, took the bottle and its remaining contents to Dr. Huston. On examination particles of strychnine were plainly visible, and subsequently some drops of the rum were given to a cat, which died in a very short time, proving conclusively the presence of the poison. The prisoner was committed for trial. All the parties in the case reside in the township at New Norfolk, and there appeared to be no doubt as to the motive the prisoner had for committing the crime. Mr. Fielding, it appears, was brought up by the prisoner's mother, and it had been settled amongst the family that he should marry the prisoner's daughter. He does not seem to have concurred in this amicable arrangement, for he married his present wife, and the Tyler family have always had a spite against her in consequence.

LOST IN THE BUSH.—A lad named W. H. Senkin, aged 14, living at Brighton, was lost in the bush at Wandon Yallock, in the Lillydale district, on Thursday last. It appears (says the *Australasian*) that the boy was on a visit to his brother, who is working for Mr. Carter, a farmer at Wandon Yallock. About 10 a.m. on that day he took a gun and went into the bush to have a shot at some birds. As he did not return at dark a search was made for him, but without avail. The alarm was given, and the settlers turned out next day to search the bush. All day Friday and Saturday the search was kept up, but it was not successful. On Saturday evening a black tracker was obtained from the station at Corandork. The boy was afterwards found. Mounted-constable Armstrong reports that the boy, whose parents reside at North Brighton, went out to a friend's house who live at the Redlands, seven miles from Lillydale and fifteen from Healesville, and on Thursday morning last was reported as missing. Constable O'Meagher, of Lillydale, and constable Tevlin, of Healesville, proceeded on Saturday, the 27th November, accompanied by a black tracker, to the house of John Carter, from where the boy had been missed, and at at once instituted a search, but could find no traces of the boy. Over 100 persons also turned out, but all efforts were fruitless. On Monday, constables Armstrong and Tevlin proceeded, with three other black trackers, to Carter's house, and when they arrived there they heard the report of firearms, which was the signal that the boy had been found. The boy's statement is to the effect that he went into the bush to shoot birds, taking a small sheep dog with him. Coming across a flock of birds, he followed in pursuit of his sport and wandered too far from the house, losing the track altogether. He crossed the Wandon Yallock River, and, after wandering about for three days, he was found at the Emerald diggings by a miner named Watson, who heard the lad "cooeying." Watson answered the boy's call, and thus saved him from an untimely end. Senken had nothing to eat from early on Thursday morning (the 25th) till 11 a.m. on the following Sunday. Watson's house was only ten miles from Carter's house, where the boy was first missed from. When found, Senken did not appear to have suffered much from his three days' fasting and exposure.

INTERESTING DISCOVERY IN NEW ZEALAND.—The *Otago Daily Times* says that an important discovery of moa bones has been made north of Auckland by the secretary of the Auckland Institute and Mr. George Thorne. Along the beach for many miles north of Whangarei Heads, they discovered numerous bones, and have brought down portions of 15 moas. The leg bones of one of them indicate a height of 10 feet. Unfortunately there is no complete skeleton of the head. They also discovered a complete human skeleton in a sitting posture (as it was usual to bury Maoris), which has been brought into town, together with several other skulls and human bones. With the moa skeletons were found many large-sized pebbles which that bird was in the habit of swallowing with its food; also a stone hatchet of a very rude type, and bits of volcanic glass, evidently chipped for the purpose of cutting flesh. The bones have evidently lain some hundreds of years, and the natives in the district had no knowledge of their existence. There is no doubt whatever that the natives whose remains have been thus brought to light lived along the beach. Vegetation must have grown there at that time, and the bones became covered up with drift sand. Bush fires have burned off the vegetation, and the wind has disturbed the sand, leaving the bones exposed again. The discovery is especially important, because hitherto the moa region has been supposed to have been entirely south of Auckland, the present being the first discovery of any remains of this gigantic bird in the North. Possibly this is accounted for by the numerous native population in the North exterminating the birds at an earlier period than in other parts of the colony.

TREE DESTROYED BY LIGHTNING.—The *Western Post* says that on the 29th ultimo, during a very heavy thunderstorm, a large gum-tree, about 20 yards from the school-house, at Limestone Flat, where the teacher and children were assembled, was struck by lightning. Some of the children saw the lightning striking the tree, which was struck with such force as to throw heavy pieces of timber of the size of a rail a good distance away from it, but, luckily, not in the direction of the school-house, the door of which was left open all the while. One good-sized piece of wood was found by Mr. J. Atkinson quite close to the school as he was coming to see if any person was hurt. Smoke was seen clearly at the base of the tree at the moment it got struck. It was a very miraculous escape for the teacher as well as the poor children, who were frightened out of their wits for a while after the occurrence.

INSANITY AND DESTITUTION.—The increase of lunatics and destitute persons in Victoria (writes the *Spectator*) during the decade ending with December last, is as melancholy as it is alarming. At the close of 1864 there were just 16,550 persons of all classes in the various hospitals, asylums, orphanages, and reformatories; but in 1874 the number was not less than 30,508. While the population in the latter year was only 808,437, against 601,34[illegible] in the former year—or little more than 25 per cent. greater than ten years ago—the inmates of our charitable institutions, &c., had increased nearly 100 per cent. But the most serious augmentation is in the cases of insanity; for whereas there were only 1265 lunatics in the colony in 1864, this unhappy class had risen in 1874 to 2914. The figures, which are taken from the *Victorian Year Book*, prepared by the Government statist, are worthy of the most serious attention. How can we account for the terrible addition to the mass of people who must be placed under control for their own safety? Surely not to an increase of intemperance, for the inhabitants of Victoria are certainly a soberer race than they were in 1864. Nor is it easy to explain why the mass of infirm, destitute, and sick should have swelled to its present proportions.

A SNAKE POISONED.—A strange case of a snake being poisoned has been related in the *Burrangong Chronicle*, by Mr. Scott, of Murrumburrah. It appears he has been in the habit of emptying the fat left in the frying pan into a vessel and afterwards putting strychnine into it for the purpose of endeavouring to poison the mice. On going into the outhouse where the poisoned fat was kept Mr. Scott discovered a large snake lying on the ground dead. There was a small hole in the centre of the fat which had evidently been made by the snake eating it. It is a good thing to know that such reptiles can be destroyed by means of poison.

LIBEL.—The Melbourne *Age* writes:—The proprietors of this journal were, on the 1st instant, served with a writ for libel at the instance of Mr. Mason, M.L.A., damages laid at £2000. We can only assume that the Assembly, in refusing to investigate charges which have been publicly brought against one of its members and allowing them to be remitted to a Court of law, thereby writes itself unequal to the task of judging of what is necessary for the vindication of its own honour. This journal has never said anything half so severe of the worst Parliament the colony has ever had as this tacit confession of moral incompetency implies.

WHY KEROSENE LAMPS EXPLODE.—The following has appeared in an Otago paper:—"Many things may occur to cause the flame to pass down the wick tube and explode the gas. 1. A lamp may be standing on a table or mantel, and a slight puff of air from the open window, or the sudden opening of a door, cause an explosion. 2. A lamp may be taken up quickly from a table or mantel, and instantly explode. 3. A lamp is taken into an entry where there is a draught, or out of doors, and an explosion ensues. 4. A lighted lamp is taken up a flight of stairs, or is raised quickly to place it on the mantel, resulting in an explosion. In all these cases the mischief is done by the air movement—either by suddenly checking the draught, or forcing air down the chimney against the flame. 5. Blowing down the chimney to extinguish the light is a frequent cause of explosion. 6. Lamp explosions have been caused by using a chimney broken off at the top, or one that has a piece broken out, whereby the draught is rendered variable and the flame unsteady. 7. Sometimes a thoughtless person puts a small-sized wick in a large number, thus leaving a considerable space in the tube along the edges of the wick. 8. An old burner, with its air-draughts clogged up, which rightfully should be thrown away, is sometimes continued in use, and the final result is an explosion."

A STORM AT BRAIDWOOD.—The north-west wind to which the district was treated on Wednesday (reports the *Dispatch*) almost defies description, and the oldest inhabitant would require his memory to be freshened by the aid of some stimulant for him to bring to mind anything like it as regards violence. The dust flew in clouds, and when the supply of that began to fail short small stones took its place. The westerly gales began at the latter end of August, and have continued with short spells ever since, a shower or two has laid the dust and cooled the earth, followed by another disastrous hurricane with frosts in the morning. Pasturage everywhere is dried up, vegetables not to be obtained except from the Chinese gardeners in Araluen, and the wheat in many places ruined by the frost, but Wednesday capped all, the wind blowing with extraordinary violence for more than twelve hours. In the bush large trees have been torn up by the roots, and along the Queanbeyan line the telegraph posts have suffered considerably. Tops of houses have been blown down and ricketty old shanties levelled with the ground, while a large portion of the high fluming of the Perseverance company on the west of the Shoalhaven River has been blown down. Such a day as Wednesday can never be forgotten by any one.

SAVED FROM DROWNING.—A fortunate rescue from death by drowning is said by the *Argus* to have been made during the passage of the s.s. Albion from New Zealand to Melbourne. At 5.25 p.m. on the 27th ultimo, the steamer going 11½ knots, with a strong S.E. breeze and all sail set, a steerage passenger named F. Woolf, while under the influence of drink, or suffering a recovery from its effects, deliberately jumped overboard. On the alarm being given the engines were reversed, sail taken in, and a boat manned and lowered as quickly as possible. The boat succeeded in reaching the would-be suicide just as he was sinking, and in 12 minutes after the engines were reversed he was safe on board again, a wetter if not a wiser man.

CORPORATION OFFICERS' PICNIC.—The annual picnic of the officers of the Corporation was held on Saturday, at Balmoral. The party went across the harbour in the steamer Prince. After an hour or two's recreation they sat down to an excellent luncheon by Compagnoni. Mr. Edward Lord, City Treasurer, presided, having on his right the Mayor of Sydney, Mr. Benjamin Palmer. After the usual loyal toasts the chairman proposed a toast to the Mayor. In doing so he said that, during the long time he had been an officer in the Corporation, he had known no one who had been Mayor who had been more watchful of the officers, and at the same time had been more kind or more uniformly courteous towards them. And with regard to what he had done for the city, he believed that Mr. Palmer had given as much satisfaction to the citizens as he had done to the officers, notwithstanding that during a period of financial embarrassment he had had much to contend with, and many unpleasant duties to perform. In replying to the toast the Mayor spoke of the officers in complimentary terms, and expressed a hope that if, in the discharge of his administrative duties, he had seemingly acted with harshness, it would militate in no way against the cordial good feeling between those whose attention to their duties was most praiseworthy and himself. He concluded by proposing the health of the chairman in a few humorous remarks. The aldermen were often referred to as the city fathers, but he thought in their chairman they saw the city grandfather; for Mr. Lord had held a position in the Corporation of Sydney ever since the commencement of municipal government in the country, in the year 1842. The toast, "the Patriarch," was drunk with all honours, and was suitably acknowledged by the chairman. The company then betook themselves to various sports, and returned to Sydney early in the evening.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.—On Wednesday last the annual excursion in connection with St. Thomas's Sunday-school, Balmain, took place to Pearl Bay. The steamer Violet conveyed the children and the visitors. She made two trips down during the morning. The children were well feasted with ham sandwiches, buns, cake, &c., and appeared thoroughly to enjoy themselves. There were several races for prizes, in which many of the children joined. The weather during the day was not all that could be desired, on account of prevailing hot winds. All were landed safely at Balmain, without any mishap, by 7.30 p.m.

PICNIC TO THE TASMANIAN CRICKETERS.—A picnic and fishing excursion was given yesterday by the Albert Club to the Tasmanian representatives, and although the oppressive temperature of the weather and a boisterous north-westerly wind interfered with thorough enjoyment, a considerable amount of pleasure was derived from the day's outing. During the forenoon about sixty gentlemen proceeded by steamer to Pearl Bay, where the party landed and amused themselves in various ways. Several of the Tasmanians exhibited a decided predilection for salt water, and disported therein for some time, while others assisted in hauling the net, but without much success, owing to the heavy squalls that swept down Middle Harbour. Dinner was served, about 2 o'clock, in the pavilion on the hill, and, despite the heat, the guests and the rest of the party sat down with sharpened appetites, and did full justice to the excellent substantials set before them. The "claret cup," too, went round, and then followed the time-honoured British institution of speech-making, without which no public or semi-public dinner is supposed to be complete. Mr. W. M. Alderson, who occupied the chair, after giving the usual loyal toasts, called upon the company to drink to the Tasmanian eleven, and paid them a high and deserved compliment for their gentlemanly demeanour during their stay in Sydney. The sentiments uttered by the chairman were enthusiastically echoed by the Alberts and their friends, and Mr. Walker (captain of the Tasmanians) having briefly but eloquently responded, the toast of "The Ladies" and "The Press," were given and acknowledged, and this part of the programme was brought to a termination. Rounders, fishing, and other amusements were again entered into, and about a quarter past 6 o'clock, the "all aboard" was given out, and in a few minutes later the steamer left Pearl Bay, and landed the excursionists at the Circular Quay at 6 o'clock. The Tasmanians will return home in the Tasman, and those who have had an intimate acquaintance with them during their sojourn here will be only too happy at some future time to welcome them once more to the colony.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—The fine panorama called the "Mirror of England" attracted a large attendance at the School of Arts last night. This is certainly one of the best panoramas, in an artistic point of view, that has ever been exhibited in Sydney; it reproduces with startling fidelity some of the most memorable scenes in English history, and is worthy of inspection by all who venerate the dear old land which we all delight to speak of as "home."

VICTORIA THEATRE.—Yesterday evening the performances at the above theatre were for the benefit of Miss Dickie Lingard, when "Saratoga" was repeated to a very full house.

M. BLONDIN'S HIGH ROPE PERFORMANCES.—M. Blondin appeared last night in the Outer Domain; between 3600 and 4000 persons were present. The Chevalier introduced two new feats, namely, "Music in the air," and "Wheeling Punch across the rope." The pyrotechnic display was, as usual, excellent, and the performance was a very satisfactory one.

REV. C. CLARK.—"Christmas in Old England," with its associations of snow upon the ground, icicles pendant from every bough and spray, frozen-over rivers, wraps, mufflers, and furs, frost-bitten noses and fingers, spiced and steaming bowls of wassail wine, chimes and carols, roast-beef, plumpudding, and mincepies, dancing and revelry—an appropriate subject for a fierce evening of an Australian December, such as that of yesterday, when the very air seemed to stifle, and one gasped for breath, as a newly-caught fish pants for its natural element! Yet the dense crowd that peopled the Masonic Hall seemed to derive enjoyment enough during the two hours beguiled away by the Rev. Charles Clark and his assisting singers; and if a person could "hold a fire in his hand by thinking on the frozen Caucasus," no doubt the subject would be refreshing enough. At any rate there could be few abler exponents of it than the lecturer, who seems to have Christmas and all its associations "at his fingers' ends." This discourse, from the nature of the subject itself, does not involve the lecturer in so much labour as the others which Mr. Clark has delivered; and he is assisted by a double quartette of singers, conducted by Mr. W. G. Broadhurst, and led by Miss Christian, whose pure and charming vocalism is in itself a great attraction. In the carol "Come round the hearth," she was enthusiastically *encored*. Mrs. Clark presides at the piano-forte, and amongst the singers are several local favourites. The carols are divided into three heads:—Ecclesiastical, namely, "Adeste Fideles" and "Once again, O blessed time;" Popular Religious Carols, *videlicet*, "Christo Paremus Canticum," "The Legend of Joseph and the Angel," "God rest you, merry gentlemen," "Cradle Song of the Virgin," "The First Noel," and "The Golden Carol;" and Festive Carols, as follow, "Good King Wenceslas," "The Boar's Head," "The Roast Beef of Old England," and "Come Round the Hearth." So many pieces of music, of course, confine the lecturer's task to within comparatively narrow limits. The entertainment is, however, an extremely pleasant one. It is, as the subject deserves, homely, cheerful, and quiet; and one of Mr. Clark's gifts as a lecturer is his faculty of becoming at home with his audience in a very few minutes. All the carols were admirably rendered. Mr. Clark divides his lecture, like the melody, into three heads, being in this respect, as he remarked, orthodox; for he knew a worthy divine, who, if addressed upon any subject whatever, would not fail to respond, "My dear sir, the question resolves itself into three heads." But he differed from the young lady who thought a discourse resembled a kiss, inasmuch as it only required two heads, and an application. He, in the first place, traced the origin of Christmas festivities from the very earliest periods upon record. He next sketched the commencement of Christmas Carols, which he said was no doubt to be ascribed to the mystery or miracle-plays of old, in which sacred history was treated with, what appears to us, a good deal of familiarity. He referred to one play in which was presented an account of the Deluge with the animals marching into the Ark one by one, each as he proceeded delivering some pious sentiment or moral reflection, which threw the aphorisms of the talking-fish or the learned pig of modern times completely into the shade. Mr. Clark's description of Christmas of old, and of the present day, was a very pleasant one, interspersed with quaint anecdotes and legends identified with the subject, which he related and commented upon with a humour peculiarly his own.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

AUSTRALIAN ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.

RAGLAN.

MONDAY.

NEARLY one thousand bales of wool were unloaded here to-day. The Railway Department are running special trains of trucks from Sydney to this station to meet the demands. The wool still continues to arrive in larger quantities than were ever witnessed at a western terminus. Several thousand bales are expected to arrive during the present week.

KIAMA.

MONDAY.

The Bishop of Sydney preached in Christ Church, Kiama, on Sunday morning and evening, to a large congregation. He also preached in the same church this morning and evening, and offered up special prayers for rain.

QUEANBEYAN.

MONDAY.

Assistant-Postmaster Kinsela was arrested to-day on suspicion of opening letters passing through the office.

MUDGEE.

MONDAY.

The business before the Quarter Sessions was continued to-day. Michael Hartsfall was convicted of horse stealing at Gulgong, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment in Mudgee gaol. George Hopkins, a boy of seventeen years, convicted of a criminal assault on a girl under twelve years of age, at Gulgong, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

BRISBANE.

MONDAY.

Two Japanese Commissioners, from the Melbourne Exhibition, proceeding homewards, visited Parliament House, the Botanic Gardens, and Acclimatization grounds, to-day.

There has been a terrific hot, dusty, northerly wind to-day, culminating in heavy squalls at sunset from the westward, with much thunder and lightning; it is now raining.

An extensive quartz reef has been discovered at the head of the Fanning River.

ARRIVED.—Banshee.

MELBOURNE.

MONDAY.

The convict Weechurch, whose real name is Taylor, was executed this morning; he was quite quiet, and addressed a few words from the scaffold asserting his innocence of attempt to murder.

The strike in connection with the Maryborough and Avoca railway has been amicably settled.

The Tasmanian line will, it is expected, be repaired this week. In the meantime a steamer has been engaged.

Mr. Neil Black has lost the valuable bull Earl of Waterloo.

Richard Lee, proprietor of the *Police Budget*, has surrendered his bail; the charge against him will be heard next sitting.

A German, name unknown, who recently arrived from Adelaide, committed suicide yesterday morning, on a farm at Preston, by hanging.

Adelaide wheat sold at 6s.

A Mauritius telegram to 12th November states that 750 tons sugar cleared for Sydney, 650 tons for Melbourne, and 150 tons for Adelaide. Three vessels are loading for Melbourne. Comparatively no demand for Australia. Exchange is lower. The price of sugar has declined 10 to 25 cents. The crop is estimated at 95,000 to 100,000 tons. The export of sugars to the colonies from 1st August amounted to 5600 tons.

QUEENSCLIFF.

MONDAY.

ARRIVED.—Formosa, American ship, from Boston; at 9.40 a.m., H. M. S. Dido; at 3.48 a.m., You Yangs (s.), from Sydney.

SAILED.—Madame Demorest (barque), for Sydney.

ADELAIDE.

MONDAY.

The R. M. S. China sailed at 8 a.m. on Sunday.

Mr. Boucaut has published in pamphlet form his three speeches on the Government policy.

The Rev. Mr. Henderson, Baptist minister, has resigned his charge at Mount Barker.

The Court of Appeals has decided to hand over to William Whittaker, nearest of kin to James Whittaker, who was drowned, the Admella Estate, worth £20,000, on giving security for £5000, and his undertaking to hand over the estate and accumulated property if a better title is proved.

Wheat, 4s. 8d. to 4s 9d. for immediate delivery; 1d. less for later delivery.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.
GIBSON'S Horse Bazaar, at 10, Horses, Buggies, &c.
T. S. CLIBBORN AND CO.—At 246, Pitt-street, at 11, Horses, &c.; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses, &c.
CAREY, GILLES, AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Household Furniture, Pier Glasses, &c.
C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Boots and Shoes.
BUTLER AND INGLIS.—At the Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at 12, Billet Wood.
C. TEALE.—At his Rooms, at 11, Hibernicon, Outfittings, &c.
M. L. SALAMON.—At the Circular Quay Bonded Stores, at 12, Porter, Ale, Wines, Brandy, &c.
THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY.—On the Premises, 215, George-street North, at 11, the Goodwill of the British Dining Room, Household Furniture and Effects.
W. PRITCHARD.—On the ground, Redfern, at 4, Cottage; at 4 30, Cottage.
DUNN AND LISTER.—At their Rooms, at 11, Clothing, &c.; at 2, Jewellery, &c.; at 4, Stock-in-Trade of a Jeweller.
ELLIS AND CO.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12, Wood.
W. TINDALE.—At Redfern Station, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12, Wood, Posts, &c.
C. CARR AND CO.—On the premises, Pitt-street, opposite St. Andrew's School, at 10, Household Furniture, &c.
WELLS AND SMITH.—At the Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 1, Wood, Palings, &c.
L. E. THRELKELD.—At his Rooms, at 11, Paintings, Porcelain Goods, &c.

EARTHQUAKE IN VICTORIA.—The *Age* reports that an earthquake was felt on the morning of 2nd December in the south of the colony, as appears from the following telegrams received by the Acting Government Astronomer:—The first report is from Wilson's Promontory, and is as follows:—Two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt here this morning at 5 h. 13 m. and 5 h. 18 m., each one lasting eight or ten seconds, and was preceded by a heavy rumbling noise. The second report is from Mr. Curry, the postmaster at Stockyard Creek, and states that on the morning of the 2nd instant, between twenty minutes and half-past 5, three earthquake shocks took place there. First shock, slight; second, very severe, rocking the whole house; third, kind of rumbling. Most of the townspeople felt the shocks, and agree as to the times. The severe shock took place at 5 h. 26 m. by the post-office clock.

KOSSUTH.—A letter from Turin, in the *Patrie*, says:—Baracconne is the last railway station between this city and Rivoli. To that village, consisting of twelve or fifteen houses at most, I have just been to obtain information relative to the Herzegovina question, and the consequences it may produce. That little place is where Louis Kossuth, Dictator of Hungary in 1848-9, retired. He is one of the men who, from his former position, his relations and his hopes, is best situated to be perfectly informed relative to the present movement in the Sclave provinces of Turkey. I found him absorbed in the cultivation of flowers, fruits, and vegetables, and surrounded by a collection of minerals and insects. After the exchange of the first compliments, I had to examine in detail the green house, the espaliers, the kitchen garden and the forcing frames, taste some peaches and muscatel grapes, and swallow a cup of good coffee. I had arrived rather unceremoniously at the hour of lunch, and our political conversation commenced at table. The bill of fare of the ex-Magyar President is always the same, and not very luxurious; milk, some farinaceous preparation, fruit and water, and that is all. To conclude the description, I may add that he lives alone with two or three servants. His sons, one of whom occupies a high position on the Upper Italy line, and the other, who is an engineer, frequently come to see him. At this moment he has with him a niece, who speaks French very well.

MEETING OF CAB PROPRIETORS AND DRIVERS.

A MEETING of cab proprietors and drivers was held at Punch's Hotel, last night, Mr. M'Elhone, M.L.A., presided, and there was a large attendance of cabmen. The meeting was convened for the purpose of considering certain grievances which the cabmen complain of under the existing by-laws of the Metropolitan Transit Commissioners.

The CHAIRMAN recommended that the meeting should be a preliminary one, and that another should be held in the Temperance Hall, at which the Mayor of Sydney should be asked to preside as Mayor, and the members of the city be invited to speak; and that the cabmen work together in a quiet manner so that the citizens might see that it was merely the redress of grievances which was required.

Mr. HENRY REYNOLDS agreed with the remarks of the chairman, and proceeded to explain the evils in the present by-laws from which the cabmen suffered. That part of clause 23 which required every driver or conductor of a vehicle to remain on the driving-box, or the step of his vehicle, when not employed about the vehicle or in feeding or watering his horse, was objected to as a law which costs poor men time and money to pay solicitors to defend them in cases where they have been summoned for breaking that by-law. The cabmen, he said, were not fined in those cases, but they lost their time, and time was money. At the termination of the strike this part of the clause was omitted, but it was afterwards inserted. Clause 28 was another objected to. If a cabman left his passenger he was apt to be summoned for leaving him; if he went up and down the street he was summoned by the inspectors for loitering. He (the speaker) actually had had the passenger in a shop, but a policeman ordered him to shift, and because he refused to go he was fined. If he had gone away he was liable to be summoned by the passenger; he remained and he was fined at the instance of the policeman. Clause 33 was one that if read in the House would be laughed at; it was persecution, and it required amendment. For instance, the friend of a gentleman who had taken too much wine, at a dinner party perhaps, anxious to get him home, put him into a cab, but he was no sooner in the cab than a constable took the number of the vehicle and summoned the cabman for permitting a person in a state of intoxication to ride in the cab. Yet a policeman could hail a cab and put a common prostitute into it, and the cabman had no redress because a constable hailed him. In clause 49 the cabmen objected to the part compelling them to carry free 84 lbs. weight of luggage for every passenger deficient of the number the cab or carriage was licensed to carry. That part of the clause was struck out at the end of the cabmen's strike, but as soon as the cabmen went to work again it was reinserted. Clause 70 was another to which the cabmen strongly objected. That clause and clause 23 were considered to be the two hardest by-laws. After driving a gentleman for four hours last Friday, he (the speaker) left him at the Metropolitan Hotel under engagement to call for him at 2 o'clock. He drove to the place where he lived, at the corner of Parramatta and Abercrombie streets, and, after being absent for half an hour, returned and went to the stand instead of going to the Metropolitan. A gentleman saw the cab at the stand, and wanted it. The driver said he was engaged, but the gentleman said the cab was on the stand, and therefore must take him, and the result of it was that the driver was threatened with a summons. That part of the by-laws had also been struck out, but afterwards reinserted. Then the cabmen objected to the present scale of fares, and were desirous of having the old scale reintroduced. It was impossible, considering the present price of forage, to take passengers at the present scale of fares, and to gain an honest livelihood. A scale of fares similar to the present one was the cause of the strike. As soon as the strike was ended, and the cabmen had paid their money, the arrangement of fare by time was brought in. The other day he took a gentleman from Market-street to the Heads, from the Heads to the Globe, and from the Globe to the Queen's Wharf—managing to do it within three hours—and, after a great deal of persuasion he received nine shillings for it. [The CHAIRMAN: If I had been a magistrate I would have fined you for cruelty to animals.] A by-law stated that a cab should not drive at a pace less than six miles an hour. It was six miles to the Lighthouse and six miles back to Sydney, and doing that distance within two hours was but complying with the terms of the by-law. He moved,—"That a deputation, consisting of Messrs. Blot, Reynolds, Flynn, R. Cochrane, M'Neil, O'Keefe, and Duggan, wait upon the Metropolitan Transit Commissioners, to show them that on account of the high price of forage it is impossible to gain an honest livelihood with the present scale of fares; and also to request them to rescind or amend by-laws 23, 28, 31, 33, 49, and 70, as the deputation would explain."

The motion was seconded by Mr. G. DOWLING, and carried.

Mr. J. DOWNEY moved the omission of that part of clause 13 which cancelled the license of a cabman for any two breaches of the by-laws within a period of six months.

The motion was seconded by Mr. O'CONNOR, and, after discussion, carried, and embodied with the previous resolution.

It was stated in support of this motion that cabmen might inadvertently commit two breaches of the by-laws by being guilty of some trivial offences or misdemeanors, and in that way lose their licenses.

The meeting closed (after it had been arranged that the deputation should wait upon the Transit Commissioners on Wednesday next) with a hearty vote of thanks to the chairman, who assured the cabmen of his willingness to assist them in obtaining a redress of their grievances, and of his constant desire to assist the oppressed.

THE NEW GUINEA ENTERPRISE.

(*From the Standard, September 16.*)

THE answer given by Lord Carnarvon to the deputation which prayed for the immediate annexation of a portion of New Guinea may be held responsible for the dazzling enterprise, the prospectus of which, under the name of "The New Guinea Land, Trading, and Colonization Company (Limited)," is now before us. The document is, indeed, marked "private and confidential," but inasmuch as the matter of it has already been discussed at a public meeting, we think that we shall be only promoting the views of the spirited projectors if we violate a confidence which only a foolish modesty could have demanded. The Secretary of State for the Colonies had declared that the time had not arrived for any direct action of the Imperial Government with regard to the appropriation of New Guinea, since private enterprise had not been directed into this channel, and for the further tolerably strong reason that as yet no single British subject was known to inhabit the island. The purpose of the New Guinea Land, Trading, &c., Company is to remove this reproach from British enterprise by making the island the theatre of a grand experiment in colonisation on the avowed pattern of the East India and the Hudson's Bay Companies. Dreading, however, lest "straggling adventurers," intent only on the low object of making their fortunes, who "would not scruple at oppressing the natives nor at subjecting them at times to the most revolting cruelties," should occupy the island in the irregular manner in which the Fijis were first settled, the company, "in the interest of Christianity and civilization," has deemed it expedient at once to organise a well-equipped colonising expedition, under the control of efficient and responsible officers. The primary objects of this expedition, as set forth in the prospectus, combine religion and business, civilization and the creation of ample dividends, in a remarkable manner. An "advantageous harbour," will be chosen, near which will be erected a fortified camp in a salubrious situation. Land will be purchased from the natives and divided among the shareholders equitably under the regulations of the directors. The said land will be cleared for the cultivation of coffee, sugar, and cotton, and one of the first acts of the expedition will be to erect upon it a church, which, in view of a presumed scarcity of local architects, will be "sent out in frame." The expedition will be accompanied by a gun-boat for the due maintenance of order in the colony, which will take out also a clergyman; and only such volunteers will be accepted as desire and agree to become resident colonists, without pay. The funds required to carry out this scheme will be raised by subscription, the subscribers to be considered as shareholders in the company—a warning being prudently given to them not to invest in the concern unless they can afford to wait for a return for their outlay. The advantages, however, which are set forth in this prospectus as likely to follow from the enterprise are of so glowing a description that in spite of this caution it may be expected that there will be a rush of investors desirous of becoming capitalists. The promoters point to the fact that "the Indian peninsula proved a source of immense wealth to the old East India Company," and quote also the history of the Hudson's Bay Company, "now paying its shareholders good dividends." The soil of New Guinea, we are reminded, "is more fertile than that of either India or Canada, while of its mineral wealth nothing is known." From other parts of the prospectus, however, we derive the assurance that this defect of knowledge is full of hope. Great emphasis is attached to the fact that "the island of New Guinea belongs to the group in which tin abounds." Everyone knows that "it is from this very part of the globe that the Billiton and the Banca tin is derived;" and if from Billiton and from Banca, why not from New Guinea, which is only a few hundred miles further off? But, lest our thoughts should dwell too much upon the sordid article of tin, the promoters make haste to assure us that "far above the consideration of gain is that of humanity." Inspired by a noble superiority to the ordinary purposes of joint-stock associations, this company bid us reflect upon the inestimable amount of good which will be achieved by its efforts should "the savages of New Guinea be converted from their present state of cannibalism to one of Christianity." The most promising pictures are given of these interesting people in respect of their double capacity for yielding tin and submitting to the influences of religion. The inhabitants of the south-eastern portion of New Guinea and of the adjacent islands, on whom this experiment in civilization is to be tried, are described as being "of a dark copper colour," and quite different in race from the "Black Papuan." They have only been once visited by white men—they are totally ignorant of the use of fire-arms—they only average five feet three inches in height—and they prefer "the polished and Torres Strait shell to any other article of barter"—all which properties, we must perceive, make them admirably qualified for transactions in land, tin, and humanity with any well-ordered commercial and civilising association. Other details are given of the personal appearance, the habits and customs of these blameless Papuans, of less obvious connection with the purposes of the company. The men are described as having good features, "which they often paint in fantastic colours." They chew betel-nut, and wear their hair "frizzled out into a huge mop," and ornamented with feathers. They ought to be an interesting addition to the already large and varied collection of savages owned by her Britannic Majesty. "The women's hair is invariably cut short," and in respect of clothing both sexes exercise an extreme economy. Then follows a detail calculated not a little to alarm the newly-landed settler, however it may stimulate the shareholders at home in respect of the anti-cannibal feature of the enterprise. "Human jaw and spinal bones are worn by these natives as ornaments, and they appear to take pleasure in making it understood that they had eaten the original owners of the bones." One of the first duties of the company will be clearly to effect a reform in the decorative and gastronomical tastes of the islanders. If these are the milder descriptions of Papuans, we cannot help asking what may be those more ferocious people of darker complexion who are supposed to inhabit the other parts of the island? The prospect of important portions of his osseous structure contributing to the adornment of a New Guinea native's person is scarcely an additional allurement to the intending shareholder. In respect of their religious institutions these people will clearly demand all the provisions which the company propose to make in the shape of a temporary clergyman and a moveable church. "All the villages have a vast number of cocoanuts hung on poles, on trees, and in every other available place, probably as a propitiatory offering. No other sign of religious worship is seen among them." The object of their spiritual attentions and only known deity is a god called "Zoco," who is represented by the sun and by fire. Their attacks on hostile camps are always made, we are informed, either at sunrise or at sunset—a fact satisfactory as far as it goes, but still suggestive as implying that they do make attacks under the influence of Cocoa or Zoco. From this description of the condition of the New Guinea-men, the prospectus, by a somewhat abrupt transition, passes into the general observation—"Taking every known circumstance into consideration and remembering that a line of mail steamers now runs regularly along the coast of this fine island, it does indeed seem strange that no one has as yet attempted to establish a colony in one or other of the fine harbours which exist along the shores of New Guinea."

We are far from desiring to damp this praiseworthy effort to supply a defect so humiliating to British enterprise, but we may suggest that possibly it is because "every known circumstance" relating to New Guinea amounts to so little that there has as yet been no British settlement on the shores of this promising island. How far the project which we have helped to ventilate is likely to succeed in supplying the respective wants of the Papuan and the British races—those of the former appearing to be more suitable personal adornment, a Church establishment, and decent clothing, and those of the latter tin, gold, coffee, cotton, and extended dominion—it is not for us to say. So far as this is a private speculation it must rest on its own merits, on the prospects of the return affording a profit on the outlay. So far as it is an attempt to force the hand of the Imperial Government, by making a colony which must afterwards, sooner or later, require to be taken under State protection, it is an enterprise of very doubtful benefit to this country, whatever it may be to the natives of New Guinea. If there is to be a serious endeavour to pursue in the Eastern Archipelago, under the pretence of the interests of the Australian colonies, or of the Empire at large, such a career as that of the East India Company in India, or even of the Hudson's Bay Company in North America, there is a prospect of this nation being entangled in a mesh of difficulties of which it is hardly possible to foresee the issue. The plan of colonization by joint-stock companies has already been several times tried in Australasia, and it cannot be said to have succeeded either so far as the interests of the shareholders or of the Empire have been concerned. The New Zealand Company, for instance, was a gigantic failure, which involved the Imperial Government in endless troubles and complications, and the colony in embarrassments out of which it has hardly yet emerged. As for the question whether it is not desirable to found a British settlement in New Guinea that must be considered altogether apart from this project of a joint stock company. We have no doubt that in time we shall be compelled, in defence of imperial interests, to form establishments or stations at points of the southern coast of New Guinea. Meanwhile there has been shown no pressing necessity for any extension of the Imperial domain in this direction as in the case of the Fijis, and the Government will doubtless hesitate before it consents to take charge of more savage races, out of any fancied obligation to humanity or the prospective interests of tin.

STRANGE REMEDIES.—M. Thiers has gone to Ouchy, in Switzerland, where he will receive a visit from Prince Gortschakoff as soon as the latter has completed his "raisin cure" in the vicinity. The treatment of general debility by grapes is by no means new here, but it will probably appear a novelty on your side of the ocean. At certain towns in Switzerland grapes are grown solely as medicine, and the vineyards are put to no other use. Instead of drinking water, as at other places, the patient is sent out to eat grapes, and must pick them himself from the vines. Where the doctor ordinarily instructs the patient to drink so many glasses of water, he is here instructed to eat just so many bunches of grapes, and no more. It is assumed to be dangerous to go beyond the doctor's prescription a single grape. As strange as it may appear, invalids experience the best of good effects from the "raisin cure," or at least think that they do, and go away very well satisfied. Another popular treatment is found at the mud baths of Schwalbach and other places, where the patients are immersed in soft, black mud up to their chin, and remain in the bath for some hours. Most of them have a floating table before them, upon which they keep books, cigars, or refreshments, according to the tastes of the patient. After remaining two or three hours in the mud, one is washed off with a hose pipe and put into a tepid bath, after which one is naturally supposed to feel a great deal better. If he does not the operation is continued the next morning, and is repeated until the patient is cured or tired.—*Paris Cor. N. Y. Times.*

BANK OF ENGLAND COUNTERFEITS.—In the report of the Parliamentary Select Committee on the Banks of Issue, some very curious information is given about forgeries on the Bank of England. A table was prepared for the committee by the bank officials, stating the number and kinds of forged notes presented at the bank for the past seventy years. In the early part of the century these forgeries were of very common occurrence. The £1-note was the favourite with counterfeiters. In 1820, 28,000 false notes of this denomination were presented at the bank, with small proportions of higher nominal value. Since 1820 there has been a rapid decline in the circulation of counterfeits of all kinds on the Bank of England, and in 1874 only fifty-six counterfeited £1 notes came to light and thirty-five of other denominations. The forged £1 notes appear to be mostly the work of a former age. For fifty years the bank has ceased to issue this denomination. The new counterfeits which appear are chiefly of the £5 note. Of these twenty-seven were presented in 1874, against 716 in 1820. The total face value of all the counterfeits taken from circulation in the latter year was £33,683, against £475 in 1874. This remarkable contrast is almost wholly owing to the unsparing energy of the Bank of England in discovering and arresting those who tamper with its issues, and the very severe penalty inflicted on convicted counterfeiters. The paper, the watermark, the engraving, and the signatures offer no obstacles to the ingenuity of rogues. These can all be imitated. But bold is that man who dares to take the chances of bringing the bank sleuth-hounds on his track. They will follow him all over the world to catch him, and on his conviction he is sent to prison, from which there is no escape through political influence or executive clemency. If the Government of the United States would exhibit a little more of this aptitude for chasing up and arresting counterfeiters—not at intervals to make a sensation, but continuously—we should hear but little complaint of forged notes in circulation.—*Journal of Commerce.*

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

MONDAY EVENING.

THE Customs' duties received to-day were as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Spirits	1696	0	10
Wine (still)	186	0	9
Ale, porter, and beer (in bottle)	2	11	9
Tobacco and snuff	16	11	6
—— (unmanufactured)	62	14	6
Cigars	87	5	11
Tea	149	10	6
Coffee and chicory	19	10	8
Opium	24	17	6
Rice	39	10	7
Dried fruits	175	17	6
Nuts	6	19	9
Hops	8	5	9
Specific duty	406	14	6
Harbour and light dues	26	8	4
Pilotage	66	4	4
Total	£2953	9	1

The following telegram from London, dated 24th November, has been received by the New Zealand Loan and Telegram Company:—"Wool: The series opened at the level of last sales. Up to date 87,000 bales have arrived, and 8000 have been sent to the manufacturing districts direct. The market for scoured wool is unchanged, but Cape of Good Hope staples have declined ½d. to 1d. per lb."

There was a moderate inquiry in the import markets to-day for trade quantities of Christmas goods, and in some cases advanced prices, such for instance as 10s. 9d. to 11s. for best brands of bottled beer were obtained. Brandies are easier. Hennessy's bulk was offered at 7s., to arrive; and case, on the spot, sold at 29s. 6d to 29s. 9d. New Queensland rum, 2s. 3d.; Lowndes', 4s. to 4s. 1½d. Breadstuffs quiet at 5s. 3d. to 5s. 6d. for wheat, and £11 10s. to £12 for flour. Messrs. Nipper and See have received a sample of the first of the new South Australian wheat crop, of which there is a small shipment coming forward per Raimond. The grain is of good colour, but not so full as it would have been if the unusual dryness of the season had not matured the crop, so that we have some of it at this unprecedentedly early period. There is no disposition to operate in new grain to arrive, and it is probable that dealers will prefer taking the run of the market rather than enter into heavy contracts at the opening of the season. Holders of 1-lb. salmon continue to increase their demands. Nos. 8 and 10 fencing wire are wanted, so also is plain galvanized, which is now selling at £39 to £45, according to brand. New teas of good quality are meeting a readier sale.

Business in the Stock and Share market was very slack, only two sales having been reported. These were Sydney Fire Insurance at 58s. 6d., and Star of Peace Gold at 4s. and 4s. 2d. In Bank stock, the only change was that City had sellers at 8⅞, and buyers at 8¾; New South Wales wanted at 47½. Australasian Steam inquired for at 17½, holders wanting 10s. more. Clarence and Richmond had buyers at 5, sellers at 5½. Mining shares almost nominal. Peak Downs offered at 8s. 3d., buyers at 7s. 6d. Wallsend Coal obtainable at 20½.

The damaged portion of the Sir John Lawrence's wool has now been discharged, and consists of about 550 bales, which will be dried and repacked. The vessel is uninjured and proceeds with the stowage of cargo to-morrow.

The Melbourne *Argus* of Friday says:—"In the import markets business to-day has been quite unmarked by any sign of activity. Sales in almost every instance have been limited to supplying a very ordinary routine demand, and nothing of the slightest interest has come before us. Breadstuffs are still depressed, and the tendency, if anything, is toward lower rates. At the public sale this forenoon, some 500 bags wheat, various qualities, were cleared off, when Northern sold at [illegible], Western at 6s, and Adelaide at 6s to 6s 1½d, lower rates than have yet been accepted. Privately a small parcel of Northern was sold at 5s 6d—terms; and we hear of a small shipment for New Zealand having been placed at 5s 4d. Flour is very slow, and only moderate lots are got rid of at £14 to £13 2s 6d. Oats are now quite neglected, and there is no disposition whatever to operate in the market; quotations range according to sample, from 3s 5d for common feeding to 3s 9d for fine about New Zealand. Maize is steady at [illegible]. There is not much offering, but any sales making are at this figure. Candles are in considerable favour. We are informed of the sale in one line of 1500 boxes Apollo, Victorian made, at a very full quotation, and further business is pending. A moderate trade demand is experienced for cornsacks, and sales are beginning to be made more freely for trade purposes, but not to any great extent as yet. A parcel was one used of this afternoon at [illegible]. Imported soaps are reported, but they do not appear on any great account. Trade parcels of JDKZ Geneva (15 bottles) are quitted at [illegible]. A parcel of [illegible] has been placed at [illegible]."

Messrs. S. De Beer and Co.'s Melbourne monthly freight and shipping report of the 1st instant, is as follows:—

"Since our last circular of the 3rd ultimo, we have to advise great activity on the loading berth for United Kingdom, the utmost efforts having been used to despatch vessels in order to reach London in time for the February wool sales, which has led to the following clearances during the past month:—Shannon, 1292; Lincolnshire, 1045; City of Agra, 1074; Juliet, 1245; Ben Cruachan, 1469; Miltiades, 1452; Ben Ledi, 1057; Loch Ard, 1624; Graecian, 1473; Mardunt, 1136; Moravian, 967; Helmsdale, 1257; City of Florence, 1409; Ben Lomond, 566; Renown, 233; Achilles, 1520; Loch Katrine, 1200; and Sam Mendel, 1633; 18 ships, aggregating 21,100 tons register, with 93,172 bales wool and other colonial produce, for London; and the Great Britain (s.), 1794, for Liverpool, with 2278 bales wool; in all, 19 vessels, 23,894 tons register, carrying 95,450 bales wool for the United Kingdom during the month just expired. This shows an excess over similar period last year of 17,433 bales. Our berth is now occupied by 15 ships, aggregating 24,740 tons register, for the United Kingdom, comprising the following vessels, viz., Albuera, 1569; Ben More, 1460; Loch Maree, 1,61[illegible]; Mermerus, 1671; Rodney, 1447; Romanoff, 1245; Stratton Audley, 998; Thomasina M'Lellan, 1788; North American, 1675; Altear, 1283; Northumberland, 1400; Melbourne, 1857; Yorkshire, 1056; Loch Vennacher, 1500; City of Corinth, 1200; whilst the Skerryvore, 345, is loading for New York; Emma Muller, 566, for Boston; and Lady of the Lake, 342, for Antwerp. The rates for the United Kingdom have been fully maintained, aided by the withdrawal of the Thessalus and Evelyn, and are quoted as follow:—Wool, ⅝d per lb. for greasy, and ¾d per lb. for scoured, tallow, 55s; leather, 60s; bark (ground), [illegible]; bark (chopped), 70s; wheat and flour, 35s; ores, 1s; copper, 1s per ton of 20 cwt.; preserved meats, 35s per ton of 40 cubic feet, per sailing vessel; whilst steamer rates for wool are ⅞d and 1d per lb. for greasy and scoured respectively. The passenger traffic is, as usual at this season of the year, not brisk, the favourite steamer Great Britain having left with a very limited number. In reference to South Australia, although the prospects are very bright as to an abundant harvest, the low rates and quiescent inquiry in the home market for cereals have prevented any activity in engagements or inquiry to load at South Australian ports for the United Kingdom; and only one engagement has been effected, as quoted below, the rates, viz., from 47s 6d to 50s, offered for forward charters, being too low to induce acceptance. The clearances for India embrace the following vessels:—Cuyabae, 568 tons, for Calcutta, with 119 horses and 58 sheep; Ericana, 1181, and Thessalus, 1787, both in ballast for Calcutta; whilst the Clyde, 1140, and Evelyn, 1679, are both under engagement to load horses for same destination, the former via Madras. The arrivals during the month have more than compensated for the heavy list of departures, thus fully supplying our tonnage market with vessels of principally large capacity. Owing to the depressed state of the coal trade, several vessels have left in ballast for India and the East in preference to accepting coal charters at rates which would not compensate them for the delay incurred in shifting ports and loading. The engagements during the month comprise the following charters:—British ship Andamana, 955 tons, to load wheat at a South Australian port for the United Kingdom at 48s; German barque Emma Muller, 565, hence to Boston, with wool, on terms which have been withheld; French brig Catala, 231, from Adelaide to the Cape, at [illegible]; British ship Clyde, 1140, hence to Calcutta, via Madras, with horses, £1000 in full, ship [illegible]; British ship Evelyn, 1679, hence to Calcutta direct with horses, £1500; British barque Oasis, 720, Fremantle to Singapore, with sandalwood, [illegible]; British schooner Eunice, 257, hence to Calcutta, on private terms; British barque [illegible], 400, Newcastle to Astoria, Oregon, 29s; British barque Hilda, 377, Newcastle to Hongkong, 26s 6d; French barque Deux Freres, 429, Newcastle to Hongkong, 26s 6d. [illegible] we are unable to report any marked improvement [illegible] for tonnage, although we look forward [illegible] consequent upon the heavy falling off of shipments [illegible]. The following are the [illegible]:—[illegible], 24s; San Francisco, 26s; Portland, Oregon, 29s; Bombay, 26s; Singapore, [illegible]; Mauritius, 23s. [illegible] is very depressed in general, and Newcastle can only be quoted nominally [illegible] to Hobson's Bay. In consequence of the depressed state of the freight market, there [illegible]. Several vessels have been offered, privately and by public auction, but [illegible], and there are no sales to report."

MINING REPORT.

Star of Peace G. M. Co.—Under date 4th December, the mining manager reports as follows:—"The vein in the south stope, at the 155-feet, is very small, not over 2 inches wide, and at present poor; the vein in the stope north at this level is 8 inches wide, showing payable stone. We have two men working in M[illegible] ground, at the 135-feet level, the vein and ground being still [illegible]. The vein in the back stope north at the 241-feet level is from 2 to 6 inches wide, worth [illegible] of stone; vein [illegible] in the stope at the [illegible] level north [illegible], the same [illegible] inches wide, showing a little [illegible] down at the bottom of the 140-feet [illegible] during the coming week. Stevens's: Driving north and south at the 150-feet level, vein of

present small, and not showing much gold. Mathewson's: The 380-feet level is driven from shaft 270 feet; passed through the cross-course, and ... The men are placed to rise in the block ... by the side of the vein; the other ... to sink a winze over this rise in the bottom of the 380-feet level, by side of vein. Shall commence crushing on Monday next about 300 tons of stone."

MELBOURNE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[RICHARD GIBSON AND CO.]

FAT CATTLE.—960 head yarded to-day, consisting generally of good quality, and, although this supply is under the usual requirements of the trade, prices ruled 20s per head lower, and in some instances 25s per head under last week's rates. The attendance of the trade was limited, and biddings were very dull throughout, more especially towards the close of the market. We quote best pens bullocks £13 to £14 2s 6d, second, £11 to £12 10s; medium, £9 upwards; cows in proportion. We sold 111 bullocks of the favourite FF brand for Messrs. Robertson, Brothers, Colac, at from £10 2s 6d to £18 2s 6d, averaging £11 10s, being the highest average of the day, the top pen being knocked down to Mr. John Davidson, of Flinders-street; also, a small draft for Mr. John Woods, Colac, at from £9 10s to £14 15s, averaging £11 9s.

Fat Calves.—90 penned, mostly good useful quality, but the trade being full, the demand was dull at about last week's values. We quote—Best, up to 70s; others, from 30s upwards. We sold Mr. Crisp's at quotations.

Fat Sheep.—17,711 forward, chiefly good useful quality, with one lot of extra prime shorn wethers. The market was brisk, and the whole of the supply was disposed of at prices fully equal to last week's values. The meat-preservers purchased about 3000. Best shorn wethers brought 9s 6d to 10s 6d, extra prime and heavy, up to 11s 6d; seconds, 8s to 9s; others, 6s upwards; best shorn ewes, 7s 6d to 8s; seconds, 6s 6d to 7s; others, 4s 6d upwards; best woolled wethers, up to 12s 6d; others, 8s upwards; best cross-bred shorn wethers, 13s to 14s 6d; ditto ewes, 9s 6d to 10s 6d. We sold 2637 ewes and wethers for Messrs. Whittingham, Brothers, and Haines, from Bellingerambie station; 356 ewes and wethers for Mr. George Hope, Darriwell; 217 ewes for Messrs. W. and R. Bishop, Wharparilla.

Fat Lambs.—3437 yarded, consisting chiefly of medium and inferior sorts, with only a small proportion of prime and good qualities amongst them. The latter descriptions met a brisk sale at prices a shade lower, whilst others were very dull at a considerable reduction on last week's rates. Best woolled lambs made 8s 6d to 9s 6d; seconds, 6s 6d to 7s 6d; others, 5s upwards; best clips, 8s 6d to 7s 6d; seconds, 5s 6d to 6s; others, 4s upwards. We sold 146 for Mr. George Hope, Darriwell; and 204 ... Messrs. J. and J. Phelps, Laverton, and 28 for Mr. Unelf, Whittlesea.

Store Stock.—There is still very little demand for this class of stock; but we are of opinion that if holders of good sheep in Riverina of suitable ages for breeding and fattening off, would lower their limits, some considerable sales could be carried out. Well-bred bullocks of good ages are inquired for, and can be placed at satisfactory figures. We quote—Best Riverina station-bred 3-year-old wethers, 6s 6d to 7s 6d; ditto ewes, 2 to 4-year old, 9s to 1s. Quotations for Victorian sheep considerably lower. Best bullocks, £6 10s to £7; ditto cows, up to £4. We have this week sold 500 breeding cows, on account of Mr. Thomas Robertson, delivered on his Brewarrina station, at £3 per head, terms cash.—December 1.

[J. C. WALKER AND CO.]

Fat Cattle.—961 yarded, chiefly from the north, and generally of good to prime quality. This supply proved quite sufficient for the trade, the country trade being altogether absent. Prices were easier, the fall being equal to about 20s under last week's rates. Quotations—Prime bullocks, £12 to £14; picked pens and single beasts to £15; good bullocks, £10 to £11; medium, £7 to £8 10s; best cows, £8 10s to £10 10s; single beasts, £12; good, £6 to £7. We sold—for Messrs. Kidd, Brothers, 255 head at £10 4s 8d bullocks, £7 6s 1d cows. For Mr. Abraham Booth, 155 head at £10 16s 5d bullocks, £7 6s 9d cows.

Fat Calves.—90 yarded, for which there was a fair market at prices equal to those lately ruling. Best made 50s to 70s; good, 35s to 45s; others, 20s to 30s.

Fat Sheep.—17,710 penned, the greatest portion of which were of good to prime quality. This supply seemed just to meet the demand, which was pretty brisk, the chief run being on the shorn stock. Prices were about equal to last week, one lot of shorn wethers fetched the high price of 11s 6d, but this was an exceptionally prime draft. Quotations—Best wethers, in wool, 12s to 13s; others, 8s to 10s; best wethers, shorn, 10s to 11s 6d; best ewes, in wool, 8s 6d to 10s 6d; others, 6s 6d to 8s; best shorn ewes, 7s to 8s. We sold for Mr. Peter Tyson, from Riverina, 2300 wethers, at 11s 6d.

Fat Lambs.—437 penned, all qualities being shown from medium to prime. The number was rather in excess of the demand. Prices gave way, say, about 6d under last week's rates. Quotation—Best, made 8s to 9s 6d; good, 6s to 7s; others, 4s to 5s. We sold drafts for Messrs. Griffiths at 6s 7½d, and Harrison at 8s.

Store Stock.—Good-framed well-grown bullocks, suitable for immediate fattening, are worth £5 10s to £6 5s, delivered in Victoria.

Stations.—We have some fine properties in our hands for sale.—December 1.

BANKERS' CHEQUES BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—As much misapprehension still exists out of doors, I am informed, on the subject of this Bill—first, as to the want of such a measure generally, and secondly as to the expediency of the sixth clause,—I shall be obliged by your inserting this letter; the perusal of which, even by gentlemen not apt to change an opinion once expressed, will I hope be thought a sufficient vindication on both points. The explanation would indeed not be necessary, had the Attorney-General's exhaustive speech on the subject been adequately reported; and I scarcely profess to do more, than to reproduce briefly his statements and reasoning—themselves supported by the highest authorities, legal and commercial, cited at length by him.

The Act 20 Viet. No. 37, which is so mistakenly supposed to be all sufficient, is a copy of the English Act 19 and 20 Vict. c. 25. The latter was soon ascertained in England to be defective; and an early decision in the Courts showed that immediate additional legislation was necessary. It was found, in the first place, that crossing a cheque to a specified banker left the drawer at liberty, nevertheless, to pay it to any banker whatever. Secondly, that to forge, alter, or obliterate the crossing on a cheque, was no offence; that, at all events, it was not punishable as felony. Thirdly, that an obliteration cancelled the crossing as if it had never been. Doubts were expressed, moreover, how far a subsequent holder could deal with the crossing. To settle these questions, the 21 and 22 Vict. 79 was passed; of which the bill under discussion is, in substance, neither more nor less, a copy. It was introduced in the House of Lords by the Lord Chancellor, who gave the explanation here afforded; and it was advocated by Lord Overstone, one of the most eminent bankers in the world—who stated that the measure had the warm support of the mercantile community.

Since, then, our Colonial Act of the 20th Victoria is in effect identical, and almost the same in words, with the defective English Act, it follows that if a new law was necessary or highly expedient in the one case, it must be equally so in the other. The common excuse for refusing to assimilate our laws to those of the father-land, that the circumstances of the two countries are different, can have no force in a matter of this kind. If there be one branch of law, as to which uniformity is desirable—not merely as it respects the United Kingdom and her Colonies, but all Nations having mutual commercial intercourse,—it surely is that of the law governing bills of exchange, and other negociable instruments. It will be observed, however, that I am not recommending this measure merely on that principle; but because, as I have shown, it is one which (unless the reasons adduced and the authorities quoted be unreliable) is required to remedy serious defects—none the less existent, because as yet they have not been felt.

I pass now to the sixth section; which, like those which precede it, is, notwithstanding its supposed novelty, simply the counterpart of a well known English enactment, passed many years ago. It is mentioned in every text book on Bills, and admitted to have introduced most usefully into circulation a new species of draft or cheque, without (so far as I can discover) any attendant practical evil. The enactment is the 16 and 17 Victoria, c. 59, section 19. One objection raised here is, or was, that it forms part of a Stamp Act; and so, I suppose, was smuggled through Parliament. To this there are, I submit, two very sufficient answers. First, no Bill in England would be more likely to excite vigilance, and therefore to be well watched, than one imposing Stamp duties. Secondly, had such a clause escaped that watchfulness, its immediate and extensive operation would speedily, had the measure been a bad or even an obnoxious one, have ensured its repeal. We find, on the contrary, that it has continued in force, not only without any such attempt, but with general approval, for above twenty years. Surely, considering what London and Liverpool and Manchester are, it would be idle to contend that a system so long in use in those great cities, unobjected to, is at any rate bad on principle:—and, if not entailing injurious consequences there, can we reasonably apprehend such to flow from its adoption here?

Let us see, then, what the system spoken of really is, and what the state of things, which by this section is proposed to be introduced. At present, the banks will not recognise cheques payable to *order*; and for this very sufficient reason, that, in case of the forgery of the payee's indorsement, the Bank relying on it as genuine would probably be held liable to pay the amount over again. Now it is conceded, that in a vast number of transactions—payments for example to labourers, mechanics, and tradesmen, being generally small in amount,—the giving or remitting of cheques so drawn would be of great utility; serviceable alike, for obvious reasons, to the party paying and the person to be paid. But, between instruments of that character and bills or notes of the ordinary kind in favour of a payee or his order, there is practically a great difference. In cases of the latter class, the sums being of larger amount, the payee is more likely to be known; the banker is usually apprised beforehand of the draft; he has better opportunities for inquiry—and he is put more on his guard. In such cases, however unjust it frequently may be and is, the banker takes the responsibility of payment, and ascertains the genuineness of the indorsement, or the title of the bearer, as best he may. But the number of such drafts, including the customer's acceptances or promissory notes made payable at the bank, compared with the number of cheques issued, is small. For one such bill, note, or acceptance, there are probably fifty or a hundred cheques. And it would be intolerable, if the banker were made to incur an equal responsibility in both cases. He would have no means of ascertaining, or time to inquire, who or what the payee was; and although the banker may have little reason to suspect forgery, the risk, whether small or great, ought not in such cases to be thrown on him. The British Parliament has justly thought, that—as between the banker and the payee, without whose fault a forgery could rarely be committed—the loss should fall on the latter.

After all, what risk will really be incurred by either the drawer or payee, in the case of the suggested class of cheques? If one be given personally to the payee, the drawer clearly incurs none; and he cannot be sued on the instrument, except by the named payee or some one legitimately claiming under him. So that, in any event, the cheque will or may be equivalent to a receipt. If indorsed, it certainly would be. The receiver, on the other hand, has this additional protection—since the cheque is in terms payable only to order—that, even should he lose or be robbed of it, there must be a forgery perpetrated before the money will be demanded. Take the case of such a cheque being sent by post, or other conveyance, to the address of the payee, and not reaching its destination. The latter here is obviously in the same position, as he would have been in had the instrument been a promissory note, or bill, or a cheque payable to bearer. Unless he authorised such transmission, the payee would not be affected by the loss. But the *sender* would, as in the case previously put, have at least a better protection than he could have had, were the cheque payable to bearer merely. A prudent man, however, would not send a cheque for any large sum by an insecure conveyance, whether payable to bearer or to order. In every case a transmitter may effectually protect himself, by either of the two courses following. He may send the intended payee a promissory note; and then the proposed Act will not apply. Or, if he knows the payee's bank, the sender may transmit a cheque, crossed under the Act with the banker's name, supplemented by words indicating that of the customer to whose credit the money is to be placed. Every payee may adopt the same contrivance.

That the latter device may obtain legal protection, which at present it does not possess, I shall be happy to add a clause to the Bill, making (as in the case of the crossing itself) any fraudulent alteration in that direction a felony. A declaration may possibly be desirable, in order to prevent misconception in any quarter,—to the effect that the paying bank is not in any case to be affected by such a direction, so as to be bound to see to the application of the money in accordance therewith, or otherwise.

I am, &c.,

ALFRED STEPHEN.

THE METROPOLITAN AND ILLAWARRA RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In your leader in Friday's issue, commenting on the railway policy of the Ministry, you forgot to inform your readers that £140,000 sterling is on the Estimates for improving Newcastle Harbour, and that a further sum of £820,000 sterling, for making 115 miles of railway to lead into Newcastle, is also proposed; in all £960,000 sterling (nearly a million of money) for the improvement of the highly-favoured town of Newcastle and its neighbourhood.

The Government propose to make, by loan estimate, 316 miles of railway, 265 miles of which cannot possibly for many years to come give any expectation of paying more than "grease for the wheels." Well-informed and unprejudiced persons see very strong grounds for holding the opinion that the revenue the Government will derive from the coal traffic on the 49 miles between Sydney and Wollongong will be amply sufficient of itself to pay interest on the cost of construction of the whole of these 316 miles of additional railway. We are fully justified in considering the proposed extensions as the most intelligent and statesmanlike proposition ever submitted to the country.

The inhabitants of Illawarra thoroughly understand all this, and have good right that a strong full-powered double line of railway, suitable for the requirements of the heaviest mineral traffic, shall be made from Sydney to Wollongong, at the very moderate cost of £740,000 sterling. Our coals will pay for all. It is a leading principle in ethics, that people should have and enjoy what they can pay for.

Your obedient servant,

JOHN BIGGAR,

Honorary Secretary Metropolitan and Illawarra Railway Committee.

Wollongong, December 4.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—The proposition contained in the Estimates to devote three quarters of a million, of the three millions to be borrowed for railway extension, to the construction of a line of railway to Wollongong, will surely not be allowed to pass unchallenged. It ought to meet with strenuous opposition from every representative of the inland districts, and from every person who desires to check reckless expenditure and to prevent the public debt of the colony being increased to carry out schemes which merely consult the interest of a few private individuals, and which, so far from benefiting the colony at large, will involve it in further useless expenditure and loss.

For years our Newcastle collieries maintained a struggle incident to the initiation of all such enterprises, and the large capital employed in the venture made no remunerative return. The importance of their development to the colony was clearly recognised, and it became a national concern to furnish them with facilities that tended to foster and increase their growing trade. Parliament, accordingly, with no ungrudging hand gave and still gives supplies to improve the harbour and to secure the most efficient appliances for shipping purposes. The amount of public money expended in this direction must be counted by hundreds of thousands; and that it has been wisely devoted in the furtherance of such an object no one is likely to deny. The difficulties and discouragements of infancy being overcome, the collieries gradually improved in prosperity, until their trade has now become one of the most important interests in the colony, and one of which we may be justly proud. The profits latterly obtained from the northern collieries have, very naturally, awakened a desire amongst the proprietors of coal land elsewhere to obtain a slice of the same good fortune; and, indeed, during the last eighteen months, there has been quite a mania to take up selections on our immense coal basin for the *same* purpose. Now, while the individual desire to acquire wealth is a very commendable aspiration, since it is the mainspring of all progress, the general public are intimately concerned in taking care that hands are not laid upon the public funds, under cover of any specious or plausible excuse, to further purely individual designs.

If it were a fact that the coal deposits of Newcastle were becoming exhausted, and that from this cause there was a probability of our losing an important trade, it would become a national anxiety to provide against such a contingency. But it is not a fact that there are even any signs of exhaustion, and we know very well that no such fear need be entertained for two or three hundred years to come. All that can be urged as a plea for the necessity of opening further sources of supply is that latterly some ships experienced delay in getting wharfage accommodation at Newcastle. There is no pretence that the supply of coal is short of the demand. The difficulties in the way *are* simply the inefficient shipping accommodation and appliances; and hereupon we are presented by the advocates of the Wollongong line with the conclusion that the only way to overcome these disadvantages in future is to build an enormously expensive railway from Sydney to Illawarra. One would have thought that a much simpler and better plan, since it would be so very much cheaper, would be to improve the shipping accommodation at Newcastle. But this solution of the difficulty does not seem to have occurred to these gentlemen; but it will surely present itself to everyone who can bring to the discussion of the subject a mind free from the bias of self-interest. The gist of these gentlemen's proposition is really the assertion of a false conclusion—that the shipping trade of Newcastle has reached its limit. To point out this fact is all that need be done; it is unnecessary to waste time in exposing its fallacy. If the proper appliances were erected, there would be no difficulty in doing five times the present trade in Newcastle; and common sense dictates that the policy of the colony is to keep pace with the requirements of that port, to make good the money that has been spent by progressive works, as the exigencies of the trade increase, and not to rush into extravagant expenditure in the construction of a railway, whose sole result will be to transfer the trade of one railway and port to another railway and port, without increasing the demand by a single ton—without benefiting the colony one iota, so far as its necessities are concerned, and to the positive loss and injury of those who have invested capital in the Northern collieries, and who are entitled to receive at our hands, as the reward of their enterprise and courage in developing such a field of labour and wealth, every consideration and encouragement. The reward it is intended to bestow upon them by this Wollongong scheme is to introduce a host of competitors against them and to subject them to a ruinous antagonism. And it is the public who are asked to provide the means to carry on this unnecessary and insane warfare!

In a new country like this we do all that can be expected of us, if we devote ourselves with intelligence and energy to the absolute necessities of our position. If we can afford to borrow three millions more to open up the country, let it be expended in works of solid advantage—in directions that are necessary—and in something that shall improve, not destroy, the usefulness of previous expenditure. It is not the business of the State to undo its own work, to foster unwise enterprise, or to encourage speculative greed. It is not a necessity of the colony at present, nor is it likely to be for two or three generations to come to open up more coal land. We have done all that is required, all that ought to be demanded for years from the State in this direction, and when it is reflected how vast is the area of our coal deposits, and how the possibility of bringing it to market in no way proves the desirability of doing so, the question really arises why should coal owners at Wollongong be considered more than coal owners in other localities? Is it because they have been most loud in their utterances? If so, when once the principle is laid down that private interests may always secure consideration by importunate advocacy, we shall have no end of claims upon the public purse.

As an illustration of the false groove into which it is sought to push the railway policy of the country by this Wollongong scheme, let the consequences of the agitation be noticed. The assent of the Government to place a sum of money on the Estimates in furtherance of the design has led to demands for similar purposes in other directions. The coal owners of Berrima want a line constructed to connect the railway with their properties, and, what is more serious still, another line is actually under survey to connect Newcastle with Sydney, *in order to counteract the competition of the proposed Wollongong railway*. Surely folly and madness could go no further than this? Let anyone take a map of the colony and observe how closely the present Southern railway hugs the coast line. At no one point between Sydney and Wollongong is it distant from the sea more than fifteen or eighteen miles, whilst constant, frequent, and rapid communication is established with Sydney, along the whole coast by means of steamers and sailing craft. Save in its deposit of coal the district is the poorest in natural resources in the colony. It is next to useless for agricultural purposes, and is devoted mainly to dairy pursuits, whilst the narrow strip of habitable country between the existing railway and the sea is hemmed in and cut up by mountains, that effectually prevent its offering any large field for settlement.

Let the position, value, and claims of such a district as this be compared with those of our rich and extensive tracts in the interior, that are practically cut off from communication with the sea-board. Let it be borne in mind that for the price of every mile of this unnecessary railway to Wollongong, two miles or more of railway can be pushed into the interior; that there is no deficiency, nor likely to be for an age to come, in our power to supply coal from the sources already opened out; that a railway to Wollongong must force upon us the construction of an equally useless line to Newcastle; that the construction of either of these lines will simply be *to* divert and not increase the coal trade beyond its natural rate of progress; that the diversion of this trade means the ruin of the port of Newcastle, which has cost such large sums to establish; and that the sole benefit to be derived from such a policy of retrogression is the possible profit of a few individuals who have languishing collieries on their hands, or who see in the construction of a railway the only prospect of estates acquiring a value that are at present next to worthless.

I am, Sir, yours obediently,

COLONIST.

P.S.—To prevent misapprehension allow me to add that I have not the slightest pecuniary interest in Newcastle or its collieries.

Sydney, December 4.

MILITARY AND CIVIL CRICKET GROUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Under the head of "The New South Wales Cricket Association," in your issue of the 9th instant, I was much surprised to read that, "The honorary secretary read a letter from the Under-Secretary for Lands, requesting that the association would nominate trustees to take charge, in connection with a trustee to be appointed by the Government, of the cricket ground known as the Civil and Military Ground."

It appears to me that a flagrant injustice is about to be committed.

Some time ago a large number of the cricketers of Sydney and its suburbs, feeling that their existence was entirely ignored by a body known by the high sounding and comprehensive name of the New South Wales Cricket Association, and which by the way I believe does not represent one-fourth of the cricketers of this colony, met for the purpose of doing something for themselves, the result was the formation of the City and Suburban Cricket Association on a sound and permanent basis, having for its sole object the furtherance of cricket in this colony.

The management being fully aware that the possession of a ground was an absolute necessity, addressed—through its secretary—the Minister for Lands, asking him to grant them that piece of land known as the Civil and Military Cricket Ground, and solicited an interview for their deputation in order that their claims might be clearly placed before him. No reply was received to this application; when believing that the letter had been overlooked by the Department, the Minister was again addressed, and with a similar result.

Now, surely, Sir, passing by, without notice, the discourtesy shown by the Department in not replying to the association's letters—as the New South Wales Cricket Association was an applicant for the Military and Civil ground, as well as the more recently formed association—the Minister might have spared a few moments of his admittedly valuable time to hear the nature of each applicants' claims and then have decided as his known impartiality and spirit of fairness would have prompted him.

Can the Minister for Lands be aware that the last formed association represents upwards of 600 cricketers? and that its members are daily increasing? Can he forget that the older association is already possessed of *that* splendid site for cricket known as the Domain, and that its use is confined to four or five of the leading clubs? And is he aware that the New South Wales Cricket Association is so selfish that it would rather let it remain unoccupied than allow a club not represented in its body to play on it?

I fear, Sir, that I have already trespassed too far upon your valuable space, but I cannot conclude without mentioning that I have watched the proceedings of the New South Wales Cricket Association for upwards of three years, and it appears to me that they do simply nothing towards the promotion of cricket outside their own circle, and now that an association is started which proposes to deal vigorously with all matters relating to cricket, I certainly think the Minister for Lands would do well to reconsider his decision in re the Military and Civil Ground, and by granting it to the younger association place them in a position to compete with the older institution.

I am, &c.,

ROBERT R. DAWBARN,

Vice-president City and Suburban Cricket Association.

November 12.

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE TELEGRAPH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Since writing to you last week, suggesting that these colonies should change their absurd policy of separately subsidising discordant postal steamers, and in lieu thereof combine in subsidizing the telegraph, or rather in constructing a telegraph to England for ourselves, I have, in reading, come across much information that more than corroborates my sanguine view as to the rapidity and cheapness of our future telegraphic intercourse with the rest of the world. I now believe that we are rapidly advancing to the time when every State shall consider itself bound to own a main telegraph line linking on with the other main lines of the world, quite as much as it now considers itself bound to own schoolhouses and Courts of Justice; and further, that these lines will be mutually open to the rest of mankind for the indirect benefit of their own subjects at cost price of working—in these cases where a special messenger was not required for delivery at something like 1d. per *message*.

I learn that it was no unusual night's work for the central office under the indefatigable Mr. Scudamore to telegraph 400,000 words of new matter—which would be multiplied next morning by the country papers into over 1000 columns equal to those of the *Times* newspaper. [*Chambers' Journal*, August, 1872.] The same authority (May, 1873) says, "We hear of improvements in telegraphy, by which from 400 to 600 words can be flashed along the wire in one minute." Again (July 1873), concerning the Duplex Telegraph, Mr. Heaviside says:—"It is theoretically possible to send any number of messages at once along a single wire, and in opposite directions, and without interference."

As to the chief objection to our cheap and speedy telegraphing, I mean the slowness and different method of working the cable, I have to observe:—1st. That this objection disappears in proportion to the shortness of the cable, and a prudent liberality in the use of *large* copper-wire. 2nd. That our line would not traverse so much as 500 miles in all of sea, at several immersions. The longest required cable would be 300 miles between Australia and Timor, a distance not too long to be worked in the manner usual for land lines, by providing, as I said before, unusually large copper wires, and by joining the lines to the cable with a sufficient "translating" battery.

I further infer that by a sufficient system of "translators" instantaneous messages can, and will yet, be habitually flashed direct from the operator in Sydney to the receiving-clerk in London without any living intervention.

I originally thought that we colonists alone should have to construct and maintain, all for ourselves, such a line, to London; being more than doubtful whether we could have come to any reasonable terms with any company, our object and theirs being so dissimilar. I still despair of our coming to terms with any company, but as my view opens to the world-wide advantages of cheap telegraphs, I remember that France, on behalf of New Caledonia here and her possessions in Cambodia; Holland, on account of Java and Sumatra; Spain, on account of the Philippine Islands; China, Japan, Siam, on their own account; the enormous conjoined interests of Hindostan and England; also Persia and Turkey, must share in the same undertaking—we thence traverse but briefly the only indifferent countries—Austria and Switzerland—and find ourselves again in sympathyzing France, preparatory to our last dive into England. I do think that all and each of these countries being deeply interested, more or less, in the success of our line will gladly share cost of construction and maintenance of the common property and staff; according to the mileage and number of wires each will require on the more used Asiatic and European portions.

From Sydney to London by the indicated route is some 11,000 miles of land and 500 of cable. Probable cost of latter, £500 per mile; of the former, £100; in all, £1,400,000. There is little fear of either of the other countries not joining on first application, or afterwards entreating to be admitted into partnership. But whether or not, we Australian colonists need not begrudge prudently to lose the whole £70,000 interest, inasmuch as we should thereby be relieved from at least double that outlay in conjoined subsidies upon antiquated mail services. There can be no doubt of the telegrams of an infinitesimal rate on the present charges recouping every cost of transmission and maintenance.

L. FANE DE SALIS.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL NEW BY-LAWS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—The Council certainly deserves the thanks of the public for passing a by-law that affects all vehicles, &c., turning street corners, as previous to this only public vehicles were liable to prosecution for going round at a pace faster than a walk. This shows there is as much danger in one doing it as another. If such is the case, I would like to know why the driver of a public vehicle ought to be summoned for leaving his horse, and a private one not? Perhaps this would be interfering rather much with the liberty of the aldermen, or their friends. Whether or not, they ought to apply the same law to all, and have no class laws, which are most disgraceful to any civilised community. No. 3 of the new by-laws requires some alteration, or it will cause very great inconvenience to the public. No more than two vehicles can be placed alongside the footway of most of the shops in Sydney at once without encroaching on the frontage of their neighbour, then what is to be done? especially in furniture-moving, where frequently six vans are at the one house, to remain in the street waiting their turn, without being alongside and parallel with the footway, they are liable to be fined. Many large business houses in Sydney require the services of several vans to facilitate their suburban trade, who are under contract to call just before closing for goods, &c.; and if only a limited number can comply with the law, the others will have to give up, or run the risk of being fined. There are three parcel-delivery companies, each having an office for the dispatch of goods—a great public benefit, as is shown by the patronage of all the principal tradesmen. Each company has about fifteen vans which require loading simultaneously, and it is impossible, under this new by-law, added to which is the inconvenience of lifting heavy goods over the side of drays, or the unnecessary interference of other vehicles while loading them at the tail of the dray; my opinion is that the Transit Commission by-law answers the purpose much better, and which will ultimately be adopted.

The street traffic of Sydney any stranger would imagine to be something enormous; transit Commissioners being appointed to specially legislate for the public vehicles; the aldermen for the private; and having now had these extra services for over two years, we are still in a muddle. Can any other city boast of the like? Here are the drivers of public vehicles bound to serve two masters. One says you may load as conveniently as you can; the other places every obstacle in the way, and yet pretend they are serving the interest of the citizens.

I would like to draw the attention of the Transit Commissioners to their by-law No. 29, regarding the driving of omnibuses in the principal streets. The law says they are to be driven on the near side, and as long as they are kept on that side the law cannot touch them. What is the result? The 'bus is stopped near the centre of the street for passengers, who have to make their way through vehicles attempting to pass on the near side of the 'bus, causing confusion, risk, and a blockade if the vehicles wait until the people pass; this may be easily remedied by compelling all 'bus drivers to keep as near the footway as possible for passengers. This would leave the passage free for vehicles passing; also allow no omnibuses to stop outside another already stopped going in the same direction. I believe this would prevent a great deal of grumbling about the street traffic.

Yours, &c.,

PARCEL DELIVERY.

BUSH FIRES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—The district of Lane Cove and Willoughby has lately been visited by bush fires, which have not only done actual damage, but have been a source of continued terror to the inhabitants. As in most cases these fires originate from carelessness on the part of persons who choose to burn off at this particular period, I think it would be desirable that the authorities should publicly caution persons against the careless use of fire during the hot season; and, furthermore, make known the penalties attaching to such criminal heedlessness.

Landowners, having their property uncleared within municipalities and settled districts, should be compelled by statute to have the same surrounded by a drain, as well as a small cleared space, of not less than 6 feet adjoining the fence. In default thereof, the municipality or neighbouring settlers should be empowered to effect this operation at owner's risk and expense. By inserting this you will oblige

Your faithful servant,

CURFEW.

A DISINFECTANT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—During the prevalence of the present epidemic of scarlet fever, anything calculated to facilitate disinfection must be of interest to the community.

The following is a recipe for a new kind of disinfecting powder, which, upon ignition, evolves dense fumes of nitro-muriatic vapour, one of the most powerful destructants of miasma with which chemists are acquainted:—

Chlorate of potash, three ounces.
Muriate of ammonia, one ounce.
Cinnamon resin, ten grains.
Reduce all to powder, and mix well together.

To use this compound, apply a lighted match to a small portion placed on a piece of metal, and carry it about to the different rooms during combustion.

If, in place of the muriate, some other salt of ammonia be employed, the vapour evolved will be modified accordingly. Thus, nitrate of ammonia yields pure nitric acid vapour, the disinfectant so much extolled by Liebig.

Yours, &c.,

E. PORTER.

P.S.—The rapidity of combustion may be moderated by the addition of a little oxide of iron.

THE SYDNEY UNIVERSITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—You have more than once advocated the cause of Bursaries, to enable young men from the country districts to reside in one of the affiliated colleges or elsewhere during the three years of study required by the University for the attainment of a degree in Arts. You will be glad to learn that the munificence of a few of our fellow-colonists has provided us with the means of accomplishing this end to an extent which, for present purposes, will, in all probability, be amply sufficient. In a very few weeks the Senate will have at its disposal sufficient endowments for the appointment of two Bursars in each succeeding year. Mrs. Maurice Alexander, as is well known, has contributed one, which is now enjoyed by a student well worthy of the appointment. Mrs. Hunter Baillie has just completed another endowment on the same conditions, and yielding the same yearly income; and by the end of this year a third bursary to the same amount will have been founded by the munificence of Mrs. Burdekin. The Hon. John Frazer has announced to the Senate his intention of founding two more, and Mr. Fitzwilliam Wentworth has promised £2000, to be applied to similar foundations.

There are many circumstances connected with these acts of generosity which the public will be glad to learn hereafter; but there is one feature in them all which I would fain mention at once. Not one of them, so far as I know, is the result of any kind of solicitation—they are all spontaneous gifts.

It will not be necessary, after this, for anyone to make itinerant appeals to the squatters and others in the various electoral districts; but, although this burden is removed, each electoral district that knows its own interest, and its own duty, will endeavour to accumulate a sufficient sum to send any promising youth who distinguishes himself at the public examinations held in one of its towns, to continue his studies in the University of Sydney.

Although we want no more bursaries for the present, it must not be supposed that there is no field left for the exercise of generosity towards our University, or no further opportunity afforded for those who desire to perpetuate the name of some person who is the object of their respect or affection by associating it with an institution which is likely to live as long as the people are civilised enough to care for any records of the past. I may as well mention a few of the real and substantial benefactions by which the benefactor may hand down either his own name alone, or that of another along with it, to posterity. We want an organ for the Great Hall; we should be very glad to have an additional wing to our building; we are beginning to feel the need of a separate endowment for the chair of geology and mineralogy; a considerable enlargement of our library, and the possession of statues and pictures which we shall not be ashamed to display to the public, are objects which no thinking man will undervalue. With the funds at present at our disposal, although they have been for many years administered with that care and discernment which entitles our present Chancellor to the heartfelt thanks of the University, and indeed of the whole public, little or nothing can be done in furtherance of any one of these objects. Something more might be done if the money which the University bestows upon the annual scholarships were set free, to be used for other purposes; but this can only be rendered possible by private individuals supplying the endowment necessary to the scholarships. I have thought it as well that your readers should know that there are many works of utility and splendour (and in the case of an institution like ours, splendour itself is utility), which are only waiting for those in whom fulness of wealth is combined with largeness of soul.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

CHARLES BADHAM.

December 6.

CURES FOR BURNS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Having read with great interest a letter in yesterday's *Herald* on cures for burns, I thought I might, by your kind permission, be allowed to say something about the treatment of burns. I am an obscure medical student; I was looking up Gant, page 298, this morning, and he states that "*Carron oil*, consisting of equal parts of linseed oil and lime water, answers admirably. He also states that "Carron oil dressing, enclosed it may be with cotton wool, is generally the most eligible application." As "too many cooks spoil the broth," so do too many suggestions perplex the human mind. Let us adhere to simplicity and avoid confusion.

Yours respectfully,

WILLIAM BYRNES, Jun.

OUR POLICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—My attention having been drawn to the letter signed "A Well-wisher," published in this day's *Herald*, which refers to an inquest held by me on the 30th ultimo, touching the death of one James Seymour at the Parramatta Hospital, and which contains the assertion: "A poor old man in his fivescore years was taken to the lock-up and perished from want," I do not think the letter should pass without some notice. The assertion is not warranted by the evidence taken in the case, and, being directly opposed to the deposition of a senior-sergeant of police occupying a position of responsibility and trust, is to say the least, very indiscreet. Your correspondent has assumed that because the medical witness found the stomach empty, therefore it was in the same state during the time deceased was confined in the lock-up on the Saturday and Sunday and on his removal to the hospital on the Monday; but such was not the case. Some of the medical evidence taken at inquests is usually properly omitted from newspaper paragraphs; it is, from its nature not desirable matter for family reading, and, as a proper record of it is kept available should occasion require its publication in the daily newspapers is needless. If, however, your correspondent had been at the inquest or with the doctor when he first attended the deceased, he would have heard and seen quite sufficient to convince him that senior-sergeant Bremner's statement, that he had seen deceased eating quite heartily of the lock-up fare was true; that the deceased had not died from want or through treatment received in the lock-up; and that the New South Wales police are more truthful and less inhuman than his superfluity of zeal for their reformation had induced him to suppose.

The concluding remarks put forward by "Well-wisher" is quite of a different character, and is well worthy of serious attention. The police cell is not a proper place for the reception and nursing of people in the last stage of exhaustion from long journeying and inadequate nourishment. Weak hearts and exhausted frames require warming into life with other material than bread and water, the cell-floor, and a blanket. Yet such are the present rules of the Parramatta Government Asylum for the Destitute, that when old people are found just outside its gates with wants requiring immediate attention, the gates must still remain closed until an order for admission can be sent for and obtained from the city circumlocution office. In the meantime, for the sake of humanity, the patients have to be first consigned to the lock-up, then convicted as vagrants, and sent to gaol for a short term, else they would be homeless and shelterless. Sometimes, also, the gaol is called upon to open her charitable gates to receive sick and poor people found by the police at other places in the colony, there being nothing else to be done with them. I held an inquest in the gaol to-day upon a person committed there in this way; and it is to be hoped that now attention has been called to the subject it will not be allowed to drop without some attempt being made to provide a remedy.

Yours truly,

J. E. BOWDEN,

Coroner for Parramatta and Liverpool.

Parramatta, December 4.

A LITTLE-KNOWN PEOPLE.—A correspondent of the London *Standard* writes to that journal from Spizza as follows:—"Prince Nikita is a fine-looking man, probably the handsomest prince in Europe. His tall, slender figure, his marked features (though their expression is, perhaps, too fierce), his dark complexion, his flashing eyes, the splendour of his fantastic costume and his inimitable loftiness of demeanour have struck everyone who has entered the throne-room. The latter is a moderately large elegantly furnished apartment, with red hangings, carved arm-chairs, velvet ottamons, chandeliers, and a pianoforte. The walls of the room are almost covered with portraits of European sovereigns, mostly gifts from the latter, but those of the Czars Nicholas and Alexander occur most frequently. None have any artistic merit, however, except those of the reigning Prince and Princess and that of the interesting Princess Darinka, the widow of the deceased Danilo. They were painted by Jaroslow Czermak, the only Sclavonian except Matejko, the Pole, who has attained to eminence in painting. Czermak, a fanatical Sclave, presented the pictures to the Prince. That of the Princess Darinka produces an irresistible effect on the beholder: in her countenance there is the wild Oriental beauty of Byron's Haidee or Medora, refined by cultivation of mind and heart. Princess Milena is now about 27 years old, a beautiful woman, with a true Tisian complexion, the only beautiful Montenegrin, and the only one addicted to washing. Those of your readers who have travelled in Spain have certainly remarked the dirty stripes on the necks of the lovely senoras; no devout Spanish woman dares to bathe without the permission of her confessor. This aversion to cleanliness has come down from the time of the anchoites Sabinius, Pachomins, Besarion, and other saints of the desert; and, indeed, whole sects of that epoch condemned all ablutions as heathenish, and were lauded because they wore their clothes so long that they rotted to pieces and fell off them, or because their skin became as "pumice stone" from the crust of dirt on it. The superstition that cleansing the body soils the soul exists this day among the women of those Christian nations, who have long carried on conflicts with the Mohammedans on whom the Koran enjoins frequent ablutions. A female Bulgarian is permitted to wash only once in her life—on the day before her wedding; and in most south Sclavonian families the girls are rarely allowed to bathe, the women never. I recall with a shudder the interior of the Montenegrin huts. When a woman offered me wine she always dipped her fingers in it—the same fingers which had just been engaged in the chase on her children's heads, or which had been gently scratching the pig, the pet of the family, which is always addressed by endearing names. The adults squat or lie down, the children tumble about in the liquid manure which covers the floor of the hut, and many women are blear-eyed in consequence of the creosote caused by the smoke which can only escape through the door. The Princess Milena, as I have said, form an exception. The President of the Senate, M. Bozo Petrovich has lived eleven years in Paris, and has become a perfect Frenchman. The Parisian education is the bane of these sons of the East, for the continual contrasts between their pretensions and their resources; their desire for mental and physical enjoyment, and their rough, inhospitable and uncivilised country, robs them of their mental equilibrium and is the principle cause of the uninterrupted social and political convulsions on the Balkhan Peninsula. The direct opposite of M. Bozo Petrovich is his father, Drago. On my first visit, I came across him in the bush, felling wood, which he loaded on the back of the maid servant, to be carried to Ceiter for sale. Almost all the Montenegrins are tall, powerful men; they would be handsome if their massive jaws did not give them a fierce, half-brutish appearance. Their dress is identical with that of the Crivoscians, except that on their black caps—black, as mourning for the defeat at Kossovo—they have instead of the Austrian the Montenegrin arms in tin. These closely resemble the Russian. The Montenegrins of the better class wear a peculiar and costly ornament on their breast. This consists of silver half-balls, called "Torche." They are closely strung together and form a sort of cuirass, which resists musket balls. With the poorer class this ornament or shield is of pewter. There is no peasant in Montenegro who has not some portion of land of his own—every one possesses something, however small, and if this his little crop should fail, or misfortune overtake him, he at once comes to the Prince, who gives him all he can spare. When all is well, he pays the Prince a part of his produce. In fact, very much of their laws continually reminded me of the customs of the Bedouins—the truth being that both are entirely patriarchal and primitive. They have another virtue besides this simplicity of life—this is their perfect honesty. I happened to mention that I had dropped a gold bracelet in Albania. "Had you dropped it here, even in the remotest corner of the Black Mountain, it would have been brought to me in three days," said the Prince. I am sure this was not mere talk, for I heard it confirmed by enemies as well as friends of the Montenegrins. I was frequently told of a traveller who left his tent with the door open, on a Montenegrin hillside, and returned after three years' absence to find every single thing as he had left it. It is the old story of the devotion of a simple-minded people, and the just administration of a Homeric chieftain—all the more easily carried out in such a country as the Tserno Gora, because the Prince can be acquainted with his people as individuals, and can set them a personal example, eagerly caught up by each of his loving subjects. People tell, however, a different tale of the honesty of the Montenegrines in Turkey, where they used to migrate annually for field-work, like Irishmen to England, or Ionians to Greece. The Prince informed me that he had lately reckoned up his people, and that he believed there were now 200,000 souls in Montenegro and the Berda. He was more certain that he had 20,000 fighting men under his command. I inquired about the finances of the country, and the Prince told me that his income amounted to £10,000 (depending much, of course, upon the state of the harvest), besides an annual gift of £4700, bestowed by Russia in gratitude for assistance rendered by Peter I. in 1806 to the Russians during their joint campaign against the French invaders of Dalmatia, and as an indemnity for their losses.

PRODUCE CIRCULARS.

WOOL.

[HELMUTH SCHWARTZE AND CO.]

The third series of London sales of colonial wool which commenced on the 17th of August will terminate to-morrow. The quantity catalogued is given in the following figures which, to enable comparison, are supplemented by a statement showing the quantity offered in the three first series of this year and of 1874:—

Catalogued in this Series.	Bales.	Catalogued in the three first Series of 1875. Bales.	1874. Bales.	Total imports of 1874. Bales.
Sydney	54,486	121,208	126,161	[illegible]
Port Phillip	62,679	272,763	254,255	[illegible]
Van Diemen's Land	12,198	18,630	17,162	[illegible]
Adelaide	16,677	83,481	86,300	[illegible]
Swan River	803	6,609	4,082	[illegible]
New Zealand	102,751	143,949	135,949	[illegible]
Cape	46,745	110,711	85,909	[illegible]
	293,367	770,560	711,488	815,778

About 25,000 bales were bought in during the course of the series, but part of these withdrawn wools being recatalogued or sold privately, only about 18,000 bales are estimated to remain over for next series, and this figure probably covers both withdrawn lots and wools held back altogether. The series opened with a decline from average June rates of 1d to 2d for Australian and ½d to 1d for Cape wools. As the sales proceeded this decline increased to 1½d to 2½d and 1d to 1½d respectively, best descriptions suffering to a less, inferior to a greater extent. During the latter part of the series a more active foreign demand for good Australian fleece and grease combing wools caused for these descriptions a rise—well marked in one or two sales, but subsequently not exceeding ½d to 1d per lb. For the bulk of the Australian supplies, for scoured, crossbred and inferior fleece and grease, prices, beyond gaining more steadiness from the earlier firmer tone in the market, have not latterly changed, while Cape wools have receded further, standing at present on the average 1½d to 2d below the June level. The attendance of buyers was less numerous than usual at the outset, but has been good during the last few weeks. Of animation there has on the whole been very little, the foreign trades particularly acting with reserve. About 125,000 bales are estimated to have been bought for export.

The following gives particulars of the principal descriptions offered:—Australian Scoured: These formed the chief supply in the market. Good clean combing lots above 2s were in good demand and hardly more than 1d to 1½d lower than in June. For the great bulk of inferior and faulty scoured, however, the decline ranged from 2d to 3d per lb. Australian Fleece: All the best Port Phillip wools having been sold in the preceding sales, and the New Zealand and Sydney clips turning out in generally unsatisfactory condition, superior and even good fleece were remarkably scarce and sold fairly in consequence, especially towards the close of the sales. The mass of the supplies was formed by faulty Sydney and heavy New Zealand and Van Diemen's Land fleece, on all of which the decline must be quoted 2d to 2½d per lb. Australian Grease have sold at an average reduction of 1½d per lb. The best sorts gained ½d during the last fortnight, but medium and inferior lots remain without change. Australian Crossbred: The prices for coarse wool ruled comparatively high in the June series, the fall in the market shows itself most strongly in these descriptions. On the average the decline ranges from 2d to 3d per lb, and this applies to both greasy and washed, and also to scoured sorts. Cape wools, starting with but a slight decline, and fluctuating somewhat in the beginning of the series, have given the whole lost ground, and become gradually cheaper, especially during the last fortnight. The bulk of wools has been sold at an average reduction of 1d to 1½d per lb; of late, however, the fall as compared with June rates must be quoted 1d to 1½d for best snow whites, 1½d to 2d for fleece, 2d to 2½d for middling snow whites and faulty country scoured, and 1½d for Natal grease. When the sales commenced it was generally believed that if a change in prices occurred it would be in favour of buyers. But a considerable fall was probably expected by only very few. The raw material has for some time past kept on a higher level than the prices realised for yarns and goods warranted, but inadequate supplies hitherto prevented a return to more moderate rates. After the increased production of 1874 and of this year, however, a sufficient supply appears to be at the disposal of the industry, and the value of wool has in consequence receded to a level more in accordance with the position of the trade.

The commencement of the next series has been fixed for Tuesday, the 23rd November. The arrivals up to date comprise:—Sydney, 15,204 bales; Port Phillip, 5086 bales; Van Diemen's Land, 209 bales; Adelaide, 1388 bales; Swan River, 350 bales; New Zealand, 8975 bales; Cape, 19,741 bales: total, 30,887 bales.—September 30.

[J. HUGHES AND SON.]

Our third series for the season commenced 17th ultimo, and terminated this day. According to our drawing for days of sale they would have continued until the 12th of October, but it being considered advisable to close earlier, nine days were withdrawn. Sales opened with a smaller attendance of foreign buyers than usual, while the home trade was pretty fairly represented. Prices were very irregular, bidding lacked spirit, and our market, contrary to expectation, at once gave way more or less for all descriptions, in some instances considerably. Sydney wool was not in good demand, particularly the middle classes, which showed a decline of 2d to 3d per lb., as well as mixed half-bred and middling uneven scoured; of the two latter sorts the quantity offered was unduly large, and more than the trade cared to take off the market, except at very low prices. Until the last eight days there was no noticeable change in prices, but at that period a rather better feeling set in, and good descriptions hardened, while those Sydneys which had suffered the most, showed a partial recovery in price. It is estimated about 17,000 bales of all descriptions, held over or bought in (after deducting what of the latter has been since sold), will be added to November sales, which will take place Tuesday, 23rd November. Sydney and Queensland flocks of good quality and light condition sold at about 1d per lb. reduction, and lower sorts 2d to 3d, but towards the close the latter recovered themselves about 1d per lb. Port Phillip wool sold at about 1½d reduction on good sorts; lower and faulty descriptions, 1½d to 3d. Van Diemen's Land: Anything clean and good was scarce, and sold well, but lower sorts realised 1½d to 2d reduction. South Australian wool sold about 1d lower. New Zealand: The assortment of good wool in many instances was satisfactory, and all light long-stapled flocks sold at only a slight reduction, being well competed for. We regret to observe the adverse season has had a prejudicial effect upon many flocks, even some much esteemed and so well known in this market. They do not show the usual length of staple, and very many fleeces are earthy, the decline on which is 1½d to 2d per lb. Swan River wool was hardly represented, only 800 bales were catalogued and sold at about 1d per lb. decline. Cape of Good Hope wool experienced less alteration in price than other sorts until the sales were more than half over, when they participated in the general decline to the extent of 1d to 1½d per lb. on scoured, more on fleeces, and during the last week were heavier of sale. All descriptions of half-bred were difficult of sale, and sold as low as any other descriptions.—October 1.

DRIED FRUIT.

[HUNT AND ABRAHAM.]

Currants.—Since our last report currants have arrived freely, and a fair business has been done. To secure shipment by the Northumberland, the opening and consequently the highest prices were in many cases paid for Australia. From the commencement there has been a scarcity of ordinary shipping fruit, the value set upon Patras having placed it generally beyond the reach of exporters, orders have been principally executed with Filiatra. One of the later steamers has brought a large quantity of Pyrgos, a growth which generally finds favour with colonial buyers, but owing to supposed requirements for the home trade, a good portion of this changed hands at 21s 6d to 23s for barrels, and 23s to 24s for cases, prices which we think were somewhat strong on a declining market. Patras has within the last week given way slightly, the lower descriptions may now be quoted at from 25s to 23s. The market is still bare of low kinds, and until better supplied with these, the actual value of medium and fine can scarcely be arrived at. There is no doubt want of confidence in the market, caused we think by the absence of spirit in the trade, and this combined with a very moderate demand from the colonies will probably induce lower quotations.

Raisins.—Valencias have been moving slowly, some few sales were effected for the colonies, but the condition of the first arrivals did not offer much inducement to exporters, and now that the opportunity for shipping to the Christmas market has gone by, and with the prospect of a good supply of Elemes, they at present possess but little interest to Australian buyers. Some 10,000 packages were offered at the first public sale, but as the trade was evidently only buying for immediate requirements, transactions were limited, at yesterday's sale more business was done at somewhat reduced rates. One parcel of Elemes has been placed upon the market, some few of which were sold for export at a high price, an opinion of the quality and size of those to follow can scarcely be arrived at from the appearance of this single parcel, which was, we think, very inferior. Sultanas, notwithstanding a steady decline in price, have sold well—indeed, so heavy have been the sales, to be accounted for by the entire absence of last season's fruit, that for the time we think lowest prices have been reached, and but slight alterations from present quotations may be looked for during the present month. Muscatels: A few good lots at reasonable rates were secured in time for shipment, but the non-arrival from that time of any parcels from Malaga, with the exception of a few in the Lacydon, have occasioned these latter to realise extreme rates. With a large Christmas demand before us, and bare market, importers may repeat their last year's policy, and by supplying the market sparingly succeed in obtaining high prices; should this be the case we shall in all probability, until the demand for the home trade ceases, have a very awkward market.

Figs.—Some few parcels have been sold for export, but with a falling market, and some questionable conditioned fruit, shippers will do well to wait further arrivals. A plentiful supply will most likely occasion moderate prices. Currants, barrels, new, 21s 6d to 23s 6d; ditto, cases, ditto, 23s to 25s; valencias, half-boxes, 30s to 35s; elemes, none; sultanas, 14-lb. and 16-lb. boxes, 30s to 35s; figs, 2-lb. boxes, 50s to 60s; muscatels, boxes, 105s to 110s.—London, October 1.

THE BANDITS OF SIAM.—According to the *Times of India*, news from Siam to the 8th of July states that "Despatches received by the Siamese Government announce disturbances on the Burmese frontier, in the province of Cheen Hau, where a large band of dacoits, some 2000 in number, were committing depredations. They had plundered a few towns, but at latest advices some 2000 Cochin-Chinese had gathered to resist their incursions. A Siamese Commissioner had been sent up to collect reliable information as to the doings of the plunderers, and endeavour to ascertain the true cause of the disturbances, and, if necessary, a Siamese force would be sent up to assist in protecting the inhabitants of the province. At Chiengsaan, also a number of Burmans and Kores had located themselves on Siamese territory, and the Siamese authorities of Chiengmai had organised a force of about 2500 men to expel them. A commissioner had been sent to Chiengmai from British Burmah, where he met an officer of the British Consulate-General of Siam. Both were treated as guests by the Siamese Royal Commissioner. A later despatch states that the Siamese forces, after frightening away a number of Burmese settlers, had burnt down some 240 of their houses."

THE BRITISH MINT.—The British coins struck in the year 1874 were of the nominal value of £2,405,368. The gold coinage of the year comprised 520,713 sovereigns, and 1,884,432 half-sovereigns. This is much below the average gold coinage of a year, which may be reckoned at five millions sterling. The silver coinage in 1874 was large, exceeding £874,000. The amount issued to the public was £771,146, of which £188,000 was for the colonies. The issue comprised nearly £200,000 in half-crowns, the coinage of which has been resumed. The demand for threepences has increased remarkably, and upwards of four million pieces were issued in 1874. Upwards of twenty-one million bronze pieces were coined in the year. The operations of the Mint during the year produced, after payment of all expenses, a net profit of £28,435.

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LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—Monday, December 6.

SITTINGS IN BANCO.

Before Sir James Martin (Chief Justice), Mr. Justice Hargrave, and Mr. Justice Faucett.

MACKENZIE V. THE CITY BANK.

This was a motion to make absolute a rule for a new trial obtained last December. Mr. M. H. Stephen and Mr. Darley, instructed by Messrs. Russell and Halden, supported the rule; Sir W. Manning, Q.C., Mr. Butler, Q.C., and Mr. Salomons, instructed by Messrs. John Dawson and Son, showed cause.

The plaintiff sued, as official assignee of F. G. Hankey, an insolvent. The action was brought to recover a schooner, the Rosebud, said to have been alienated to the bank within the sixty days preceding Hankey's insolvency, and also moneys received by the defendants, and alleged to belong to Hankey's estate. The action was tried in November, 1874, and a verdict found for the defendants. A rule nisi was moved for and obtained on the following grounds:—"1. That his Honor the Judge should have told the jury in respect of the payment to the defendants of the sum of £942 3s. 9d., that if it was made with knowledge on the part of the defendants of the insolvency of Hankey it was invalid; 2. That his Honor should have told the jury in respect of the said sum of money, that if the bank credited Hankey with the said sum of money, they having at the time notice of his insolvency, they were not entitled to retain it; 3. That his Honor directed the jury that the bank could have a lien upon £1000 invested in the hands of John Vinson Barnard, for Mrs. Hankey's benefit by Neill, as agent for Hankey; 4. That his Honor should have told the jury that the bank, by reason of its Act of Incorporation, could not be the holders of the Rosebud schooner; 5. That his Honor told the jury that the right of the bank as holders of the Rosebud, even though not legal under their Act, yet having been assented to by Hankey, could not now be questioned by his assignees; 6. That his Honor should have told the jury that the mortgage of the Rosebud, being within sixty days of the sequestration of Hankey's estate, was void under the Insolvent Acts.

The arguments began on Tuesday last, and were continued on Wednesday and yesterday.

The Court reserved judgment.

NEWTON AND OTHERS V. CLUNEY.

This action was tried at Sydney last March, before Mr. Justice Faucett and a jury of four, and a verdict was found for the defendant. The plaintiffs, consignees of certain pulu, sued the defendant, the master of the ship Robert Cowan, for damage to the pulu on the voyage. The first count of the declaration was for not delivering "in like good order and condition," according to the terms of the bill of lading. The 2nd for want of proper care in stowing the cargo. The defendant denied the agreement alleged, denied having received the goods on the terms alleged, denied the alleged breaches of the agreement to carry, and said that the damage had arisen from the excepted dangers and perils. The first and last defences were, however, practically abandoned, and the substantial ground of defence, to support which witnesses were called on the part of the defendant, was that the damage was caused by the state of the pulu when shipped at Honolulu, and not by any act or default of the carriers. A rule nisi for a new trial was obtained in March last, on the ground that the Judge had wrongly admitted evidence for the defendant, tending to prove that the damage to the pulu and packages was caused by the pulu being packed and shipped in a green state, without such defence having been specially pleaded by the defendant, and that his Honor wrongly directed the jury accordingly.

Mr. Butler, Q.C., and Mr. Simpson, instructed by Messrs. Pigott and Trickett, appeared to support the rule; Mr. Salomons and Mr. C. B. Stephen, instructed by Messrs. Stephen and Stephen, showed cause.

The Chief Justice had no doubt that the evidence that the pulu was put on board in a wet state was inadmissible under the issue raised upon the first count by the third plea, but as to the second issue raised by the plea, it was clearly admissible; for the state in which the pulu was put on board was clearly material to the issue whether it had been damaged by improper stowage or not. Evidence was therefore rightly admitted; for if the evidence was admissible on one issue, even if not on the other, it could not be objected to. Now, if the ground taken in the rule had been that the Judge had wrongly directed the jury that the evidence so admitted was applicable to the first count also, a new trial ought to be granted, for such direction would, in his Honor's opinion, have been erroneous; but the rule only stated "that his Honor directed accordingly." What did "accordingly" mean? The ground now taken by Mr. Butler did not appear to have been taken at the trial or mentioned in the rule.

Mr. Justice Hargrave said that it was clear to him that the evidence was admissible under the second count. Then the plaintiffs, knowing of the defence, went on without making any application to the Judge for an adjournment to take evidence by commission. It was, therefore, clear that the plaintiffs had no ground to complain of surprise. And the Judge was not asked to put the evidence to the jury as bearing only upon the second count. The point, not having been taken at the trial, ought not to be raised as an afterthought.

Mr. Justice Faucett said that the contest at the trial was whether the evidence was admissible at all—not whether it was applicable to the first count. The argument that the plaintiff was taken by surprise was now taken away, because it appeared that the evidence was admissible under the second count. The plaintiffs therefore ought to have been prepared to meet it. The point now sought to be taken was not raised at the trial, nor when the rule nisi was applied for.

The rule was discharged with costs.

MANBY V. PARK.

In this motion for a new trial, in which Mr. Pilcher, instructed by Messrs. Iceton and Faithfull, appeared in support of the rule; and Mr. Want, instructed by Messrs. Teale and Curtiss, showed cause, their Honors discharged the rule without costs, upon the plaintiff agreeing to reduce the verdict by £26. The judgment of the Court will be more fully reported.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3.

EX PARTE O'CONNOR.

Mr. Salomons moved for, and obtained, a prohibition, to the Judge of the District Court at Mudgee, with costs against the respondent, one Cassidy, on the ground that the applicant did not reside within the district of Mudgee. The applicant's affidavits had not been answered.

DIVORCE COURT.

MONDAY.

Before his Honor Mr. Justice Hargrave.

HARRISON V. HARRISON.

This was a suit brought by William Harrison, of Sydney, against his wife Mary Ann Harrison, formerly Quinn, for a dissolution of marriage, on the ground of adultery. A coloured man, James Johnson, is the co-respondent.

Mr. Knox, instructed by Messrs. Cape and Westgarth, appeared for the petitioner, who sued *in formâ pauperis*. There was no appearance for respondent or co-respondent.

Petitioner was married on the 16th May, 1854, to the respondent, at the Scots Church, Jamison-street, Sydney. He is a native of Manchester, and is 56 years of age; the respondent is a native of Sligo, Ireland, and is 39 years of age. By trade petitioner is a watchmaker; respondent, at the time of marriage, was a general servant. The issue of the said marriage is seven children, five of whom, all females, are living, the oldest being 20 years of age. With the exception of two short periods, the parties lived and cohabited together from the date of marriage until the 22nd February, 1873, when respondent, without any reasonable cause or excuse, left her home and went to Queensland, where she remained until about the month of July, 1874; she has not been home since. Previous to February, 1873, she left her home on two occasions—on the first occasion she was away three weeks, on the second occasion nine weeks. Since 1873 she has lived and cohabited with the co-respondent as his wife, in Queensland, and afterwards in Sussex-street, and then in Essex-street, Sydney. Petitioner never suspected any improper intercourse between the respondent and co-respondent until after she deserted her home. Petitioner denied collusion or connivance either with the respondent or co-respondent.

The marriage was proved by the certificate, bearing the signature of the officiating clergyman, the Rev. Dr. Lang, and by the oral testimony of William Wells, who had known the petitioner and respondent for many years, and who deposed to their living together as man and wife.

Carl Lorentz deposed to having known the respondent and co-respondent in Brisbane; they lived together as man and wife, subsequently, they lived together as man and wife, as lodgers, in his house in Sydney; petitioner once came to the house, and the respondent acknowledged that he was her husband, and spoke of him as "old Harrison, my husband."

Elizabeth Arnold also deposed to having known the petitioner and respondent when they lived together as man and wife; she had since seen the respondent and co-respondent living together as man and wife.

Jane Johnson gave evidence of a similar import. The affidavits of Mrs. Elizabeth Janet Mort and Miss Susan O'Rourke and William Ridley were read in support of the evidence proving the cohabitation of respondent with co-respondent.

Petitioner deposed that he lived very happily with his wife for nineteen years, until he became embarrassed in money matters; she went away from his home without his consent and without his knowledge; he heard that she had gone to Brisbane; some months afterwards, co-respondent and his brother came into his house; he had never seen co-respondent before, although he knew his brother; co-respondent said, "Well, do you know me?" he said, "No;" the brother then introduced the co-respondent; he then said to him, "Why, you are the man that has been living with my wife;" co-respondent said, "Yes, and I have come for the children;" he positively refused to give up the children, but his wife afterwards obtained two by fetching them from the National School, Fort-street.

His Honor read a letter which had been received from the respondent; the statements contained in which, however, had been proved by reports from the Inspector-General of Police to be untrue.

His Honor pronounced a decree nisi for dissolution of marriage, not to be made absolute until after the expiration of six months; and made an order against the co-respondent for the payment of costs. He also ordered that all the children should be given up to the father.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

MONDAY.

Before Mr. District Court Judge Dowling.

BOROUGH OF NORTH WILLOUGHBY V. BROUGHTON.

Plaintiffs sued to recover £3 15s., for rates alleged to be due by the defendant. Verdict for the plaintiffs. Mr. Pigott for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Colyer for the defendant.

BUIST V. HAMBURGER.

Plaintiff in this case sued to recover professional expenses as a pianoforte tuner. Verdict for the plaintiff, for whom Mr. Williamson appeared.

BUIST V. DEAN.

This was a case similar to the preceding. Verdict for plaintiff. Mr. Williamson for the plaintiff.

WOOLLEY V. MARTIN.

Plaintiff, a plumber, sued to recover for work and labour done in removing a stoppage to water supply to a house. Plaintiff nonsuited. Mr. Graham for the defendant.

WOOLLEY V. DIARMID.

This was an action for plumber's work done. Plaintiff nonsuited. Mr. C. S. Jones for the defendant.

SAWYER V. ROBINSON.

Plaintiff sought to recover for balance of the value of a number of copper coolers and certain brass and iron-work sold by him to the defendant. Defendant pleaded accord and satisfaction and never indebted, and alleged that plaintiff had been paid for the weight of material supplied. Plaintiff had bought the goods at auction, and had found a purchaser for them in the defendant. The balance claimed was £5 8s. 10d. Verdict for defendant, with costs. Mr. Newell for the plaintiff; and Mr. Shepherd for the defendant.

GROGAN V. ROBERTS.

Plaintiff claimed £3, on account of rent. Verdict for plaintiff, 12s. Mr. Newton for plaintiff.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

MONDAY.

Before the Chief Commissioner.

In the matter of James Armstrong, the rule nisi was enlarged until the 7th February, on the application of Mr. Chapman; and an adjourned examination was postponed until the same date.

At the request of Mr. Want, the examination meeting in the matter of Edwin Augustus Hickey was postponed for a week.

In the matter of Isaac Parks, a special meeting for examination of two witnesses. Mr. Gannon appeared for the official assignee. Thomas Perrott deposed that he resided at Canterbury, and knew a Mrs. Leitch residing near him; he had known her 15 or 16 years, and had every opportunity of ascertaining her mode of life; he had known her to be a hardworking woman, supporting herself and family by washing and any jobs she could get; she had worked for him, and he had paid her; her employment was only occasional; she rented two rooms from him and paid 2s. a week rent; she was assisted from the poorhouse until some reports were made against her between three and four months ago; he knew Isaac Parks, the insolvent, and saw him at Mrs. Leitch's place almost every week; he saw him there in the evening and in the morning; he remembered Mrs. Leitch telling him that she was going to buy twenty-three acres of land from the insolvent; that was a few days before the 26th of May, 1874; the price was fifty pounds; witness had his suspicions, and told Mrs. Leitch that she must be very particular in consequence of the intimacy between herself and Parks; Mrs. Leitch said she would want witness to draw out the agreement; witness told her that he would do so, but that he must see the money paid; a few days after this occasion Mrs. Leitch and Isaac Parks called upon him, and Mrs. Leitch said she was come to pay part of the money, and asked him to write a few words and hoped he would witness the receipt; he asked her to show him the money; she put her hand into her pocket and took out two £10-notes and one £5-note; she said she would come very soon and pay the other £25; Parks took the money; he did not ask her where she got it; both left his place together; they called again on the 8th of June; Mrs. Leitch said she came to pay the rest of the money, and she took out two £10-notes, and the balance in £1 notes and sovereigns; he could not say whether they were the same notes as were paid before; Parks received the money; he wrote the receipt, and Parks witnessed it; no deed was produced; witness wrote a letter to Curtis and Gannon, telling them to prepare the deed, and then the money would be ready; he gave the letter to Mrs. Leitch, but did not know whether she posted it; she said afterwards that Curtis and Gannon had not replied; there was an action about that time against insolvent; he heard Parks on several occasions say he would turn insolvent, but he did not know at what particular time; between four and five months ago, Mrs. Leitch got a deed prepared transferring the land from insolvent to herself; Mr. Bull prepared the deed; before the deed was prepared he got a letter from Mr. Bull asking him to make a declaration that he saw the money paid; Mrs. Leitch on several occasions said that she had not got the deed, and she said she felt annoyed in consequence; on the first occasion he asked her how she got the money, and she said she was a hardworking woman, and it did not matter to him how she got it, so long as he saw it paid; she said she had daughters in service; Mrs. Leitch had lived in his house four years; she had regularly paid her rent; her house was very poorly furnished. William Parks deposed that he resided at Gannon Forest, and owned eight or nine acres of land there; he had the land since the beginning of May this year; he bought it then from his father, Isaac Parks; there were three houses on the land, one of which he erected himself; the houses were slabbed, one of them having a weatherboard front; he paid his father £80; he lent his father £60 in 1873; since then he paid £15, and he paid the balance of £5 when Mr. Bull attested the deed; he got no receipt; it was in April this year he gave his father the £15; his father then owed him £75; in May he paid £5 more, and got the deed prepared; he never heard his father say that he intended to become insolvent because of some costs in an action with which he was charged; his wife knew nothing of the payment of £15; since his father's sequestration he had had been put up for sale by him; that was in June; it was put up for sale through Mr. Langhorn at the price of £250; he had not sold it yet; he would take £200 for it; his father lived in one of the houses, but paid no rent for it; he did not know that his father wanted to borrow money on the land in May; his father had four or five head of cattle, which he had sold. The examination terminated.

In the matter of John Francis Connelly, a special meeting. Mr. H. Smith appeared for the official assignee, and examined insolvent, who deposed that his estate was compulsorily sequestrated on the petition of Mr. Rome; he knew a storekeeper named Mazouvier in Parkes; he married witness's wife's sister; he could not tell whether the receipt was in his handwriting; he believed his manager on his behalf purchased the goods in the bill; Mazouvier was paid for goods for the goods supplied; he could not recollect whether payment was made on the day that he was served with a writ from Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome; he thought it was after being served with the writ he came to Sydney; in June he tried in Sydney to arrange with his creditors; before leaving for Sydney he had prepared a schedule and a petition to sequestrate his estate; he intended to have filed his schedule, but there was a Court holiday, and he left the papers with Mr. Morgan and had not had them since; a deed of assignment was prepared from that schedule, and the last schedule was prepared from the deed of assignment; a meeting of his creditors was held; eleven out of twenty-six attended; after the meeting he executed the deed of assignment, and told his creditors that it contained all the property he had to give them; he did not insert the Golden Age Hotel, Parkes, in his schedule; it belonged to him once; he parted with it about the end of May or beginning of June; he got nothing for it; he sold it to Francis Connelly, a cousin of his, who had been managing his business for some two or three years; since the sale he had collected no rent; the rent was £2 per week; the tenants were Dr. Austin and Dr. Shaw; the Thistle Hotel in Parkes also belonged to him; he parted with it at the same time and on the same terms; he got nothing for it at the time; the agreement was made after losing an action which he had lost with the Bank of New South Wales; the Golden Age Hotel was sold, or purported to be sold, through Hume, an auctioneer; he believed that the auctioneer's commission was settled by a contra account; after he left Parkes and came to Sydney to make an assignment, he could not say whether any goods were received in his store; he believed there were, as he met a team on the road; he thought some goods arrived the week before he left; some of them were taken to Mazouvier; there was a purchase of thirty-five cases of whisky from Mason, Brothers; he could not say whether any portion of it went to Mazouvier; witness described goods in his store; Barber's druggist shop in Parkes was formerly his property; he sold it in May or June to a man named Charles Dumont, who kept a store at Tichborne; he received £80 or £100 for it; he paid it away to meet bills; he could not say to whom; he kept no banking account; he paid £100 for this shop; the rent was 10s. or 11s. per week; he did not receive the rent; he had an authority from Dumont to collect the rent; but he did not collect it; the whole of the note produced was due; the security was bad; he knew allotment No. 4 of section No. 1 in Parkes; he bought it for £100; in May or June he was being pressed hard by the City Bank, and by Church and Hills, and he sold the land to a man named Palmer for about the same amount as he gave for it; Palmer had since gone away; he owned some horses, but they were running in the bush, and he did not know whether they could be got; 35 mats of sugar came to him from Mr. Eckhouse; he did not know whether they arrived before or after he left Parkes for Sydney; he ordered 4 tons of sugar from Sydney; but to his knowledge he did not know whether it was received; the £200 referred to in the butt produced was drawn out of the bank by him and sent to one of his creditors; he did not know whom; he swore that he did not hand over £200 or £208, or thereabout to any person without consideration before he left Parkes; he had only money to pay his expenses when he came to Sydney; he made purchase of a piano when he came to Sydney in May, for his cousin Frank Connelly, who gave him the money; he did not know where Frank Connelly got the money; the license of the Grenfell Hotel was not transferred by him; it was sold by the trustees agent; he was in Parkes when the agent of the official assignee took possession; Pearcy bought his hotel; but not with money from him, his wife, or he believed his cousin; he looked in the Bank of New South Wales' pass book, and the entries referred to were the promissory notes for £400 given by him to Francis Connelly for money previously advanced to him by Francis Connelly; those promissory notes were paid; there were none of his goods concealed or stored in Mazouvier's stable; he had not concealed or put away any money in Parkes; he paid everybody up to the 27th June; it was not true that it was much earlier than June when he stopped payment; Church and Hills had been pressing him from March. The examination was adjourned until the 22nd instant. Expenses of insolvent to be paid; but costs of filing the schedule not to be charged against the estate.

In the matter of Thomas Loaring Coombe, an adjourned examination meeting. Mr. Wilkinson was re-examined by Mr. M. H. Stephen, instructed by Mr. Want, for the official assignee, and deposed that he had stated in his last examination that advances were made against Adelaide shipments; the three sums mentioned were advanced on three separate occasions; they were acceptances against different shipments; he thought two came through the Commercial Bank; the advance of £10 per ton on flour, and 4s. per bushel for wheat was not calculated specially with reference to these bills; when the £1716 9s. 6d. advance was made, the bank received store receipts for the flour; he could not state the amount of the flour of that or of the other receipts; £6774 19s. was the amount of the net proceeds of the flour upon which the three advances were made; he could not state exactly how the £3364 in the bank pass book was made up; the bank had security on Coombe's mill, over flour and wheat, beyond what was calculated in the bill of sale; the bill of sale covered everything in the mill; the bill of sale was security for the £3364 11s. 9d., so far as it would go; he could not say that it was a fact, that only £2300 was advanced at that time; he would rather see the ledger before answering the question whether £1895 9s. 1d., or thereabouts was not the debit of Mr. Coombe's account after payment of the sum of £3364 11s. 9d.; whatever the debit was, it was secured by the bill of sale to the extent of £2000; there was no other security on the 13th February, than the 10th of February bill of sale; £5627 16s. 9d., in addition to other advances that might have been made, was the amount against which the sales of the Adelaide wheat and flour took place; witness had no recollection of any other bill besides that sum, than one for £800. The examination was adjourned until 2 o'clock to-day (Tuesday).

The remaining case on the list was postponed until to-day.

SURRENDER.

John Boundy, of Waratah, miner. Liabilities, £60 12s. 1d. Assets, 10s. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

RULE NISI.

William Robertson and another v. Denis M'Grath and William M'Mah, Sydney, builders. Returnable 16th December. Mr. Humphery, official assignee.

SCHEDULE FILED.

William Ross, of Dilga, Molong, sheep owner. Liabilities, £2644 9s. 6d.—of which £1750 10s. is secured. Assets, £4529 8s. 3d.

APPLICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATES.

Tuesday, December 7th, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Samuel Aaron Phillips, adjourned from the 5th October last; John Eldeit Glascow, Thomas Lane, James Leggatt, Thomas Henry Hart, William John Whitfield, Edwin Bennett, Owen Smyth, and Francis M'Mahon, and in the separate estate of Francis M'Mahon, Charles Tubbenhauer, adjourned from the 23rd November last; David Forrest the younger, adjourned from the 30th ultimo.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Wednesday, December 8, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: John Mitchell, third meeting; James Thorne, first and only meeting; Patrick Madden, first and only meeting; Thomas Moon, second; Edward Row, Edwin Thomas Beilby, and Walter Scott (trading as E. Row and Co.), special, for proof of debt; George Froy, first; Ellen Anderson Russell, first; Edward Joseph Martin, adjourned single from the 1st instant; Edwin Cock, adjourned third from the 1st instant.

Friday, December 10, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: James M'Donald, third; William James Tickle, second meeting; John Thomas Ward, first meeting; Thomas Swift, first; Thomas Marchant, first; Thomas Cowin, first; William Wheate, adjourned single from the 3rd instant.

Friday, December 10, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Robert Redshaw, first and only meeting, at Bega; Catherine Murphy, first and only meeting, at Tumut.

Monday, December 13, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Wagga Wagga Sugar Manufacturing Company and Companies Act (No. 10), adjourned from 2nd December; Parramatta River Steam Company and Companies Act (No. 14), adjourned from 2nd December; list of contributories to be considered, and creditors to come in and prove.

Tuesday, December 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Thomas Loaring Coombe, George Blake, Cornelius Mathew Mills, Robert George, John M'Lennon, Michael William Frederick Alzano, Edward Row, Edwin Thomas Beilby and Walter Scott (trading as E. Row and Co.), ex parte Edward Rowe, Thomas Duff, Walter Marshall Church, and Robert Hills, and in their separate estates; Thomas Loveday, adjourned from the 16th of November last; Joseph Wearne, adjourned from the 30th of November last; Thomas Whitham, adjourned from the 30th of November last.

Tuesday, December 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: William Hobbs, first and only meeting, at Cooma; John Millington, first and only meeting, at Cooma; Arthur M'Connell, first and only meeting, at Wagga Wagga.

COURT BUSINESS.

Thursday, December 9, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Peabody Copper Mining Company and Companies' Act (No. 17), list of contributories to be settled, and creditors to come in and prove. Accounts current and plans of distribution for confirmation in the following estates:—1. Estate of Richard James Keenan, a first plan, dividend of 6s. 8d. in £ on concurrent proofs, and payment in full of preferent debts; 2. Estate of Daniel Macquarie, an equalizing dividend of 5s. 6d. per £ on proved concurrent debts; 3. Estate of Cornelius Matthew Mills, a first plan, dividend of 4s. 5½d. in £; 4. Estate of George Charles Clerk, a first plan, dividend of 6s. 7-1d. in £; 5. Estate of Augustus Veil, an account current only, showing the disposal of assets realised, and the balance due to the estate. Charles Lewis Quartz Crushing Company and Companies' Act (No. 12), hearing of claim of Thomas Ferguson; ditto ditto, application by official liquidator for order for call; Gay's Gold Mining Company and Companies' Act (No. 3), hearing of claims, ex parte Thomas Hiles and ex parte John Dawson; Esperance Gold Mining Company and Companies' Act (No. 16), adjourned from 2nd instant; John Joseph Horan, directions, adjourned from 2nd instant. Estates in arrear under 9th rule in insolvency—official assignees to be heard thereon; William Ross, hearing of order nisi for attachment. Compulsory sequestration—rule nisi returnable, Montagu de Lissa v. Edwin Joseph Dempsey; Robert Ruse, for ratification or otherwise of directions of creditors.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

Before the Mayor, with Messrs. Pearce, Hunt, Harris, Watkins, Spence, Wynne, Davis, and Merriman.

Of sixty-eight persons charged with drunkenness, twenty-two, who had not been previously convicted of that offence, were admonished and discharged; the rest were fined in sums varying from 5s. to 20s. Several were also charged with having made use of obscene language, on which ground James Maguire, 17, said by one of the police to be the most troublesome person about the Glebe, was sentenced to pay a penalty of £5, or to be imprisoned three months; Roger Reynolds to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned one month; William Brown to pay 20s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days; and William Smith to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days.

William Lewis, charged with having assaulted constable Wallace, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

Thomas M'Donnell was taken into custody by constable Fox, who found him committing an offence against decency. Prisoner also assaulted the constable. For the first offence he was sentenced to pay a penalty of 40s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days; and for the second, to pay 10s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

Martin Fahey, found guilty on his own confession of indecent behaviour in King-street, between the hours of 11 and 12 p.m., was sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., or to be imprisoned seven days.

Roger Reynolds was found guilty of having assaulted constable Ryan, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 40s., or to imprisoned one month. Mary Reynolds, who interfered with a view to obtain liberation of her husband, was sentenced to pay a penalty of 3s., or to be imprisoned two days.

John Brennan, who was apprehended by constable Rafferty for being drunk and disorderly, and assaulting him by violently kicking and striking him, was for the last offence sentenced to pay a penalty of £5, or to be imprisoned two months. He was also convicted of having wilfully destroyed the constable's uniform jumper, and was ordered to pay 32s. 6d. damages, or to be imprisoned one month.

Julia Kerr was convicted of being an habitual drunkard, and received sentence of two months' imprisonment.

John Cunningham, charged with having stolen a metal ring, valued at 6s., the property of John Rudd, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to be imprisoned three months.

Selina M'Cracken was sentenced to be imprisoned three months, and Sidwell Prendergast to be imprisoned six months, as idle and disorderly persons, failing to show that they have either fixed abode or lawful means of support.

James Seymour and Solomon Davis were summarily convicted of having stolen a coat, valued at 2s. 6d., the property of a dealer named Dodds, from a stall at Belmore Markets, on Saturday evening, and were sentenced to be imprisoned one month; James Rooney, as an accessory to the larceny, was sentenced to be imprisoned fourteen days.

Before Mr. Smart.

Martha Wallace was brought before the Bench on Saturday, charged with being an idle and disorderly person, having neither fixed abode nor lawful means of support. The evidence for the prosecution was of the usual character. Prisoner said that if she had opportunity she could rebut the charge. She was therefore remanded until this morning, and was told to tell the prosecutor the names and addresses of her witnesses, that he might tell them to attend. No witnesses, however, attended, and she was sentenced to be imprisoned six months.

Emma Tait was sentenced to be imprisoned three months, and Margaret Cummings four months, on failure to show that they have lawful means of support.

Before the Police Magistrate, with Messrs. Meyer, Bailey, Goldring, Curran, and Smart.

In Margaret Hogan v. Margaret Dundon, for assault, the defendant was fined 10s., with 26s. 10d. costs. In Irons v. Johnston, Healey v. Carroll, Rogers v. Nelson, Powell v. Blackburn, and Hodges v. Lawrence, and Schwoebel v. Goodin, proceedings under the Tenants Act, a seven days warrant of possession was granted in each case. Eleven cases were postponed, and five were struck out for want of prosecution.

Martin v. Barry, an adjourned proceeding under the Tenants Act, heard before Messrs. Oatley, Hill, and Neale, was dismissed.

WATER POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

Before the Water Police Magistrate, and Messrs. Holborow, MacMahon, and Marks.

Twenty persons were fined for drunkenness.

Mathew Mather was fined 10s. for having made use of obscene language in a public place.

James Spence, 50, hatmaker, pleaded guilty to stealing five tea-spoons, value 2s., the property of Roderick Merritt, and was sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

Richard Richmond, a boy 11 years of age, was charged with having stolen a cash-box, containing a diamond ring, six £1 notes, three or four sovereigns, eight half-sovereigns, some silver, and a cheque for £3, the property of James Adger. Prisoner was proceeded against under the Juvenile Offenders' Act, and pleaded guilty. It appeared that about two months ago he left the training-ship Vernon, and engaged himself to the prosecutor, who is a hairdresser in Pitt-street. He was not long employed before his master discharged him for disobedience of orders, and engaged another boy in his place. His wages were paid, not to himself, but to his father; and, according to his own statement, it was because, as he thought, his wages had not been paid that he yielded to the persuasion of another boy, a little older than himself, and stole the cash-box from Mr. Adger's shop. The theft was committed between 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening of last Friday week. The cash-box was taken from the shop by the prisoner, who forcibly detached it from the dresser to which it was screwed, and he and the other boy broke it partly open with stones, and got out of it two half-sovereigns and some silver. Prisoner got half a sovereign and five shillings and his companion about £1. They hid the cash-box among some logs in Parker-street, but, afterwards, when they went back for it, they found that it was gone. Prisoner was arrested by detective Elliott. The case was adjourned for some time, and an information was laid against the prisoner under the Industrial Schools Act. In pursuance of this information the Bench ordered that he be sent on board of the training-ship Vernon.

CORONER'S COURT.

An inquest was held at the Coroner's Office, Hyde Park, touching the death of one John Cahill, lying dead at the dead-house of the Sydney Infirmary.

The following depositions were taken after the body had been viewed:—

John Cahill deposed: He resides at Darling Road, Balmain; the deceased, John Cahill was his father, a native of Ireland, and aged 47 years of age; he was employed at the Adelaide Brewery, Waverley.

James Efgrave deposed: He is employed at the Adelaide Brewery, and saw the deceased leave there about 8 o'clock on Saturday evening; deceased was then quite sober.

William Rowe deposed: He is a bootmaker, residing at Woollahra; on Saturday evening last between half-past 8 and 9 o'clock, whilst walking along the Old South Head Road, opposite a place called Tower House, he observed a man approaching on horseback, riding alone; the horse was cantering, and coming from the direction of Waverley; the horse commenced to buck, and continued bucking until the rider fell to the ground; he was about twenty yards from the deceased when he fell, as it appeared, on to his head; the horse walked quietly on to the path after the occurrence; he went up to the deceased and could not find him breathing, so he placed his hand on his heart and found it beating slightly; the deceased fell at the top of Ocean-street, near a gas lamp; he, with assistance, removed the deceased on to the footpath, and then went for Dr. Knott, and afterwards saw constable Bell remove the deceased; no person was near deceased at the time of the occurrence.

Dr. Brady deposed: He examined the body of deceased; the only external mark of violence exhibited was a scalp wound on the back of the head about three-quarters of an inch in length; he had made a post-mortem examination; on reflecting the scalp a clot of blood was found between the scalp and the cranium at the back and left side of the head; on removing the calvarium he found a fracture on the left parietal bone about four inches in length; this fracture was on the opposite side of the head to that on which deceased had apparently fallen; the skull was unusually thin; the left side of the brain was greatly congested; there was great effusion of blood all over the brain, but no distinct clot could be seen; the cause of death was violence done to the left hemisphere of the brain and the pressure of a piece of broken bone on the brain.

The jury found: "That the said John Cahill, at Woollahra, on the 4th instant, died from the effects of injuries received through falling from the horse he was riding."

MINING BOARD OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, yesterday, at the Board-room, Mining Department, Elizabeth-street. Present—Mr. Thompson (chairman), Messrs. Baker, Eddy, De C. Browne, Sweeny, W. Brown, Mongan, Roman, and Copeland.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The secretary (Mr. Baker) read letters from Messrs. Griffin and Burns excusing their unavoidable absence from the call of the Board ordered for that day.

On the motion of Mr. Eddy, seconded by Mr. Sweeny, the apologies of Messrs. Griffin and Burns were accepted.

THE MINING BILL.

The secretary read the report of the Committee of the Whole in regard to the new Mining Bill, containing the amendments recommended by the committee to be embodied in the new bill.

Mr. Roman moved that the report be adopted.

Mr. Eddy seconded the motion.

Mr. Baker moved,—"That the Board disagree with the recommendation of the committee that the Mining Board be purely elective, and that the recommendation be struck out." He explained that he had felt, as a nominee member, some delicacy in speaking on this matter when it came before the committee, but he did not desire to let the recommendation go unchallenged, as he would not give a silent assent to a principle that he disagreed with. He would not like to see the Board purely elective, and he would not desire to see more than a small proportion of the nominee element in the Board. Further, he contended that the mixed principle had worked well upon the present Board. It was true that improper persons might be appointed to the Board, but it was equally true that improper persons might be elected to the Board, and the danger was greater in regard to election than to appointment. As regards the argument that appointed members have no responsibility, he contended that they were equally amenable to public opinion, and at the same time, being beyond the reach of influence by popular clamour, they would be likely to discuss whatever came before them in a fair and impartial spirit. He could not see any objection to the Government having the power to appoint one-third of the Board.

Mr. Copeland seconded the motion.

Mr. Eddy opposed the amendment, as he objected to bring up over again a subject that had been already discussed.

Mr. Mongan considered this an extraordinary course to take, and the arguments by which it was supported were more extraordinary still.

Mr. Roman, now that the committee had adopted the elective principle, thought it out of place to attempt to alter it. He should oppose the amendment.

Mr. Sweeny was not convinced by the arguments of the mover of the amendment. The mixed principle had worked well in the present Board, but they had no guarantee for the future. He disapproved of the nominee element altogether.

The amendment was negatived on the following division:—For: Messrs. Copeland and Baker. Against: Messrs. De C. Browne, Eddy, Sweeny, W. Brown, Mongan, and Roman.

The motion for the adoption of the report was agreed to.

CALL OF THE BOARD.

The call of the Board, ordered for this day, then took place, when the members enumerated above answered to their names.

MINING REGULATIONS.

Mr. Baker moved, and Mr. De C. Browne seconded, a resolution rescinding a motion carried by the Board on the 16th June last, to the following effect:—"That the code of regulations, as amended, be now read for the third time and made a resolution of the Board."

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Baker then moved for leave to introduce a code of regulations, and that they be now read a first and second time.

Mr. De C. Browne seconded the motion, which was carried.

The Board then resolved itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the regulations. The regulations were approved of, and reported to the Board.

The Board, having resumed, adopted the report, read the code of regulations a third time, and made them a regulation of the Board.

It was resolved, on the motion of Mr. De C. Browne, seconded by Mr. Eddy, that the code of regulations be forwarded to the Minister for Mines.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

On the motion of Mr. Eddy, Messrs. De C. Browne and Sweeny were added to the Executive Committee.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. Eddy moved,—"That the Board, at its rising, do adjourn until the last Wednesday in May, 1876."

Mr. Sweeny seconded the motion.

Mr. Roman thought it would be better to adjourn *sine die*, and leave it to the Executive Committee to call the Board together when necessary.

Mr. De C. Browne thought it better to fix a day for their next meeting.

The Chairman did not see the necessity for fixing any definite date.

Mr. Copeland took the same view.

The motion was agreed to on division by 5 to 4.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A letter was read from the Department of Mines, stating that the Minister for Mines would not issue to the members of the Board any railway passes or pay any travelling expenses, until a paragraph in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of the 30th ultimo was authoritatively contradicted by the Board.

Mr. Copeland expressed his surprise that the Minister should take any notice of a paragraph like this. He was present when the remarks were made, but some of those remarks were not made at all, and none of them was made in the spirit that was represented. The Board were not to be held responsible for what any newspaper reporter chose to make them say.

It was resolved to instruct the secretary to inform the Minister that the paragraph in question did not contain the opinion of the Board, and that they had made no complaint of the Minister requiring the members of the Board to travel second-class.

The Board then adjourned until Wednesday, May 28, 1876, at 12 o'clock (noon).

Epps's Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."—*Civil Service Gazette*. Made simply with boiling water for milk. In packets and tins (tins for better, ½ and 1 lb.) Each packet is labelled—"James Epps and Co., homœopathic chemists, London." Manufacture of Cocoa—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by James Epps and Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works, in the Euston Road, London."—See article in *Cassell's Household Guide*.—Adv.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

BUSINESS THIS DAY.

Mr. Macintosh to ask the Secretary for Lands,—Is it a fact that plants and seeds are extensively distributed from the Botanical Gardens; and if so, by whose authority, and upon what terms and conditions?

Mr. M'Elhone to ask the Colonial Secretary,—1. Who are the gentlemen appointed to represent the colony at the Philadelphia Exhibition? 2. For what purposes are they appointed, and what duties have they to perform? 3. What amount is each of them to receive?

Mr. Dibbs to ask the Secretary for Public Works,—1. The amount of money expended on the harbour works at Wollongong during the last ten years, showing the amount expended in each year? 2. The expenditure during the like period on the harbour works at Kiama?

GENERAL BUSINESS—NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Hoskins to move,—1. That this House is of opinion that the import duty on salt ought to be abolished. 2. That the foregoing resolution be transmitted by address to his Excellency the Governor.

Mr. Davies to move,—That this House will, on Friday next, resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the expediency of adopting an address to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause a bill to be brought in to confer an annuity upon John Dunmore Lang, or for conferring upon that gentleman some other pecuniary recognition for his great public services.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Contagious Diseases Prevention Bill—second reading; Secret Bills of Sale Act Amendment Bill—second reading; Sale of Colonial Wines Regulation Act of 1862 Repeal Bill—third reading; Betting Houses Suppression Bill—resumption of the adjourned debate, on the motion of Mr. Terry, "That this Bill be now read a second time."

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Gunpowder and Explosive Substances Law Consolidation Bill—second reading; Supply—House to resolve itself into Committee.

INSUBORDINATION.

(*From the Volunteer Service Gazette.*)

The Volunteer force has now existed nearly sixteen years. It was organized without much of the theory of military discipline being imparted to its members, and yet the cases of insubordination have been from the first remarkably few and far between. Indeed, the chief instances of want of discipline which have occurred would take but little space to recapitulate. And, as might have been expected, the knowledge of the principles of subordination has spread gradually, and it is now very rare to find those instances of insubordination arising from ignorance of the relations between officers and men which were naturally to be found in the days in which the force can hardly be said to have been consolidated. As we have often observed, the fact that the volunteer officers and men all naturally came into existence at the same time, was a great though unavoidable evil. If time had allowed, the officers ought assuredly to have been appointed and trained before the rank and file were enrolled. But this was impossible, for if advantage of the enthusiasm of the moment had not been at once taken, it might have passed away and never returned. Again, it is easy enough to see now that the true policy of the Government would have been to have taken the nomination of the officers much more into its own hands than it ventured to do, and to have sternly put down any attempts, direct or indirect, at a popular election of superiors. By far the greater number of cases of insubordination which have happened have arisen from the men believing that they have or ought to have some voice in the selection of their superiors. We repeat once more, that such a voice cannot be safely given to any military body—regulars or volunteers. The experience of every country shows that such a power can never be tolerated on active service, and in time of peace its existence gives rise to many false ideas of the relations between the various ranks, and the consequent breaches of discipline. The columns of the New York *Army and Navy Journal* show that even in the United States the evil of the system of electing officers for the National Guard is very severely felt, and that strong efforts are being made to get rid of it. Among ourselves it is probably no exaggeration to say that nine out of ten of the scandals which arise now and then in the Volunteer force may be traced to the existence of the feeling on the part of subordinates that they have or ought to have a voice in the nomination of their superiors. We all recollect the case of the sergeant at Truro, some of whose comrades went very far in their protest because they were not allowed to have him for an officer. And a similar spirit was manifested by a corps at Bath a year or two ago, the grievance being that a captain was appointed without the pleasure of the non-commissioned officers and men being taken. Worse again, but depending on the same ignorance of the principles of military subordination, was the conduct of those officers who recently made the supposed shortcomings of their colonel the text for after-dinner speeches in the presence of their men.

But all these cases appear, we regret to say, to be outdone by the conduct of some of the members of the Launceston Rifle Volunteers a fortnight ago. We briefly alluded to the affair in a late number, but withheld comment till we had fuller information on the subject. We regret to say that the case now appears to have been of so very gross a character that we cannot pass it over without notice. It would seem, from statements in the local papers, that some members of the 6th Cornwall (Launceston) R.V. (a corps of one company forming part of the 2nd or Bodmin Administrative Battalion) wished that a gentleman named Wood should be recommended for a commission. In order to further this, they took the unwarrantable step of drawing up a requisition, which they deputed three of their members to hand to Captain Collier, their commanding officer. Captain Collier very properly refused to receive any deputation, and as we understood, also refused to read the requisition when it was handed to him by a sergeant. But he seems to have in some informal manner allowed some of the men to express their wishes as to Mr. Wood, and to have told them in reply that, when a vacancy occurred, he would endeavour to find a qualified person to recommend to the authorities. In a word, he appears to have given the men to understand that he intended to be guided solely by his own judgment in the matter. This roused their indignation, and when Captain Collier left the orderly-room, where the events narrated above had taken place, he was followed down the street by a mob of hooting and hissing roughs, headed, we are ashamed to say, by some of the Volunteers—among them being, we are told, the members of the so-called deputation. We are glad to say that these fellows were immediately dismissed, and still more glad to learn that, in consequence of the report made to the War-office, the drills of the corps have been suspended, and an official inquiry is to be made into the whole of the circumstances.

We must say that we believe that the Secretary for War might with advantage take this course oftener than is at present the case. Stern justice in all such matters is the truest kindness to the Volunteer force. If the facts given above have been correctly stated, the Launceston corps must contain a considerable number of men who are either ignorant of, or wilfully repudiate, the rules of all military discipline, and the sooner the 2nd Cornwall Administrative Battalion is purged of such mutineers the better. Indeed, in every case in which there is any combined insubordination, the War-office ought invariably, we submit, to institute a full and immediate inquiry, as they are doing, or about to do, at Launceston. Disbandment, and, if possible, reconstitution is, in cases of this sort generally the only remedy worth anything. Even if the reconstitution is not practicable, it is better that a corps containing a number of disaffected men should cease to exist. But the strange leniency shown in many cases by the authorities has done a great deal of harm, and will do more if it continues. The conditions of the Volunteer service are easy enough, and must now be well known, and no kind of misconduct ought ever to be condoned or passed over, whether the offenders are privates or officers.

VOLUNTEER CAMPS.

(*From the Volunteer Service Gazette.*)

There can be no doubt that the most popular form of Volunteer training, at least for all corps except those in and about the Metropolis, is that which is involved in a week, or the best part of a week, under canvas. The men like the outing, and are pleased to be soldiers in earnest if only for a few days, and the officers are naturally delighted at having their men under their own eyes and under their undisputed command for several days together. Everyone, indeed, who has had to command a Volunteer corps, whether a battalion or a company, under circumstances which would not admit of any continuous training, knows how very unsatisfactory, in many points, the work really is, and how weary both officers and men become of the parades, at which there is no time for anything but the more essential parts of drill, and also without making much progress, in consequence of the necessity for going over the same ground over and over again for those who have either neglected to attend, or who forget from week to week what they are supposed to have learned. We say nothing of the constant mortification caused by scanty musters, leading certainly to a want of spirit in the work done, and very possibly to the loss of several efficiency drills. The worst is, however, the absolute impossibility, under these conditions, of teaching anything but mere drill. During the bare hour for which, only, the men can, as a rule, be got to attend, there is never any time for proper inspection of clothing or appointments and very seldom time for even the needful corrections of mistakes. As to wasting the precious moments in showing men how to mount guard or any other of the minor details of soldiering, it is out of the question.

When the men are once under canvas, if only for a few days, of course all this is changed. The commanding officer knows how many men he can count upon when he orders a parade; there is no limit, within reason, to the employment of as much time as may be necessary for inspection, &c. The officers and sergeants learn at least something of those duties of superintendence which are much more important than drill, but which the authorities never seem to think it necessary to teach Volunteers, even at Schools of Instruction. The men learn that they must be obedient, neat, and orderly, and, above all, they find out that an officer is to be obeyed because he is an officer, and not because he happens to belong to their own company or battalion. It is, indeed, impossible to over estimate the good done in this way by a week in camp, and we have very little doubt that the influence of the rapidly increasing number of camps now annually formed, to say nothing of that at Shoeburyness or of those at Aldershot, will be to improve the discipline of the whole Volunteer force in a very marked degree. We have ourselves observed that the bearing of those Volunteers, both officers and men, who have had the advantage of attending the autumn manœuvres, or even a regimental camp, is distinctly more military than that of most of those who have not done so.

Our columns show how very popular regimental camps now are. We have been obliged, indeed, to condense the accounts which reach us as much as possible, and we are even now greatly in arrear, and shall probably for weeks to come have still some reports of encampments awaiting publication. These reports bear condensation well, because, as is natural, the incidents of one encampment are very like those of another. But what is undoubtedly remarkable, is the great rarity of any cases of insubordination or misconduct. In one instance, we have an adjutant of Volunteers, who has been for years the adjutant of a "very strict" regiment of the Line, writing to express his astonishment at the very few cases of misconduct in a large Volunteer camp, and at the trifling nature of those which have arisen. In another case—of which a long report has been sent us, which it seems unnecessary to print—one man was dismissed from a corps for drunkenness, and it is obvious from the effect produced, both by the offence and its punishment, that it was thought, as it ought to be thought, a most grievous disgrace that the thing should have happened at all. As for the detachments which have been at the autumn manœuvres, and which are now undergoing training at Aldershot, their behaviour seems to have been always, and to be now, uniformly good.

With the view before us of the excellent results produced by these encampments in provincial corps, we cannot help wishing that some means could be found for giving the Metropolitan Volunteers more opportunities of gaining similar advantages. We are aware that there are difficulties in the way, but we also know that several London corps do manage to go into camp if only for a few days. We may instance the London Rifle Brigade, which encamped at Mitcham not long ago, and the Civil Service corps and the London Scottish, which have for some years had camps of instruction at Wimbledon and elsewhere. But bearing in mind the peculiar circumstances under which Volunteering in and about London is carried on, we are disposed to urge once more upon the War-office the desirability of establishing, during the summer months, a general camp of instruction at Wormwood Scrubs, or at any other accessible spot, at which provisional battalions of Volunteers might be formed as occasion required, and the work done in the mornings and evenings exclusively, so as to permit both men and officers to attend to their civil employments during the day. This scheme has often been suggested both by ourselves and others, and we have never heard any valid objections offered to it. Carried into effect, it would certainly be as useful for the Metropolitan Volunteers as the regimental camps are found to be for those of the provinces.

CURE OF SNAKE-BITES.

Attached to the report of the Bombay Medical Mission is a supplementary report by the Rev. Dr. Wilson, and appended to this we give a letter by Mr. W. C. Collins, both of which appear in the *Times of India*.

Dr. Wilson says:—"During two short visits which, since the breaking up of the rains, I have paid to Golwad, the head-quarters of the Free Church of Scotland's Branch Mission, to the Waralis and other jungle tribes of the Northern Konkan, I have been greatly struck with the success of the Medical Department of that Mission, and the facilities of access to the people which it has given to the zealous and devoted catechists and teachers who have there been attempting to gain the confidence and secure the attention of the long-depressed and degraded denizens of the forests, whose good they are seeking both as far as the life which now is and that which is to come are concerned. Mr. Lazarus Abraham, who has been educated and trained at the Dispensary of the Medical Mission in Bombay, and is the first of its alumni who has proceeded to the outer districts of the Presidency, has proved a diligent and efficient agent, and has attracted during the first year of his labours many hundreds of the natives to his residence, and to a weekly market a few kos distant which he is in the habit of attending, and where he dispenses medicines and practises surgery with much sagacity and skill. His fame has spread all round for more than twenty miles, and some sons and daughters of suffering have come to him in individual cases from double that distance. Much confidence is reposed in his judgment and benevolence, and he keeps the interests of the souls as well as of the bodies of his patients habitually in view, acting as a catechist. While he is taking the diagnosis of individual cases before him, making up his prescriptions and working with his instruments, the other catechists and teachers are busy with the unengaged desiderants of relief, and get from them more of the willing ear than they have hitherto obtained. Some special cases of cure have contributed much to the production and accumulation of his influence. One of these I must mention. It is the cure of a poor man who had been bitten by a cobra de capella (the most fatal of all its fatal genera in India), upon which he had accidentally trampled when plucking some fruit from a hedge. The wounded man, owing to a cry which was got up, was happily in the hands of Lazarus within three minutes of his puncture, which was immediately below the ankle. A cord was instantly applied as a ligature to stop the circulation of the blood upwards. The wound was opened and scarified, and carbolic acid was poured into it. After lying down for a few hours, the sufferer was taken to his house; and next morning he was considered to be out of danger, as the issue proved to be the case. It is possible, nay probable, that there happened to be but little poison in the radical cists of the fangs of the formidable reptile when the infliction occurred; but authenticated cases of cure, even in such circumstances as that of which I admit the possibility, are so rare, that with the people of the locality, who know of no instance of the kind, I hold that this poor man would in all probability have died had not surgical assistance, in the good providence of God, been at hand. I was at Golwad two or three days after the occurrence of the case which I have specified. The language of the people there was, 'was it ever known before that a man could be cured of the sting of a naga?' Their attention was directed, and will be directed, to the necessity for all of a cure from the injuries of the great Nahash, 'that old serpent the devil,' who had so much to do, owing to the disobedience of our first parents, with bringing death into the world, and all our woe."

Mr. C. W. Collins writes:—"For some time past a great deal has been said and written regarding the efficacy of liquor potassæ as a remedy in cases of snake-bite, and several experiments have been made with it with more or less success.

"During the early part of the year 1853 I had an opportunity of testing the efficacy of liquor potassæ as an antidote in snake-bite, and carefully observed its action on the system, and noted the symptoms as they occurred.

"In the year abovementioned, shortly after the assignment of the Berars to British management, I was appointed to the medical charge of the civil station and gaol at Sultanghurry in the Ellichpoor district. In this gaol there were some three or four hundred prisoners, some for short terms of imprisonment, others for longer, and among them were a few life prisoners also. During August or September of that year, one evening about 8 o'clock, I received an express message to the effect that a prisoner, a Rohilla jemadar, had been bitten an hour previously by a cobra de capella. This man professed to be a snake charmer, and made his fellow prisoners believe that he had the power of rendering the bite of the most venomous reptile innocuous. On the appearance of a cobra within the gaol precincts, on the occasion referred to, the Rohilla deliberately seized it, and when attempting to charm it, the reptile naturally irritated suddenly turned round and bit him on the back of the hand. When I arrived at the gaol I observed that the man was well under the influence of the poison, and had become insensible—he also had cramps in his stomach, which, from the acuteness of the pain, made him shriek. I at once administered 10 minims of liquor potassæ in some cold water, the effect soon became apparent, his shrieks, which before were distressing, now ceased entirely, the man appeared relieved to a great extent, though still in an unconscious state. I then carefully scarified the bitten part, encouraged bleeding as much as possible, washed the wound with a solution of liquor potassæ, and steadily watched the symptoms. After a little the cramps in the stomach returned with renewed shrieking. I repeated the liquor potassæ internally, and continued to do so every half-hour during the whole night. In the intervals cold water was repeatedly dashed on the head and face with some little force: this was done with a view to remove the drowsiness and stupor which generally supervene in cases of bites from venomous reptiles.

"The patient was carefully attended to throughout the night, and after twelve hours from the commencement of the treatment he slowly recovered consciousness, and within twenty-four hours was completely out of danger.

"Subsequent trials with liquor potassæ convince me that a more efficacious remedy does not at present exist, or is yet known. Liquor ammoniæ I find has been administered in several instances of snake-bite, but it cannot be taken so readily as the liquor potassæ. As alkalis, both are equally powerful, but the latter is a more convenient form for internal use from the absence of fumes which renders the former so difficult to swallow.

"But I must not omit to mention that my patient suffered twelve months from large abscesses breaking out all over his body, eventually causing the skin to peel off in large flakes. Although this may appear strange, nevertheless it is a fact, and whether it was the natural result of some portion of the cobra poison being retained in the system or not, I am not prepared to assert."

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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

JOHN BRINSMEAD and SONS' GOLD MEDAL PIANOS, with the Patent (1868 and 1875) Perfect Check Repeater Action, may be obtained at every Music Warehouse. 18, Wigmore-street, London, England.

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PIANOFORTE.—For SALE, a bargain, very handsome 7-octave PIANOFORTE, with 3 pedals celesio (piano, and forte), patent action, bolts and bars, to withstand the Australian climate, the property of a lady leaving the colony. Apply 51, St. George's-parade, Elizabeth-street South.

READ and CO. have good tone Cottage PIANO, bargain, £14. 44, Hunter-street, above HERALD.

READ and CO. sell new Aucher's 7 octave trichord, check and crank action, £45; packed in zinc case.

READ and CO. have Harmonium—3-stop Alexandre, guaranteed sound, £13. 44, Hunter-street.

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CARPETS. Real Wilton Pile, Saxony, Brussels, Tapestry — Choice and Exclusive Designs.
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Ex DUKE OF SUTHERLAND.

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They consist of Floral, Watteau, and Antique designs on grounds of

Cream
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Now open and ready for inspection—
330 rolls of China MATTINGS, certainly the best selection ever imported
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Smooth and even finish,
EXTREMELY DURABLE.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY

RUSH AND ROUSSEAU, 618, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

NEW GOODS, JUST OPENED.

BEAUTIFUL BONNETS, 12s 6d
Beautiful Bonnets, 16s 6d
Beautiful Bonnets, 21s.
FASHIONABLE HATS, 10s 6d
Fashionable Hats, 15s 9d
Fashionable Hats, 18s 6d.
READY-MADE COSTUMES, 9s 9d
Ready-made Costumes, 12s 9d
Ready-made Costumes, 18s 6d.
DRESS MATERIALS, 10½d
Dress Materials, 1s 3d
Dress Materials, 1s 6d.
JACKETS AND TABLIERS, 15s 6d
Jackets and Tabliers, 18s 6d
Jackets and Tabliers, 21s.
UNTRIMMED STRAW HATS,
New shapes, from 1s 6d to 5s 6d.
FRENCH MUSLINS, 7½d.
TUSSORE LINEN, 7½d.

SOMETHING TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.

£5 BALE OF ANY KIND OF DRAPERY GOODS, sent carriage free in six days, to any town in New South Wales.

PATTERNS SENT ON APPLICATION.

£5 BALES OF DRAPERY.

Among the drapers of the metropolis, assorted bales of drapery goods bid fair to become an institution, giving satisfaction equally to buyers and sellers. Messrs. Rush and Rousseau, of Brickfield-hill, as will be seen by advertisement, offer large inducements to purchasers of assorted parcels, and from the well-known character of that house, full reliance may be placed on their representations.

RUSH and ROUSSEAU,
Importers of every kind of Drapery,
618, George-street, Brickfield-hill,
Sydney.

500, GEORGE-ST.—Beautiful Black Cloth Paget Coats, well cut and well made, from 20s.

500, GEORGE-ST.—Derby Dust Coat, 21s; China Silk Dust Coat, 15s; Silk Coats, 12s 6d.

500, GEORGE-ST., for really good all-wool Scotch Tweed SUITS, from 50s.

500, GEORGE-STREET, the Central Tailoring House, opposite the Central Police Court. All goods made to order are well made, well shrunk, and a perfect fit insured.

500.—West of England Tweed Trousers and Vests, 22s 6d, 25s 6d; best heavy make, 28s 6d.

500, GEORGE-STREET, for every description of Scarfs, Ties, Shirts, Collars, Studs, Braces, Belts, Perfumery, Hosiery, Gent.'s Twilled Silk Umbrellas, paragon frames, 10s 9d; Bath Towels, Railway Rugs, Portmanteaus, Carpet Bags, &c., &c.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

PERRY, BROTHERS'
GREAT CLEARING SALE!!!
STILL FURTHER REDUCTIONS
Still further reductions
Still further reductions
Still further reductions
Still further reductions
Still further reductions.
THE LAST TWENTY-ONE DAYS
The last twenty-one days
The last twenty-one days
The last twenty-one days
The last twenty-one days
OF PERRY'S GREAT SALE
of Perry's Great Sale
of Perry's Great Sale
of Perry's Great Sale
of Perry's Great Sale.
EVERY ARTICLE MUST BE SOLD FOR CASH
Every article must be sold for cash
Every article must be sold for cash
Every article must be sold for cash
Every article must be sold for cash.

OPEN EVERY MORNING at 10 O'CLOCK SHARP.

92 and 94, KING-STREET.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S Summer COSTUMES, in great variety, fashionably made, and fit guaranteed, very cheap. Mrs. KINGSTON, 27, Oxford-street.

E. WAY, Importer of Drapery, &c., 261 to 267, Pitt-street.
Vide Import Entries,
THIS DAY'S HERALD.
18 CASES OF NEW GOODS,
purchased in the London market expressly for our
CHRISTMAS TRADE.
First-class Goods at the
LOWEST PRICES.
E. WAY, 261 to 267, Pitt-street.

SILK Coats, superior quality, all sizes, many shapes, 15s; Alpacas, ditto, many colours, 10s. Zions, George-st.

ZIONS, best and cheapest Tailor for clothing to measure on shortest notice. 409, George-street, Sydney.

ZIONS has the largest stock choice Woollens for Clothing, best cut and fit guaranteed. 409, George-street.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

SLATES, Cement, Plaster, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Zinc, Galvanized Iron, Gutter and Ridging, &c.; Register Grates, Wire Nails, Fire Bricks, Lumps, &c. G. S. CRANE and SON, 21 and 23, New Pitt-st., Circular Quay.

LIME, LIME.—100 tons of Marble LIME, and 500 casks Portland Cement, best. Depot, 8, King-st.

LEAD.—Lead and Iron PIPE, iron Gutters, Ridging, &c. J. A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

BRICKS.—GOODLET and SMITH, Patent Brick Works Surry Hills and Botany Road, Waterloo.

200,000 FEET T. and G. Colonial and Maryborough flooring, lining, Oregon spars, planking, scantling, &c.
PALINGS, 5 and 6 feet, shingles, laths, pickets, &c.
BALTIC DEALS, 11 and 9 x 3, red deals
BALTIC G. and T. boards, 1¼, 1, ⅞, ¾ and ⅝ inch
DOORS, SASHES, mouldings, architraves, skirting, &c., on hand and made to order
GALVANIZED plain and corrugated iron, ridging, spouting, ¾ and 1 inch galvanized water pipe and fittings
CEMENT, best Portland, and Keene's cement, plaster, &c.
SHEET LEAD and zinc, assorted sizes
DRAIN PIPES, all sizes; chimney pots; paving tiles; fire and building bricks, &c.
TURNERY of every description, in cedar and pine.
Timber delivered by steam launch to any part of the harbour or Parramatta river.
GOODLET and SMITH, Victoria Saw and Joinery Mills, Pyrmont, 483, George-street, and 7, Parramatta-st.

CEDAR, all sizes, to 49 inches; Turnery, every description. STEWART'S Cedar Yard, Pitt-street.

THE GOSPEL OAK IRON AND GALVANIZED IRON AND WIRE COMPANY.
IRON MANUFACTURERS AND GALVANIZERS.
TRADE MARKS.
First Brand. "G anchor O." First quality — Second Brand. "Eagle." Eagle quality.
The GOSPEL OAK is the oldest manufacture of GALVANIZED IRON in England. The original Galvanized Tinned Iron was first made at these works in the year 1842. This iron obtained the prize medal for "EXCELLENT QUALITY" at the Great Exhibition of 1862, it being the ONLY PRIZE MEDAL awarded in the trade.
The price is now greatly reduced.
Works: Gospel Oak Iron Works, Tipton
Mitre Works, Wolverhampton
Regent's Canal, Limehouse, London.
Warehouse: 56, Upper Thames-street, London.
Export Office: 110 Cannon-street, London.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.—J. J. CORDES and CO., the Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails commonly known as "EWBANK'S NAILS," desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" or "Cross" as their Trade Mark, and that all nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every package sent from their works is also placed a card bearing their name and address.
Any nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with "EWBANK'S NAILS," the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.
Dos Works—Newport, Monmouthshire, England.

CEDAR BOARDS, Cedar Boards, Cedar Boards (assorted), on SALE, at Market Wharf. H. T. ROBEY and CO., 48, Hamilton-street.

MARBLE and Slate CHIMNEYPIECES, new designs, just landed. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

SLATE, Cement, sheet lead, zinc, black and galvizd. tubing, all sizes. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

IRONBARK GIRDERS, Posts and Rails, F. O. and H. T. Shingles, Laths, Palings, Spokes, Felloes; Huon Pine, in log and boards; R. River, Oregon, and Beech T. and G. Flooring Boards; Doors, Sashes, Venetians; Clear Pine Oregon Spars, &c., &c. STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

TURNERY of every description in Cedar and Huon Pine.
STOCKS, any size and pattern.
STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

HOBART TOWN PALINGS, first-class, extra heavy. STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

CEDAR and PINE, in log, in large or small parcels, or by the single log. STREET, BROTHERS.

BRITISH PLATE and Sheet Glass Warehouse.—The largest and best assorted stock in the colony. Oils, Leads, Colours, Brushware, Paperhangings, &c. JAMES SANDY and CO. (late Thomas Edens), 256, George-st.

HOUSES AND LAND FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, detached COTTAGE, Stanmore, hall, 6 rooms, 44 x 165. D. Elphinston, Derwent-st., Glebe.

£750 FOR 2½ Acres LAND and 8-room brick House, Burwood; cheap. 137, Pitt-st.

JAMES PRINGLE, 137, Pitt-street, has for SALE—
Cottage, 6 rooms, Rfn, £400 | House, 8 rooms, S. H., £600
4 houses, rents 22s, £400 | 2 houses, Balmain, £600
5-roomed house and land, £475 | 5 cottages, S. Hills, £1400
2 cottages, Balmain, £400 | 6 houses, near H. P., £1600
78-acre farm, house, &c., £800 | 12-acre farm, house, £200.

2 BRICK HOUSES, Surry Hills, £375; £300 may remain on easy terms. James Pringle, 137, Pitt-st.

FOR SALE, a pretty detached stone COTTAGE, in a very healthy suburb, 6 rooms, and kitchen, £200 cash, the balance as may be agreed upon. Apply Owner, HERALD office.

FOR SALE, delightful position, Cottage, Gentleman's RESIDENCE, garden. Warren, Goold's-chambers.

FOR SALE, HOUSES, Hotels, Farms, and Stations, in all parts, all prices. Warren, Goold's-chambers.

FOR immediate SALE, a Block of LAND, 165 x 300 feet, 15s per foot, opposite Randwick Racecourse. Apply 211, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

SMALL CAPITALISTS are now offered an opportunity, seldom met with, of securing a good healthy little Block of Property, in the heart of the city, upon very easy terms, viz.—3 very neat well-built brick Houses, all in splendid order, each verandah, balcony, 4 neat rooms, good kitchen, lobby, pantry, washhouse, patent closets, sewerage, good back entrance, &c., £1200—viz., £400 cash down: balance at 6 per cent., for a term of years, as desired. Title, good. Freehold. H. E. SHORTER, 174, Pitt-street, near King-street.

LAND for SALE, at Petersham near the Balmain Road, 'buses pass the ground. Allen-street, 10s per foot; Norton, Arthur, and Darbyshire streets, 20s; and Balmain Road, 40s. Terms: One-quarter cash, balance in bills, for two years without interest. Title, Torrens Act. Apply J. WETHERILL, Waterloo House, Pitt-street.

LAND for SALE.—A large ALLOTMENT, at Waverley, near Charing-cross Hotel. Apply J. WETHERILL, 235, Pitt-street.

BIRCH GROVE HOUSE AND GROUNDS.

THE PROPERTY OF J. L. MONTEFIORE, Esq.

For SALE by private contract, in consequence of the approaching departure of the proprietor for Europe, this charming commodious VILLA RESIDENCE, situate on the waters of Port Jackson, with about FOUR ACRES of GROUNDS, comprising flower and vegetable garden, with orchard stocked with every variety of fruit trees. The garden contains a choice selection of plants, many of which have been imported from the best nurseries of England and Belgium. There is a conservatory and bush-house filled with the rarest ferns from New Zealand and the South Sea Islands; a two-stall stable and coachhouse. The view is perhaps unequalled in Sydney. The property has nearly 500 feet frontage to proclaimed municipal road, and whether for a delightful residence in the present, or to cut up into allotments for the future, offers unusual advantages. The distance from the city by road is exactly four miles—by water direct it is one mile and three quarters. It is only a few minutes' walk from the Steam Ferry. If desired purchasers can arrange to take at a valuation furniture and fixtures. Apply to

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

FOR SALE, Houses, in Mt. Vernon-street, Glebe, £300 each; rent 14s. S. Downs, Lodge-st., Forest Lodge.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

BALMAIN.—Commodious Cottage, 6 rooms, ¼ acre land near the water, £750.
PETERSHAM.—Commodious Cottage, 6 rooms, kitchen, bath-room, storeroom, &c., £750.
PETERSHAM.—The pick of Norwood Hill; splendid Allotments, 135 feet deep, commanding splendid views of the ocean, 50s per foot.
PETERSHAM.—Close to the Station, a fine business site, £2 per foot.
PETERSHAM.—Windsor Road, Allotments, 4s to 6s per foot.
PETERSHAM.—The Alexander Estate—Allotments, £25 each; £5 deposit, 2 years' credit.
PETERSHAM, near Lewisham—Allotments 380 feet deep, 20s per foot.
PETERSHAM, Dulwich-hill.—Allotments, 8s per foot.
ASHFIELD, close to the Fivedock Station.—Allotments, 200 feet deep, 10s per foot.
MANLY, on the Sydney Road, and near Mr. Mercer's.—Allotments, 396 feet deep, 5s per foot.
NEWTOWN, opposite Camden College.—Allotments, £3 10s per foot.
NORTH SHORE, near Carrabella.—Allotment, 69 feet frontage, £4 per foot.
GEORGE PILE, Jun., 62, Margaret-street.

LAND, Wynyard-square.—Two Allotments for SALE. Apply TUCKER and CO., George-street.

FOR SALE, HOUSES and LAND, all parts city and suburbs, returning first-class interest on investment; also Farms and Orchards cheap. See our list last Saturday's HERALD. BATE, MUSTON, and CO.

CITY, SUBURBAN, & COUNTRY PROPERTIES for SALE. W. DOUGLASS, 434, George-street.

COTTAGES, HOUSES, and Allotments, for private SALE. See list. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

STOCK AND STATIONS.

FOR SALE, at CALLENDOON, Macintyre River—10,000 well-grown healthy weathers, in good condition
5000 sound healthy ewes, maiden and full-mouthed
80 well-bred bulls, rising two years old.
And at NEPEAN TOWERS,
10 pure-bred bulls, by Theodore or Baron Colling, rising and over 2 years old.
R. L. JENKINS.
December 4, 1875.

QUEENSLAND.—For PRIVATE SALE, first-class CATTLE STATION, Burnett district, with 7000 head of Cattle. For particulars apply
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.
Pitt-street Sydney.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

Large fattening Station, Western district
Estate near Braidwood, 6000 acres, highly improved
Numerous other Properties both in New South Wales and Queensland.
Also, the following stock:—
2400 first-class store Bullocks } from the noted "Tabulam"
1000 splendid Heifers } station, Clarence River
800 Bullocks, Richmond River
60 first-class pure-bred shorthorn cows
500 splendid Heifers, Southern district N. S. Wales
500 splendid Heifers, Maryborough, Queensland
Store Sheep and Cattle, in New South Wales and Queensland, various lots
First-class Bulls, in various localities.
GRIFFITHS and WEAVER, 271, George-street.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY.

The celebrated RAVENSWORTH ESTATE, Hunter River district, New South Wales, including about 40,000 acres Freehold Land and about 63,000 acres Leased Land; together with about
18,527 Sheep, besides 4300 lambs at foot
4,319 Cattle, besides unbranded calves.
For further particulars apply to
GRIFFITHS and WEAVER,
27 George-street.

AUCTION SALES.

GIBSON'S Horse Bazaar, opposite School of Arts. Sales daily at 10, horses, buggies, &c.

Horses, heavy and light
Vehicles, Harness, and Saddlery.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.

Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

☞ Horses and Vehicles on hire.

3 Heavy Draught Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. A. Graham to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
3 heavy draught horses, broken to harness, and subject to trial.

Landau, Broughams, Landaulet, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Messrs. J. and T. Harrison to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock,
A landau, in excellent order, two broughams, and a landaulet, with harness.
☞ The above are worthy the attention of persons requiring light and roomy carriages.

Horse, Buggy, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. H. Vaughan to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock,
A horse, broken to saddle and harness
A double-seated buggy, in good condition
A set of silver-mounted harness.

Pair of Grey Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. Wilshire to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock,
A grey mare and grey gelding, 4 and 6 years, 16 hands, well matched, broken to saddle, single and double harness.

70 Young Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. G. A. Single to sell by auction, at the Campsedown Yards, on THURSDAY next, at 12 o'clock,
70 head of useful young horses, consisting of draught, light and heavy harness, suitable for 'bus work, and some well-bred hacks.

Saddle and Buggy Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. H. M'Namara to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, at 12 o'clock,
A handsome grey gelding, good buggy horse, and a first-class goer.
"Camelia," chestnut mare, broken to saddle; pedigree at sale.

Cream Pony.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock,
A cream pony, 12½ hands, broken to saddle and harness—good in harness.

Light American Carriage.
Pair of Bay Horses and Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY next, at 12 o'clock,
An elegant light American carriage (to carry four persons), with extension top, pole, shafts, steel brake, &c.
A pair of bay horses, accustomed to run together or singly, all in first-class order, to be sold together or separately, the owner being about to visit New Zealand.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Mrs. M'Kenzie to sell at Homebush, on THURSDAY, 9th December, at 11 o'clock,
100 head prime cattle.

FAT CATTLE.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK have received instructions from Messrs. Hurtle Fisher and Hill to sell by auction, at Homebush, on THURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
210 prime fat bullocks, from his famous Nindagully station.

SHETLAND PONY.

T. S. CLIBBORN and CO. have been instructed by W. E. Mort, Esq., to sell by auction, at Fennelly's Bazaar, 241, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 9th December, at 11 o'clock,
Thoroughbred Shetland pony (entire), from Bodalla.

T. S. CLIBBORN and CO. have been instructed by L. J. Harnett, Esq., to sell by auction, at Fennelly's Bazaar, on THURSDAY, 9th December, at 11 o'clock,
Pair of bay carriage HORSES, 15.2, excellent matches, and thoroughly broken.
With the above will be sold—
Handsome open carriage, in first-class order
Set of double harness, complete.

T. S. CLIBBORN and CO. hold sales of Horses, &c., daily, at 11 a.m., 246, Pitt-street.

40 HEAD HORSES.

T. S. CLIBBORN and CO. have been instructed by Joseph Aarons, Esq., Nanima, Montefiores, to sell by auction, at Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 7th December, at 2 o'clock,
About 40 head medium draught and light harness horses, broken and unbroken, the heavy portion are by Shakespeare, and the light by Young St. John.

These horses are consigned to the auctioneers direct from the station, and are described as being in first-class condition, and include a few first-class hacks thoroughly broken.

LINCOLN RAMS,
Bred by William Rutledge, Esq., of Farnham Park, Warrnambool, Victoria.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at Wooller's Yards, on or about the 15th instant,
100 pure-bred 4-tooth Lincoln rams, a very choice lot, and used by Mr. Rutledge last season.
For purity of blood, symmetry of carcase, length of staple, and lustre of wool, they have seldom been equalled.
Intending buyers would do well to inspect these rams, at the Quarantine Ground, Homebush.
They will be sold in lots.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from C. B. Mackay, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 9th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
240 prime fat bullocks, in lots, from Browna, and 600 lbs.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from Thos. Cook, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 9th instant, at the Homebush Yards, at 11 o'clock,
220 prime fat bullocks, in lots, paddock fed, and the noted JBO brand.

AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY.

DURHAM BULLS for SALE.

MESSRS. G. M. PITT and SON have the honour to inform the public that the annual sale of the above Company's Bulls will take place at Warrah, near Murrurundi, N. S. W., on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of January, 1876, on which day
200 (more or less) young bulls, from 12 months to 2½ years old, all bred by the company, and out of their choicest cows, will be offered for sale without the slightest reserve.
G. M. Pitt and Son are authorised to state that these young bulls comprise all that the company have reared since the sale which was held in January last, and are not only the largest, but, as regards, breeding, colour, and quality, by far the best lot the company have ever offered to the public. None of them have ever been housed or artificially fed, and they are only in rough bush condition, although in excellent fettle both for travelling and service. The bulls may be seen at Warrah at once, and all further particulars learned on application to Mr. SAMUEL A. CRAIK, Warrah, via Murrurundi.
Intending purchasers can proceed from Sydney to Newcastle, and from thence to Murrurundi per train; and conveyance can be had from the latter place to Warrah, which is only distant 16 miles.
Luncheon will be provided on day of sale.

Horses. Horses.

WILLIAM GOSPER has received instructions from Messrs. Cruickshank and Hall to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Sale Yards, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of December, 1875, at 2 o'clock,
30 head of horses, consisting of first-class omnibus horses, carriage and buggy horses, and first-class hacks, and bearing the celebrated bell brand, so well and favourably known.
Terms at sale.

NOTICE.

IMPORTANT SALE
at
KIRKHAM, near CAMDEN.

BUTLER and INGLIS have received instructions from Hugh Robison, Esq. (who is leaving the district) to sell by auction, at his residence, Kirkham, on WEDNESDAY, December 8th, at 12 o'clock sharp,
The whole of his very choice herd of pure bred and dairy cattle, comprising 350 head, as under—
1 pure-bred Durham bull, Theodore VIII.
1 ditto ditto ditto, Macgregor
6 ditto Durham cows, with calves, the D in diamond brand
2 ditto ditto ditto, by Prince Victor
2 ditto ditto ditto, by Grand Duke
(Pedigrees of the above will be given at sale).
100 choice and well-bred dairy cows, with calves at foot, by pure-bred bulls above
50 very superior well-bred springing cows
150 head very choice young cattle, mixed sexes, 12 to 18 months.
Also,
1 team six heavy draught horses, with waggon and harness complete
6 heavy draught colts
1 threshing machine, 1 very superior subsoil plough, 3 farm ploughs, 2 harrows, a complete assortment of good dairy utensils, 1 stack hay, from 10 to 12 tons.
The particular attention of buyers is directed to this sale, as, owing to Mr. Robison having disposed of the Kirkham Estate and leaving the district, everything will be for positive sale.
Intending purchasers are respectfully informed that, owing to the large numbers to be got through, the sale must begin precisely at 12 o'clock sharp.
A luncheon will be provided at 11 o'clock.
Purchasers residing at a distance may leave their cattle on the ground for one week free of any charge for agistment.

BUTLER and INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at the Railway, at 9 o'clock,
Hay and straw, by the truck
Corn, potatoes, turnips, pumpkins, &c.
At 12 o'clock,
Billet wood

W. TINDALE will sell by auction, at the Redfern Station, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, &c.; and at Darling Harbour, at 12 o'clock, Billet wood, posts, rails, &c.

C. CARR and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, Yeend's-buildings, opposite St. Andrew's School, Pitt-street,
Bedsteads and bedding, chairs, tables, sofa, crockeryware, clock, kitchen utensils, and sundries.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Railway, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, corn, potatoes.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, at 12 o'clock,
Wood, posts, and rails, palings.

Weekly Wool Sale.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Wool Warehouses, Phillip-street, Circular Quay, on WEDNESDAY, December 8, at half-past 2 o'clock,
1100 bales wool
Sheepskins.
Terms, cash.

Unredeemed Pledges.

DUNN and LISTER will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY.
The remaining unredeemed pledges pawned with Mrs. Madden, Sussex-street, as follows:—
Clothing, &c., at 11 o'clock.
Sundries and jewellery, at 2 o'clock.

THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock.
The Stock-in-Trade of a Jeweller, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Alberts, Lockets, Rings, &c.

DUNN and LISTER have been instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock,
The above.

THIS DAY.

AT THE CIRCULAR QUAY BONDED STORES.

Aitken's Quart Porter
Ditto Pint ditto
Ditto Pint Ale.

In good order and condition.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Circular Quay Bonded Stores, THIS DAY, the 7th instant, at 12 o'clock,
Ex Loch Ranza, from Glasgow.
30 casks, each 4 dozen, Aitken's quart stout
20 ditto, each 7 dozen, ditto pint ditto
21 ditto, each 7 dozen, Aitken's quart ale.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY.

AT THE CIRCULAR QUAY BONDED STORES.

NEW SHIPMENT OF BULK ALE,
just landed ex Agnes Rose, from London.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Circular Quay Bonded and Free Stores, THIS DAY, the 7th December, at 12 o'clock,
30 hogsheads Collier's ale.
The Auctioneer begs to call the attention of wine and spirit merchants, publicans, and others to the above small line of bulk ale lately landed ex Agnes Rose, from London, and to point out that the same will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, and thus afford them an opportunity of suiting their requirements till arrival of the new brew next year.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY.

At the Circular Quay Bonded Stores.

Quarter-casks Vinegrowers' Brandy
Ditto Sandeman's Port
Ditto Three Diamond Port
Ditto Pale Dry Sherry
Case Brandy
Ditto, Port Wine, Hunt's
Ditto Champagne
Ditto Lime Juice Cordial.

MR. M. L. SALAMON has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Circular Quay Bonded Stores, THIS DAY, 7th December, at 12 o'clock,
10 quarter-casks Vinegrowers' old pale brandy
5 ditto Sandeman's port wine
6 ditto three diamond ditto
7 ditto pale dry Amontillado sherry
10 cases Grande Marque brandy
30 ditto Hunt's double diamond port wine
54 ditto champagne
24 ditto lime juice cordial, each 1 dozen.
Terms at sale.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Railway, at 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, lucerne, maize, potatoes, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 12 o'clock, wood.

Unreserved Sale of
BOOTS and SHOES,
a very choice parcel, now landing, ex Damascus and Mistley Hall.

SELECTED ESPECIALLY for the CHRISTMAS TRADE.

THIS DAY, Tuesday, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock.
To the Boot and Shoe Trade.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday,
A small but well-assorted invoice of boots and shoes, manufactured by
H. JACKSON and SONS
G. BERLIN
H. WORMS
G. REYNOLDS
S. WOOLF
W. JONES, &c.,
and comprising a nice variety of
LADIES', GENTS', and CHILDREN'S WEAR.
Also,
1 case elastic webbing, assorted widths
Boot linings and grindery, &c.
The whole will be for unreserved sale, and will be found suited to present trade requirements.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY.

LAST PACKAGE SALE OF THE SEASON,
comprising a fine assortment of
New Goods
ex Dustrune, Mistley Hall, and Damascus.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, 9th and 10th instant,
at 11 o'clock each day.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Storekeepers, and others.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next,
106 packages of seasonable drapery, clothing, woollens, hats, &c., now landing ex the recent arrivals.
The whole of these goods will be sold, as far as practicable, in ORIGINAL PACKAGES, and WITHOUT RESERVE.
Packages to be charged half cost.

Particulars in future issues.

On THURSDAY, 9th December, at 11 o'clock.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Most attractive Unreserved Sale by Auction
of
THE FIRST SHIPMENT OF ELECTRO-PLATED WARE EVER SENT OUT FROM NEW YORK TO THE COLONIES.

☞ These goods have all the NOVELTY of DESIGN FOR WHICH THE AMERICANS ARE UNEQUALLED, and being fac-similes of the plated ware which will be displayed at the PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION ought to engage the attention of all classes of the community.

, For the benefit of intending purchasers THE SHIPMENT will be displayed at the Rooms of the auctioneers, TWO DAYS PRIOR TO SALE.

It comprises—
EXQUISITELY DESIGNED Chased and Embossed Cruet Frames, 4, 5, 6, and 7 bottles
VERY ELEGANT Engraved and Chased Butter Coolers
CHOICE Flower Vases, Satin Gilt
Ice Pitchers, Oak, Engraved Satin Engraved
VERY HANDSOME Engraved and Embossed Salvers, 8, 10, and 12 inch
MAGNIFICENT TEA and COFFEE SERVICES, Engraved gilt, with Teapot, Coffee-pot, Hot Milk Ewer, Cream Ewer, and Sugar-basin
NOVEL and BEAUTIFUL Card Stands
VERY HANDSOME PRESENTATION CUPS, with appropriate designs, suitable for Regattas, Cricket Matches, Rifle Matches, Athletic Sports, &c.
Napkin Rings, Salt Cellars
ELEGANT FRUIT EPERGNES
HANDSOME JEWEL CASES, Engraved gilt
Plated Fruit BASKETS.
NOVEL COMBINATION CASTORS
Engraved Gilt-plated Goblets
Ditto Pitcher Sets
HANDSOME FROSTED BERRY DISHES
Spoon Cups and Spoon Racks
Umbrella Spoon Holders
ELEGANT Coffee Percolators
Pitcher Plates, Cups and Saucers, engraved, gilt
TILTING ICE PITCHERS
And a Variety of Novelties too numerous to particularise.

To Silversmiths, Gentlemen Furnishing, Hotelkeepers, Brokers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, December 9, at 11 o'clock,
The first shipment of American electro-platedware ever sent to the colonies
WITHOUT RESERVE, AND JUST IN TIME FOR CHRISTMAS.

, Catalogues in course of preparation.
Terms at sale.

☞ NOTE DAY OF SALE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, at 11 o'clock.

KIRKMAN'S PIANOFORTES.

On FRIDAY, 10th December, at 11 o'clock.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Ex Mistley Hall,
A SHIPMENT OF MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT COTTAGE PIANOFORTES,
from the well-known and justly celebrated house
JOSEPH KIRKMAN and SON.

To Parties Furnishing, Professors of Music, Pianoforte Makers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co., to sell by auction, at their Rooms, on FRIDAY, 10th December, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Mistley Hall,
A VERY CHOICE SHIPMENT of COTTAGE PIANOFORTES, from J. KIRKMAN and SON.
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 15th December, at 11 a.m.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Highly Attractive Unreserved Sale by Auction,
of
40 PACKAGES HAVILAND'S CHINA,
consisting of
a Selection of Goods superior to any ever before imported into the colony.

MAGNIFICENT DINNER SETS, for 12, 18, or 24 people, all the most modern and unique Parisian designs
VERY ELEGANT Breakfast Services
CHOICE Tea and Coffee Services
VERY HANDSOME Double Toilet Services,
The choicest French styles
EXQUISITE hand-painted Dessert Services
A MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT OF SUPERB VASES,
in great variety,
from the CELEBRATED LIMOGES Porcelain manufacturers, HAVILAND and CO.

WORCESTER PORCELAIN.

A Selection of Vases, Nicknacks, and Drawing-room Ornaments of the most exquisite shapes and designs, embracing all that is used in the houses of our ENGLISH NOBILITY.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Glass and China Importers, Country Buyers, Brokers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. Montefiore, Joseph, and Co. to sell by auction, at their Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, 15th December, at 11 a.m.,
40 packages magnificent china.
Terms at sale.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

On THURSDAY, 16th December, at 11 a.m.

25 CASES VERY ELEGANT MODERN ENGLISH FURNITURE,
Ex Duke of Sutherland.

By order of the Consignees.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 16th December, at 11 a.m.,
The above.
Full particulars will duly appear.

WEDNESDAY next, 8th December, at 11 a.m.

At No. 138, Castlereagh-street North, next Government Audit Office.

First-class Sale by Public Auction
of the whole of the
Elegant HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising the contents of Dining-room, Hall, Drawing-room, ten Bedrooms, Out-offices, Kitchen, and Laundry.

Commencing with the
RICHLY Cut Glass
CHOICE hand-painted China
HANDSOME Stoneware China Dinner Service
BEST QUALITY Electroplate
MASSIVE Mahogany Telescope Extending Dining-table, circular ends, patent extending screw
Handsome Mahogany SIDEBOARD, elaborately carved with cellaret and plate drawers
Hair-cloth Dining-room Suite
HANDSOME Brussels Carpets
Fenders and Fire Irons
Pair very handsome carved gilt-frame PIER GLASSES, 60 x 50
Remarkably elegant Walnut Chiffoniere, plate-glass back and doors, marble slab top
SUPERB Damask Drawing-room Suite, Walnut frames, consisting of 9 pieces
Fine tone VIOLIN and BOW
CHOICE proof Engravings
Original Oil Painting—"Cliffs of Dover"
Valuable Sewing-machine, by Willcox and Gibbs, in perfect working order
HANDSOME Oak Hat and Umbrella Stand
Peyton and Peyton's and Winfield's Patent State BEDSTEADS
Ditto ditto Half-tester Bedsteads
Ditto ditto Single Iron 4-post ditto
Ditto ditto Iron Stump ditto
BEST QUALITY Single and Double Horsehair Mattresses, Palliasses, Hair Bolsters, Feather Pillows, &c.
Elegant Mahogany DRESSING GLASSES
Handsome Mahogany and Cedar Chest Drawers
Elegant Marble Slab-top Mahogany Double Washstand and Dressing-table and Glass to match
Choice China TOILET SERVICES
Single and Double Washstands and Furniture
LARGE Galvanized-iron Plunge Bath
Kitchen UTENSILS, Kent's Patent Knife-cleaner
Large White-wood Dresser
Laundry Utensils, Large Fancy Pigeon Cage, and Sundries.

TO GENTLEMEN FURNISHING, COMMISSION AGENTS, and GENERAL DEALERS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at No. 138, Castlereagh-street North, near Hunter-street,
The whole of the elegant household furniture and effects.
, Catalogues obtainable at the Rooms.

INSPECTION invited THIS DAY, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m.
Parties furnishing are requested to note the excellent condition of the furniture and bedding.

Day of Sale, WEDNESDAY, 8th December, at 11 a.m.

Terms, cash.

On FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

A VERY CHOICE AND VALUABLE COLLECTION of RARE OIL PAINTINGS AND WATER COLOURS,
comprising
Pictures from the brushes of the following celebrated artists:—
Delleminn and Delcour, Paul Omeganck, Harry Williams, H. Niemon, jun., Gainsboro, M'Alpine, W. Morris, De Vavasseur, Phillip Mercier, J. Davis, Paul Naftel, and copies from the pictures of Rembrandt and Nicholas Berchem.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, the 10th December, at 3 p.m.,
The above choice and valuable collection of paintings.
These paintings, which are all massively gilt-framed, are the property of a well-known connoisseur, and were purchased lately regardless of cost, and are to be sold
WITHOUT RESERVE.
N.B.—On VIEW on and after WEDNESDAY.

Catalogues in course of preparation.

TUESDAY, the 7th December.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE and IMPORTANT SALE of SUPERIOR, WELL-FINISHED, London-made HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, together with a MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT of FRAMEWORK.
Now landed, ex Parramatta, from London, in fine order and condition.

Under instructions from the Importers, Messrs. COWLISHAW, BROTHERS, under their usual UNRESERVED CONDITIONS.

This shipment comprises a very CHOICE ASSORTMENT of
MASSIVE DINING-ROOM FURNITURE
ELEGANT Silk-covered Drawing-room ditto
ELABORATE Library and Office ditto
SUPERB Polished Walnut SIDEBOARDS
MAGNIFICENT Walnut and Mahogany TOILETS
MASSIVE Carved Mahogany Washstands
Very Elegant HALL FURNITURE
HANDSOME BEDROOM FURNITURE
And a variety of USEFUL and ELEGANT REQUISITES in CABINETWARE.
Also,
8 Cases Magnificent Framework, in all descriptions.

CATALOGUES may be had on application at the Rooms, on MONDAY next. The FURNITURE will be open for INSPECTION at the SAME TIME.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are favoured with instructions from the importers, Messrs. COWLISHAW, BROTHERS, to sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, the 7th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
Ex PARRAMATTA, from London,
64 cases WELL-ASSORTED AND FINELY-FINISHED LONDON-MADE FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERED, AND IN THE WHITE.
TERMS at Sale.
☞ LUNCHEON PROVIDED.

BULK ALE.
Bonded at the Argyle Stores.
For Positive Sale.
The ONLY PARCEL in the Market.

Important to Hotelkeepers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, and others, who are solicited to sample this parcel, and avail themselves of the only opportunity to replenish stocks offering in the market for some time.
Orders for Sampling may be obtained at the office of the Auctioneers.

To be sold in Bond, at the Argyle Stores,
on WEDNESDAY next, the 8th instant,
at 12 o'clock.
71 Hogsheads of ALE, in fair condition.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed by the agents, Messrs. J. R. Cattell and Co. to sell by auction, at the Argyle Bonded Stores, on WEDNESDAY next, the 8th instant, at 12 o'clock prompt, to close the consignment,
71 hogsheads ale, in good order and condition.
Bulk may be inspected at any time previous to its being sold.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary.

CHRISTMAS SALE.

DRIED and PRESERVED FRUITS, GROCERIES, OILMEN'S STORES, Preserved Fish, MAURITIUS SUGARS, &c., &c., &c.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, on THURSDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
Several parcels of goods in the above lines, suitable for CHRISTMAS TRADE.
Full particulars in a future issue.

THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 11.

To Gasfitters, Plumbers, Contractors, and others.
20,000 feet assorted BLACK and GALVANIZED IRON TUBING, from ½-inch to 3-inch.
Now landing.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed by the consignees to sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
20,000 feet black and galvanized IRON TUBING.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 11.

56 Packages and CUT MOULDED NOBBLERS, Tumblers, WINE GLASSES, GRANITE PLATES, Jugs, Sets, ditto CUPS and SAUCERS, Kerosene LAMPS, Stable Lanterns, Globes, &c.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
The above, for POSITIVE SALE.
Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1443477

AUCTION SALES.

Very Handsome GIRANDOLES
and
PIER GLASSES.

THIS DAY, at 11 a.m.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. will sell, THIS DAY, at 11 a.m., at their Rooms, 336, George-street,
1 case girandoles, and
1 case pier glasses.

1 Case PIER-GLASSES.

Ex Parramatta.

On account of whom it may concern.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 336, George-street, THIS DAY, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1 case pier-glasses.
On account of whom it may concern.

THURSDAY, the 9th December, at 11.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Lake Leman.

1472—20 Gross assorted BRIAR PIPES
4 Casks, each 15 dozen, Black and Bright Fantail Hatchets
1 Case, 68 dozen, Tin Toy Kitchen Sets
7/2-1—1 Cask best Tinned Cullenders
4 Bundles, each 1 dozen, S. M. Shovels
2 Cases, 180 dozen, painted I. R. Balls
1 Case Assorted Dolls.
341-46—1 Case Nests Zinc Pails and Toy Rabbits, with all faults.
More or less damaged by sea water.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at the Bank Rooms, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt, without reserve,
15 packages merchandise, as above.
Terms, cash.

DAMAGED GOODS.

THURSDAY, the 9th December, at 11.

On account of whom it may concern, with all faults,
7 Cases King's Axes, each 1 dozen, assorted
25 Ditto S. W. Collins's Half-axes
16 Ditto King's Shingling Hatchets, 2 and 3
22 Ditto King's Claw Hatchets, 1, 2, and 3
13 Ditto ditto Broad Hatchets
16 Ditto ditto Axe Handles, 1 and 2
15 Ditto, each 2 dozen, S. F. Claw Hammers
5 Ditto, each 2 dozen, Cheeney's Claw Hammers
18 Ditto, each 2 dozen, Washoe Curve Picks
9 Ditto Collins's, Adams's, and Day's R. P. Shovels
5 Ditto Adams's and Miller's L. H. and D. H. Spades
3 Ditto Australian Saddle-trees
40 Bundles, each 1 dozen Sideways, Spades, 1 and 2
140 Boxes Whittled Clothes-pegs
6 Cases Ladies' Saddles.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, on THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt, without reserve,
330 packages merchandise, as above.
Terms, cash.

Attractive Sale of Elegant and useful
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
at the Residence of the late THOS. COWLISHAW, Esq., Paddington, comprising—
Superior DINING-ROOM FURNITURE
Handsome DRAWING-ROOM Ditto
Ditto BEDROOM Ditto
Massive HALL and LIBRARY Ditto
Elegant ELECTROPLATED WARE
RICHLY CUT GLASS Ditto
CUTLERY, ORNAMENTS
Superior PIANOFORTE
Handsome Mirrors and Chimney Glasses
Crockery, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

FRIDAY, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. are favoured with instructions from the Executors of the late THOS. COWLISHAW, Esq., to sell by auction, on the premises, Paddington, on FRIDAY next, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock, prompt, without reserve,
The whole of the elegant modern HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, superior PIANOFORTE, platedware glass, crockery, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.
Catalogues in course of preparation, and will be issued on Wednesday next.
On view on THURSDAY and day of sale.
Full particulars in WEDNESDAY'S issue.

WEDNESDAY, the 15th December, 1875.

TIMBER.
Cargo of the Barque FORWARD, from Portland, Oregon.

CAREY, GILLES, and CO. have been instructed by Messrs. Smith, Brothers, and Co. to sell by auction, on Towns's Wharf, the entire cargo of the above vessel, consisting of
T. and G. FLOORING BOARDS
ROUND SPARS
SQUARE SPARS
DEALS
SCANTLING
This cargo has been carefully selected, and will be sold account of the shippers on the
15th DECEMBER, at 3 o'clock.
Buyers are requested to inspect the quality before the sale.
Catalogues are being prepared.

To Wholesale Warehousemen, Drapers, Country Storekeepers, and others.

Important Sale of Seasonable Drapery, Woollens, Clothing, Manchester Goods, Hosiery, Hats and Caps, &c.

WEDNESDAY next, December 8.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
27 packages drapery, &c.
Full particulars in future issue.

TO WAREHOUSEMEN, DRAPERS, COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS and OTHERS.

Just landed ex Fleur de Lis, from London.

Under instructions from Messrs. Scott, Henderson and Co.

MR. CHAS. TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock.
O in triangle.
1666—1 case 27 white quilts, 63 x 85 to 85 x 108; 168 toilet covers 23 x 40
1667—1 ditto 48 white quilts, 63 x 79 to 85 x 108
1668—1 ditto 56 ditto ditto ditto
1669—1 ditto 15 ditto
174 toilet covers, C 23 x 40
1670—1 ditto 360 white toilet covers, D 27 x 45
1671—1 ditto 270 ditto CDF, 23 x 40 to 27 x 45
Without reserve.
Terms at Sale.

NAVY CANVAS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Griffiths and Co.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, December 8,
S in circle,
1—1 bale, 12 bolts, 36-inch canvas.
T in circle,
2—1 ditto, 24 ditto, extra merchant navy ditto, Nos. 1 to 5
3—1 ditto, 24 ditto, ditto, ditto
4—1 ditto, 24 ditto, ditto, ditto.
For positive unreserved sale.
Terms, cash.

To Warehousemen, Ship Chandlers, Tent Makers, and others.

Under instructions from Messrs. Dangar, Gedye, and Co.

WEDNESDAY, December 8.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
A in diamond,
47—1 bale, 21 bolts, Lumgair's No. 3 canvas
48—1 ditto, ditto, ditto ditto
49—1 ditto, ditto, ditto ditto.
DG&Co. in diamond over 8,
81—1 bale, 18 bolts, Christie's No. 3 canvas
83—1 ditto, 18 ditto, ditto ditto
84—1 ditto, 18 ditto, ditto No. 4 ditto
85—1 ditto, 18 ditto, ditto ditto
1 bale, 5 bolts, No. 3 Navy canvas
ditto, 8 ditto, No. 4 ditto
ditto, 4 ditto, No. 5 ditto
ditto, 4 ditto, No. 6 ditto.
For positive unreserved sale.
Terms liberal.

Sale of the Stock of a Boot and Shoe Maker, removed from the Country, for convenience of Sale.

Comprising a large assortment of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots and Shoes, &c.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on FRIDAY next, at 11 o'clock, as above.
Terms cash.

The Hibernicon of American and Irish Scenery lately exhibited at the SCHOOL OF ARTS, Pitt-street, with all the appliances and lamps.

TO INVESTORS, THEATRICAL PROPRIETORS, and others.
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.
THIS DAY, December 7.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on TUESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
The Hibernicon, with gasfittings, &c.
Terms, cash.
The above will be sold, line by line.

FINE ARTS.

Consisting of a very choice collection of Facsimile Water-colour Paintings, by the following celebrated artists:—
BIRKET FOSTER
Sir E. LANDSEER
SHALDERS
WAINWRIGHT, &c.
Also
CHARACTER LANDSCAPES
CHROMATIC ORIGINALS, from Eugene Kinger.

FOR POSITIVE SALE,
At the City Mart, 362, George-street,
TUESDAY, December 7th, at 11 o'clock.

Highly important to Connoisseurs, Amateurs, and Gentlemen Furnishing.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the Rooms, THIS DAY, December 7, at 11 o'clock,
The above valuable collection.
Early attendance invited.
Terms at sale.

OREGON LUMBER,
comprising
T. and G. FLOORING
DEALS, JOISTINGS
and
SQUARE TIMBER,
long lengths, and of most superior quality,
the entire cargo of the American barque MARIANA, from Puget Sound.
TOTAL—370,435 FEET.

FOR POSITIVE SALE, at ALGER'S WHARF, WEDNESDAY, December 7, at 3 o'clock.

By order of J. H. WILLIAMS, Esq., Consul for the United States of America.

This excellent cargo of OREGON FLOORING and BUILDING LUMBER is being discharged at Alger's Wharf, where buyers are respectfully asked to inspect the quality.
The Auctioneer is instructed to notify that this shipment is placed upon the market for Sale WITHOUT RESERVE.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at Alger's Wharf, alongside the American barque Mariana, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON next, December 7, at 3 o'clock,
The entire cargo of Oregon flooring, deals, joists, square timber, and spars, embracing 370,435 feet, as follows:—

9 x 3	6 x 6
11 x 3	12 x 6
12 x 3	10 x 8
6 x 4	10 x 10
9 x 4	
12 x 4.	

T and G flooring.
Specification now being prepared for publication.
Terms liberal.

As this cargo is for disposal WITHOUT RESERVE the trade are invited to be in early attendance.
Note day of sale—WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at ALGER'S WHARF.

COLONIAL SUGARS, in Pockets.
To arrive ex steamers Agnes Irving and New England, comprising RATIONS and COUNTERS.

FOR POSITIVE SALE,
On WEDNESDAY, December 8, at 11 o'clock.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, December 8, at 11 o'clock,
1267 pockets sugar.
Full particulars at sale.
Terms at sale.

OILMEN'S STORES

GREAT SALE OF THE SEASON
New Goods, imported expressly for the present
CHRISTMAS TRADE.

UNRESERVED SALE, at the City Mart, under positive instructions from the CONSIGNEES.

WEDNESDAY, December 8, at 11 o'clock.

, This important Sale commends itself to all classes of buyers. The goods are newly imported, fresh, and of the finest quality.
EVERY LINE will be submitted in lots to suit buyers, and the intention of the Consignees is to carry out shippers wishes, and clear out the entire lines WITHOUT RESERVE, supplying this market with the very best selection of
CHRISTMAS PROVISIONS
OILMEN'S STORES
and
GENERAL GROCERIES
at auction prices.
The shipments are now landing ex
PARRAMATTA
DUNTRUNE
MISTLEY HALL, and
ERATO,
and specified (as per invoices) at foot of this advertisement.

NOTE.—WEDNESDAY next, December 8, at the City Mart.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, December 8, at 11 o'clock,
The following choice shipments of New Christmas Goods, just landed ex late arrivals, as per invoices, various marks and Nos.
20 cases Compton's prime York hams
10 ditto ditto ditto bacon
20 ditto ditto North Wilts cheese
100 ditto Whybrow's bottled fruits
160 ditto ditto pint pickles
50 ditto Keiller's lemon and orange peel
10 ditto ditto all citron ditto
20 ditto ditto mixed confectionery
20 ditto ditto pastilles and jujubes, each 16 lb. and 7 lb. boxes
10 ditto best nutmegs
25 ditto preserved peas
10 ditto figs, in small boxes
5 ditto French olives—Crosse and Blackwell's
5 ditto Spanish olives, ditto
10 ditto potted ham and tongue, ditto
10 ditto bloater and anchovy paste
25 ditto Moir's 1-lb. marmalade
25 ditto ditto 1-lb. jams
5 ditto liquorice
100 cases jar salt, in glass
50 kegs pearl barley
25 ditto Keen's oatmeal
25 cases Robinson's patent groats
50 ditto ½-lb. tin mustard
60 ditto 1-lb. tin ditto
20 ditto 7-lb. ditto ditto
10 ditto Epps's cocoa
10 ditto West India arrowroot
10 ditto tapioca
25 ditto sago
5 ditto mixed spice (fancy cartoons)
100 kegs carbonate of soda
10 cases macaroni
10 ditto vermicelli
5 ditto Fulwood's anatto.
DRIED FRUITS, &c.
100 boxes finest Eleme raisins
25 cases muscatels, small boxes
100 barrels Patras currants
20 barrels soft shell almonds
20 ditto Barcelona nuts
10 cases Jordan almonds
50 ditto French prunes, assorted sizes.
PRESERVED FISH, &c.
20 cases Moir's herrings, a la sardines
100 ditto ditto 1-lb. tins fresh herrings
20 ditto ditto kippered herrings
25 ditto Whybrow's red herrings, 1 dozen
100 ditto Morton's 1-lb. salmon
25 ditto half sardines
50 ditto quarter ditto.

Ex ROUTENBECK.
200 boxes De Roubaix-Jeanne candles
250 ditto Brandon's
50 tins Edwards' preserved potatoes, 1 cwt. tins
50 ditto ditto ditto ditto, ½ cwts.
30 cases eagle brand condensed milk
25 bales assorted paper bags, 2 to 6 lbs.
10 cases tartaric acid, each 8 to 14 lb. jars
10 ditto cream tartar, ditto
10 ditto senna leaves, in packets
10 ditto Epsom salts
75 ditto castor oil, half-pints and pints.

Samples of the above shipments will be on view at the City Mart, and the bulk may be inspected prior to sale.
As it is the intention of the consignees to sell every line, the auctioneer is instructed to notify that MOST LIBERAL TERMS will be given. Declared at sale.

CHRISTMAS TRADE SALE.

SUPERB PORCELAIN GOODS,
of most EXQUISITE DESIGNS, just imported from PARIS and LONDON, comprising
LOUIS XV. Ornamental FLOWER POTS
RENAISSANCE VASES, of choice and richly worked patterns
DINNER SERVICES
TEA and COFFEE ditto
DESSERT SETS, in every variety of modern taste.

Most important to China Warehousemen, Fancy Goods Repositories, Gentlemen Furnishing, and Connoisseurs in Artistic Elegancies.

, These choice articles will be displayed at the CITY MART, on MONDAY next, when intending buyers are invited to inspect.

DAY OF SALE, TUESDAY, December 7.

L. E. THRELKELD has received instructions from the consignees to sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, December 7, at 11 o'clock,
8 cases of the most beautiful assortment of porcelain ware, as above.
Open for inspection on Monday next, at the City Mart.
Terms, cash.

WINES, SPIRITS
BEERS and CORDIALS.

Sale at the City Mart, 362, George-street, WEDNESDAY, December 8, at 11 o'clock.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

L. E. THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, December 8, at 11,
100 casks Arrol's pale ale, each 4 dozen
100 cases raspberry balm
100 ditto Gillon's limejuice cordial
20 quarters Regalia pale sherry
20 cases Piper's quarts champagne
10 ditto ditto pints ditto
45 ditto champagne, Chateau Villabois
45 quarter-casks Martell's dark brandy, very old.
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 8th December.

ORDER OF SALE of Properties to be sold, at the Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 8th December.

DARLING POINT.	Choice Allotments in William-street and Spring Road, off Darling Point Road.
REDFERN.	Family Residence, in Cleveland-street, containing 9 rooms, kitchen, &c.
NEWTOWN.	Cottage Residence, situate at the corner of Bishopsgate and Wellington streets, Kingston.

THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY.

The Goodwill of THE BRITISH DINING-ROOM, No. 213, George-street North; also,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, consisting of
Dining-room Furniture
Bedsteads, Bedding, &c.
Kitchen Utensils, &c.

THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY have received instructions to sell by public auction, on the premises, 213, George-street North, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 7th December,
THE ABOVE BUSINESS and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

TO CAPITALISTS, BUILDERS, and others.

IMPORTANT SALE.

By order of the Trustees of the Will of the late Mr. William Macdonald.

CHOICE ALLOTMENTS OF LAND
fronting
WILLIAM and OCEAN STREETS and SPRING ROADS,
DOUBLE BAY.

TITLE—Apply to William Barker, Esq., solicitor, Hunter and Bligh streets.
TERMS—very liberal.

THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Bell's-chambers, 175, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 8th DECEMBER,
The above choice allotments of land.
Allotments 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40 have each a frontage of 62 feet to William-street, leading from Darling Point Road, to Ocean-street, Double Bay, by a depth of 139 feet.

, These allotments overlook the residences of H. Mort and James Johnson, Esqs.

Allotment 42—All that block of land, containing about 3 acres, formerly known as a vineyard, and the property of C. T. Gedye, Esq.

Allotment 44, situate at the junction of William-street and Spring Road, having a frontage of 35 feet to the former, by a depth 184 feet.

Allotment 43, adjoining above, having a similar frontage by a depth of 200 feet.

Allotment 59, having a frontage of 51 feet to Ocean-street, by a depth of 163 feet, and the property of Mr. Harrison.

These choice allotments have large frontages, and command most splendid views of the harbour and surrounding scenery. The great depths afford ample scope for the erection of good houses, and the properties immediately around secure a privacy most desirable to those who seek a retreat from the bustle of the city.

PLAN ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

THURSDAY, 9th December.

On the Premises, 8, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, NEWTOWN ROAD,
the Residence of —— Travers, Esq.

UNRESERVED SALE by Auction of
FIRST-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
comprising—
WALNUT DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, in crimson rep
Oval-shaped Centre Table
Chiffoniere, Whatnots, Canterbury
BRILLIANT-TONED COTTAGE PIANOFORTE
Musical Box. 16 tunes
SUBSTANTIAL DINING-ROOM SUITE, in hair-cloth
Handsome Brussels Carpets and Hearthrugs
Gilt-frame Chimney Glasses
Elegant Mantelpiece Clocks
CHOICE ENGRAVINGS AND CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS
Superior Electroplated Ware
Painted China Dessert and Dinner Services
Splendid Suite of Cut and Engraved Glassware
BRASS STATE BEDSTEAD
Wardrobe, Chests of Drawers
Washstands, Toilet Tables, Glasses, &c.
Copper Washing Boiler
KITCHEN UTENSILS, and
General Household Requisites
5 CASES BRANDY.

Catalogues are in course of preparation.

THE CITY AUCTION COMPANY have received instructions from —— Travers, Esq., to sell by auction, at his Residence, No. 8, Cambridge-terrace, Newtown Road, at 11 o'clock, on THURSDAY, 9th December,
The whole of the superior household furniture and effects.

On VIEW on Wednesday, from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m., and morning of Sale.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE
OF
CHOICE VILLA SITES, NEAR BURWOOD RAILWAY STATION, SUBDIVISION OF EDROP'S 20 ACRES
INTO
NINETY ALLOTMENTS.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

BOWDEN, MILLS, and GORDON are favoured with instructions from the Executors of the late Mr. James Edrop to sell by auction, ON THE GROUND, AT BURWOOD, on an early day, to be fixed in a future advertisement,
NINETY ALLOTMENTS FOR VILLA RESIDENCES, being a subdivision of the orchard and other improved land adjoining it, comprising on the whole 20 acres, now TO BE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC FOR ABSOLUTE SALE by the Executors of the late proprietor.
The Surveyor has judiciously laid it out in 3 sections and in lots of good dimensions, varying in size from 43 feet by 150 to 64 feet 6 inches by 175 feet 6 inches.
ALL THE ALLOTMENTS WILL BE PEGGED OUT AND NUMBERED, and the streets formed throughout. Ada and Edrop streets will be laid out 50 feet wide, and Victoria-street formed by the Municipality 33 feet will be increased to 45 feet.
TITLE UNDER TORRENS' ACT.

LITHOGRAPHS WILL BE PREPARED and notified when ready.

THE SCREW STEAM-LAUNCH FAIRY,
now lying at Reddam's Wharf,
Lime-street.

BOWDEN, MILLS, and GORDON are instructed by the Proprietor to sell by auction, on the Wharf, where the vessel now lies for inspection, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, December 9, at 2 o'clock,
The well-known British-built screw steam-launch FAIRY, carvel-built in England of oak and teak, coppered with pure copper, and now in good order.
The engine, of about 4-horse power, was made and fitted in her in England, and propels her at a speed over 8 knots.
She can carry twenty persons.

PARRAMATTA PARK.

Important and Attractive Sale by Auction of
12 First-class Building Allotments,
and
1 Allotment, with the pretty and comfortable Cottage of 6 rooms, occupied by Mr. Colley.
Fine Frontages to George, O'Connell, and Macquarie streets, at the Park corners.

BOWDEN, MILLS, and GORDON have been instructed to sell by auction, on the Ground on TUESDAY, 21st December, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the valuable allotments, opposite the Park entrances, as described above.
Lot 1 has 50 feet frontage to George-street, by 260 feet depth, next to Mr. James Gallaway's property
Lot 2 has 50 feet frontage to George-street, by 140 feet depth
Lot 3 has 75 feet fronting George-street, by 140 feet frontage to O'Connell-street
Lots 4, 5, and 6, each 40 feet frontage to O'Connell-street, by 125 feet, facing the Park
Lot 7 has 61 feet to O'Connell-street, by 867 feet deep.
THIS LOT HAS THE COTTAGE ON.
Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, each 40 feet frontage to O'Connell-street, overlooking the Park, and 123 feet deep.
Lot 13, 40 feet, fronting Macquarie-street, by 169 feet.
This lot joins Mr. Vallack's residence.
Special attention is called to this sale as affording a fine opportunity for obtaining some of the choicest building positions in the town for private residences; and THE CORNER POSITION would be a FORTUNE to any one ERECTING a GOOD HOTEL or LODGING-HOUSE, as the Park is as free to use as if private property, and is yearly becoming better known and proving one of the great attractions to the town and district.
Terms at sale.
Title good.
Plans are being prepared.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

BOTANY ROAD, WATERLOO.
HALF-ACRE of BUILDING LAND, on the BOTANY ROAD, with Five Dwellings thereon, between BROWN and M'LAUGHLAN'S properties, and now let to Mr. Salmoun, registrar, and Messrs. Herts, Hiott, Courteny, and Ross.
The Property is about 10 minutes' walk beyond the Toll-bar, on the Botany Road.
The Land has 90 feet frontage to the west side of BOTANY ROAD, 90 FEET to WYNDHAM-STREET, with a depth of about 244 FEET. The whole of the frontage to WYNDHAM-STREET is vacant, and available for building upon.
TITLE—Leasehold from Sir DANIEL COOPER for 99 years from 1st July, 1856; ground rent, £15 per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the mortgagees to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 10th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,
The above described property, BOTANY ROAD.
Terms at sale.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.
By order of the TRUSTEES of the Will of the late Mrs. E. STRAFFORD.

CROWN-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

TWO brick-built HOUSES, Nos. 97 and 99, CROWN-STREET, a few yards south of WILLIAM-STREET, and opposite Mrs. Burdekin's paddock.
They contain each 4 rooms and kitchen, with water, well drained yard, &c., at the rear.
The land has 20 feet frontage to Crown-street, with a depth of 52½ feet.
, This small city investment is favourably situated in Crown-street, close to William-street, the Domain, and Hyde Park.
TITLE.—Messrs. CURTIS and GANNON, Solicitors, Pitt-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 10th December, at 11 o'clock,
The above Woolloomooloo freehold.
Terms at sale.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE,
in one or more lots, on
FRIDAY, 10th DECEMBER.

By order of the Trustees of the Estate of the late John Taylor, Esq.
LUGAR BRAE ESTATE,
WAVERLEY,
at the junction of the Nelson and Coogee Bay Roads.
In one or more lots, to suit Purchasers.
TERMS—20 per cent. cash; residue can remain secured on the property at 6 per cent.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 10th DECEMBER, at 11 o'clock,
Lot 1.—That favourably situated COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE,
LUGAR BRAE, WAVERLEY,
together with highly improved beautiful grounds containing an area of about three acres and a half having extensive frontages to the Nelson Bay and Coogee Roads.
THE HOUSE is massively built of stone, and contains verandah, hall, 11 rooms, kitchen, and servants' rooms, pantry, scullery; stables and numerous out-offices.
THE GROUNDS, containing an area of 3 acres 1 rood and 15 perches, are all improved. The carriage-drive to the residence passes through them, and they are tastefully laid out into belts of shrubbery, avenues of fine mature ornamental trees, lawn, flower-garden, orchard, &c.

LOT 2.—Corner villa site, 1 acre and 15 perches, having extensive frontages to the Nelson and Coogee Bay Roads.

LOT 3.—1 acre 2 roods, with upwards of 400 feet frontage to the Coogee Bay Road.

LOT 4.—3 roods and 5 perches, with 84 feet frontage to Nelson Bay Road.

LOTS 5, 6, 7, and 8, each upwards of half-an-acre, fronting Taylor-street.
, These sites are elevated, and secure magnificent extensive views.
This valuable estate is for absolute sale, and special attention is directed to the favourable opportunity on EXTREMELY LIBERAL TERMS, afforded to secure a delightfully situated suburban residence, with extensive highly improved grounds, or first-class sites, without exception the most valuable land at Waverley. The whole estate will be offered FIRST IN ONE LOT.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

MONDAY, 20th December.

IMPORTANT SALE,
BALMAIN ROAD,
PETERSHAM.
The ANNESLEY ESTATE, comprising a COMMODIOUS VILLA RESIDENCE, and about TWENTY ACRES of LAND, very favourably situated on and having a frontage of upwards of 1300 FEET to the BALMAIN ROAD, adjoining HELSARMEL, the estate of G. Lord, Esq., AUSTENHAM, the residence and grounds of F. Parsons, Esq., and a few yards from the celebrated Elswick Estate.
In one or more lots, to suit purchasers.
Terms liberal.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from H. BURROWS, Esq. (in consequence of his removal into the country), to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 20th December, at 11 o'clock,
The above well-known valuable suburban Estate, in one lot, or subdivided as follows:—
Lot 1. ANNESLEY HOUSE, a well-finished family residence, occupied by the proprietor, together with about 5 acres of highly improved grounds, including orchard, garden, shrubberies, &c., with wide carriage entrance from Balmain Road.
Lots 2 to 19. 18 allotments, each having 66 feet frontage to the Balmain Road, with a depth of 200 feet.
Lots 20 to 23. 4 allotments, each having 116 feet frontage to Annesley-street, with a depth of about 200 feet.
Lots 24 to 33. 10 allotments, each having about 132 feet frontage to Woore-street.
ANNESLEY is well situated in this retired delightful, healthy suburb, a position that combines all the advantages of the country with proximity to the city, the distance being about 2 miles. It is only a short walk from the Petersham railway station and omnibuses ply to and from Sydney during the day from a stand close to the property. The estate is in the market for absolute sale in consequence of the proprietor's removal into the country, and will be sold in one or more lots to suit purchasers. The subdivision has been made on a very liberal scale, each allotment having 1 chain and upwards to the Balmain Road or to wide streets through the property.
PLAN, showing the subdivision, may be inspected at the Rooms, and Lithographic copies will be ready for distribution in a few days.
Terms at sale.

ASHFIELD RAILWAY STATION.

VILLA RESIDENCE with about 2½ Acres of Land, corner of Bruce and Wallace streets, near the property of W. Henson, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from B. S. Haigh, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 10th December, at 11 o'clock,
A very complete well-finished VILLA RESIDENCE, built of brick on stone foundation, slated roof with verandah 60 feet long in front, and containing hall, nine rooms, kitchen, pantry, laundry, and washhouse; also various out-buildings of wood, plentiful supply of water at all seasons.
The grounds contain an area of about 2½ acres, subdivided into garden and paddock.
The position is very convenient, within 5 minutes walk from the RAILWAY STATION, on the north side of the railway line, near the bridge over the Liverpool Road.
To parties seeking a really comfortable and commodious family residence in this salubrious and favourite suburb, the above property will be found worthy of notice.

An inspection of the property prior to day of sale is particularly invited, for which purpose cards to view may be obtained on application at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

By order of the TRUSTEES of the ESTATE of the late Dr. RAMSAY.

EXTENSIVE LAND SALE,
On the GROUND, SATURDAY, 11th December.

PIPER ESTATE, PETERSHAM.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the TRUSTEES of the estate of the late Dr. RAMSAY (to close the estate) to sell, without reserve, by public auction, ON THE GROUND, on SATURDAY, 11th DECEMBER, at 2.30 p.m.

ALL THAT BLOCK OF LAND,
about 85 acres, adjoining the WESTERN BOUNDARY of the ELSWICK ESTATE, and divided by LONG COVE CREEK, from the well-known LOBROYDE ESTATE, off the PARRAMATTA ROAD, at PETERSHAM, and within a few minutes' walk of the PETERSHAM RAILWAY STATION.
It is subdivided into 44 SITES, from 1 ACRE to 3½ ACRES each in extent, and having frontages to PIPER, LORD, FOSTER, ALLAN, MARION, and WATER STREETS, also to LONG COVE CREEK.

The above is in the market for absolute sale, and each lot will be sold to the highest bidder on the above date.
The subdivision has been carefully made by Mr. SURVEYOR REUSS, Jun., to meet the requirements of all classes.
The streets on the estate are now being cleared, so that intending purchasers can without difficulty identify the property prior to the day of sale.
The position of the estate is very convenient, being easy of access either by RAILWAY or OMNIBUS. It is within 15 minutes' walk from the PETERSHAM RAILWAY STATION; and 'buses pass along the PARRAMATTA ROAD, within a few 100 yards of the estate, every half hour during the day.

The auctioneers have much pleasure in recommending this sale to the particular attention of those in search of suburban building land, or to speculators with a view to future subdivision. It affords an opportunity for securing LARGE BLOCKS in a rising and rapidly improving part of Petersham close to the city, and within easy walking distance of several Public schools and churches of all denominations.
PLAN of subdivision may be inspected, and LITHOGRAPHS obtained on application at the Rooms.
OMNIBUSES will leave the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 2 o'clock on day of sale to convey intending purchasers to the ground free of charge.
Terms, very liberal.

By order of the Mortgagee.

SUPERIOR VILLA RESIDENCES,
WOOLLAHRA.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 17th December, at 11 o'clock,
The following favourably-situated residences, Ocean-street, Woollahra:—
1. ESSENDEN, at the junction of Ocean and John streets, now occupied by the Rev. E. Symonds, at a rental of £80 per annum, on lease expiring 23rd of January next.
2. LOMA and THORNLEY, two semi-detached residences at the corner of Ocean and Piper streets; the former ready for immediate occupation by a purchaser, and the latter occupied by Mr. Collier at an annual rental of £72 per annum.
The title is leasehold, having about 80 years to run, and the ground rent on each house is £12 per annum.

Further particulars in a future advertisement, or may be obtained on application at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

CHURCH HILL AND JAMISON-STREET.

VALUABLE CORNER BLOCK OF LAND, opposite the ornamental RESERVE, CHURCH HILL, and extending back to Jamison-street, opposite the SCOTS CHURCH, subdivided into FIVE CHOICE CITY BUILDING SITES, with the following dimensions.
LOTS 1 TO 4 have each, 21 FEET FRONTAGE TO CHURCH HILL, with a depth of about 90 feet, extending to Jamison-street, or to a passage from that street at the rear.
LOT 5 is a corner Allotment, having a street frontage of about 116 feet to CHURCH HILL, YORK, and JAMISON STREETS.

The Title is Parliamentary, under an Act empowering the Vendor to sell, convey, and assure the Land.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the Rev. Dr. LANG to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 17 December, at 11 o'clock,
The above well-known VALUABLE SITES, opposite the CHURCH HILL RESERVE, THE SCOTS CHURCH, and ST PHILIP'S CHURCH, being about the most ELEVATED and VALUABLE POSITION for PRIVATE RESIDENCES in the CITY of SYDNEY, and the only land obtainable in that popular and select locality.

Plan on view at the Rooms, where also copy of the Act empowering the sale can be inspected.
Terms at sale.

SYCAE,
A COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE, on the Glenmore Road, overlooking the Harbour.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mrs. Henry Lane to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, December 17, at 11 o'clock,
All that corner piece of land having a frontage of 75 feet to the Glenmore Road, and a considerable frontage to a reserved side road, on which is that commodious residence, SYCAE, containing spacious verandahs, 9 rooms, kitchen, servants' rooms, bathroom, and out-offices, with garden ground, yard, &c. Water and gas laid on.

This is a desirable favourably-situated residence on the Glenmore Road heights, commanding extensive beautiful views over the city and harbour. The whole of the premises have recently been placed in thorough repair, and are ready for immediate occupation. Cards to view can be obtained on application.
Terms at sale.

6000 STORE SHEEP,
Now running on the BOOMBAH Station, BALONNE RIVER, QUEENSLAND.

For positive Sale,
By order of the Executors in the Estate of the late RICHARD BLIGH, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on
THURSDAY, the 13th January next,
at 11 o'clock,
6000 STORE SHEEP, of which the following are the particulars, viz.:—

EWES—Weaners	..	602	
1½ years old	..	401	
2½ ditto ditto	..	261	
3½ ditto ditto	..	408	
4½ ditto ditto	..	665	
Aged	..	1296	
TOTAL EWES	..		3633
WETHERS—Weaners	..	600	
1½ year old	..	391	
2½ years old	..	558	
3½ ditto ditto	..	456	
4½ ditto ditto	..	304	
TOTAL WETHERS	..		2309
RAMS—Mixed ages	..		58
TOTAL SHEEP, more or less	..		6000

The above sheep will be delivered, on or about the 1st March, 1876, at the Station belonging to Messrs. SIMPSON and READETT, known as BOOMBAH, Balonne River, Queensland.
Terms at Sale.

TO CAPITALISTS, BUILDERS, and MECHANICS.

ELIZABETH AND BELVOIR STREETS,
STRAWBERRY HILL.
TWO COTTAGE RESIDENCES and a TWO-STORY DWELLING-HOUSE, Nos. 692, 694, and 696, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH; also TWELVE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS of Land, fronting BELVOIR and WILTON STREETS, between the well-known and highly-improved Residence and Grounds of THOMAS BUCKLAND, Esq., and Mr. JAMES MURPHY, and the Property of JOHN DAWSON, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 10th December, at 11 o'clock,
All that valuable block of CITY FREEHOLD Property at the corner of ELIZABETH and BELVOIR STREETS, extending back to WILTON-STREET, subdivided as follows:—
Lots 1 and 2.—TWO NEATLY-FINISHED WEATHERBOARD COTTAGES, brick-nogged, Nos. 694 and 696, Elizabeth-street, each containing verandah in front, hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, and servant's room, flower garden in front, and good yard, water laid on, &c., at the rear. The land has 56 feet frontage to ELIZABETH-STREET and 100 feet to BELVOIR-STREET.
Lot 3.—Two-story brick DWELLING-HOUSE No. 692, Elizabeth-street, garden in front, and containing verandah, hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, store room, detached spare room, yard, &c., at the rear. The land has 15½ feet frontage to Elizabeth-street, with a depth of 106 feet, extending to a lane at the rear.
Lots 4 to 12.—NINE building ALLOTMENTS of land, each having 16 feet frontage to BELVOIR-STREET, with depths varying from 67½ to 80 feet, extending to a back passage.
Lots 13 to 15.—THREE GOOD building ALLOTMENTS, each having 19 FEET frontage to WILTON-STREET, with a depth of 94 FEET, extending to a back passage.
The above property is in a very elevated and improved part of the City, close to PRINCE ALFRED PARK, within easy walking distance of the BUSINESS PARTS of the CITY, and in a locality where dwellings are constantly tenanted, and building allotments of land always in demand.
PLAN of SUBDIVISION now on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

PEREMPTORY SALE.
BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

WOOLLAHRA.
SUPERIOR SUBURBAN RESIDENCES
AND GROUNDS.
1. TWO ACRES OF LAND, having the following frontages—252 FEET to WALLIS-STREET, 349 FEET to OCEAN-STREET, together with that COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE formerly occupied by the late Mr. EDWARD RAYNES, containing hall, verandah, balcony, 8 rooms, kitchen, servants' room, pantry, cellar. The out-buildings comprise laundry, servants' room, stable, coach-house, &c. All these buildings are of a substantial character, well finished, and fitted with every family convenience. The grounds, upwards of two acres in extent, are laid out and planted with considerable taste. There are two aviaries and a large conservatory in the garden. A large proportion of this land, if desired, could be sublet in allotments, which from their position would be readily taken up at a rental that would not only leave the portion with the residence free of ground rent, but yield in addition an income to the proprietor. The lease of the whole block has about 80 years to run, subject to the low ground rent of £14 per acre per annum. Immediate possession will be given.
2. ONE ACRE 1 ROOD and 28 PERCHES adjoining, having 200 FEET FRONTAGE to WALLIS-STREET, with a depth of 349 feet, on portion of which there is erected a SUBSTANTIAL COTTAGE RESIDENCE known as HEATHFIELD, now occupied by Mrs. SCOTT. It contains 7 rooms, kitchen, &c., with large garden, lawn, &c.
The title is the Point Piper lease, about 80 years to run. Ground rent, £14 per acre per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the MORTGAGEES to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 10th December, at 11 o'clock,
The above well-known favourably-situated properties, occupying the most valuable positions in the popular suburb of Woollahra.
Both these valuable properties must be absolutely disposed of by order of the mortgagees, and the sale, without subdivision, affords a capital opportunity for builders, speculators, and others securing a really first-class investment in this favourite rapidly improving suburb.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

YAGGABA or GRAVESEND STATION.
For Positive and Unreserved Sale, the above Valuable Property; together with 2600 head of well bred Cattle, more or less, to be mustered and delivered.

G. M. PITT and SON have received instructions from John Hoskisson, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Exchange, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon,
This very valuable Station property, together with about 2600 well bred cattle.
Yaggaba is situated in the district of Gwydir, it adjoins the valuable stations of Messrs. Adams, Bowman, and Eaton, and has a frontage of 20 miles to the Gwydir River, which is never-failing.
The herd consists of about 600 grown bullocks, about 1000 breeding cows, and about 1000 young cattle. There are six splendid young bulls running in the herds, bred by Mr. A. Town, of Richmond.
There is a comfortable newly built 6-roomed house, built of sawn timber and shingles, also kitchen, men's huts, new stock yard capable of working 5000 head, horse paddocks, small yards, &c.
Purchased land to be taken at cost price.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

ALFRED COTTAGE, Pitt-street, Redfern,
the late property of the Rev. Mr. Baker.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the ground, THIS DAY, Tuesday, December 7, at 4 o'clock,
4-roomed cottage and detached kitchen, Pitt-street, Waterloo.
Title leasehold, about 80 years to run.
No reserve. Terms, cash.

SHORT NOTICE.
NEAT BRICK COTTAGE,
Pleasant-street, off Marian-street, Alexandria, Redfern, near Hudson Brothers' Saw Mills.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, on the Ground, THIS AFTERNOON, Tuesday, December 7th, at half-past 4 o'clock,
A 4-roomed brick-built cottage and kitchen, situate in Pleasant-street, off Marian-street, Alexandria, Redfern, and close to Messrs. Hudsons' saw mills, with fruit trees and flower garden in front; title, leasehold.
Terms, cash. No reserve.

BROKEN BACK BRIDGE TOLL-GATE.

F. M. OVERTON has been favoured with instructions from the Commissioners of the Parramatta Road Trust, to sell by public auction, at the Court-house, Parramatta, on
SATURDAY, the 11th instant,
at 12 o'clock noon,
The lease for one year, commencing on the first day of January, 1876, of the tolls and dues to be collected at the toll-gate on Broken Back Bridge, on the road from Parramatta towards Windsor.
The Lessee will be required to enter into a bond in double the amount of rent, with two responsible sureties, for the due observance of the conditions of the Lease, and the regular payment of the rent by equal monthly instalments, before the expiration of seven days after the termination of each month.
Further particulars may be known upon application.
E. L. ROWLING, Clerk and Treasurer.
Parramatta, 3rd December, 1875.

Preliminary Notice.
Highly Attractive Land Sale, at Macquarie River, Illawarra,
Johnstone's Meadows.
1800 Acres and upwards.
Early in JANUARY, 1876.

D. L. DYMOCK has received instructions to sell by auction, at Kiama, early in January, 1876 (of which full particulars will shortly be advertised),
The above magnificent property, known as Johnstone's Meadows (adjoining Weston's Meadows) rich alluvial soil, subdivided into suitable homesteads—splendidly watered; situation unsurpassed for convenience, being contiguous to main Wollongong and Kiama Road.
Terms liberal.
For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, Jamberoo and Kiama; or JAMES LAIDLEY, Esq., Exchange-buildings, Sydney.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Sheriff's Office, 6th December, 1875.
MOORE AND ANOTHER v. R. M. M'DONALD.
SAME v. SAME.

ON FRIDAY next, the 10th instant, at noon, on the premises occupied by the defendant, Coogee, near Sydney, the SHERIFF will cause to be sold by public auction (unless the above warrants are previously satisfied),
A quantity of household furniture and effects.
Terms, cash.
THOMAS READ, Plaintiff's Attorney.
CHARLES COWPER.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1443478

FUNERALS.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM H. WALKER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Eliza ... H., to move from his residence, John-street, Woollahra, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Oxford-st., and George-st., op. Christ Church.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ALBERT EASTWAY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, May L. R.; to move from his residence, 190, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-st.; 737, George-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE M'ILVERN are invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved DAUGHTER, Ann Margaret; to move from his residence, 192, Cumberland-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at quarter-past 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. RICHARD SPEARS are invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased beloved SON, Walter George; to move from his residence, No. 362, Kent-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE ROGERS are invited to attend the Funeral of his late deceased DAUGHTER, Amy; to move from his residence, Missenden Road, Newtown, at a quarter to 3 o'clock, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, for Necropolis. C. BOOTS, Undertaker, Hordern-street, and Newtown Road.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mrs. MARY GREATRIX are invited to attend her Funeral; to move from her late residence, Parramatta Road, Petersham, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 3 o'clock, for Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, 719, George-street, and 120, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mrs. SOPHIA BARRETT, relict of the late WILLIAM BARRETT, are invited to attend her Funeral; to move from her late residence, South Head Road, Paddington, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. W. J. DIXON, Undertaker, 21, Oxford-street; 121, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. MICHAEL FITZGERALD are invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased SON, Martin; to move from his residence, Oxford and Victoria streets, THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, to Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. W. J. DIXON, Undertaker, 21, Oxford-street; 121, York-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. EDWARD POWELL are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late SISTER, Mary Creswick; to move from his late residence, off McDonald-street, McDonald Town, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at 9, ... MELVILLE and SON, Undertakers, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JAMES CRESWICK are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Mary; to move from his residence, off McDonald-street, McDonald Town, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at 9, to St. Peter's Cemetery. MELVILLE and SON, Undertakers, Newtown.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. AMOS R. MARTIN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late DAUGHTER, Caroline Ashbey; to move from his residence, corner of Enmore and Addison Roads, Enmore, THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 10. MELVILLE and SON, Undertakers, Newtown.

STEWART, Undertaker, 117, Bathurst-street, near Pitt-street.

AMUSEMENTS.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.
"My boyhood's home."

THIS (and every) EVENING,
until further notice, at 8,
KISLEY'S
MAGNIFICENT COLOSSAL MOVING
MIRROR OF ENGLAND,
or
RIVER THAMES ILLUSTRATED,
Giving over 120 Views of this magnificent River, from its source down to and below the
POOL OF LONDON,
including
THE NEW HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT,
WATERLOO BRIDGE, &c., &c.,
and acknowledged to be the largest, most correct, and artistic painting ever exhibited on canvas in any part of the world.

THE PRESS
of Sydney are unanimous in pronouncing this to be the finest ART EXHIBITION ever shown in the city, while

THE PUBLIC
testify by THEIR CONTINUED APPLAUSE their appreciation of the Entertainment as soon after some of
HOME, SWEET HOME
floats on before them, awakening reminiscences of AULD LANG SYNE.

Proprietors .... RISLEY and HUMPHREY.
Agent .... HARRY COWLE.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

A GRAND FANCY FAIR
in aid of the funds for the erection of the
GREAT SYNAGOGUE, HYDE PARK,
will be held on TUESDAY, 14th December, and following days, in a spacious and elegantly decorated pavilion now in course of erection, next to
THE NEW GENERAL POST OFFICE, GEORGE-STREET.

THEATRE ROYAL.

OPENING NIGHT,
SATURDAY, 11th December, 1875.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor, Sir HERCULES ROBINSON, and the Hon. LADY ROBINSON, who have graciously signified their intention of being present.

First production in Sydney of an entirely new and original drama, written by H. J. Byron, Esq., entitled
DAISY FARM.
DAISY FARM DAISY FARM
Daisy Farm Daisy Farm
Daisy Farm Daisy Farm
Daisy Farm Daisy Farm
DAISY FARM.

An Opening ADDRESS written expressly for the occasion, will be delivered by Miss ADELAIDE BOWRING, and on the arrival of His Excellency the Governor,
THE NATIONAL ANTHEM
will be sung by the entire strength of the company.

The Box Office will open at J. R. CLARKE'S, 217, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, from 11 a.m. till ...
Full particulars in future advertisements and bills.
SAMUEL LAZAR, Lessee and Manager.

SYDNEY AND MERCANTILE ROWING CLUB REGATTA.—The PRIZES won at the late Regatta will be presented on TUESDAY, the 7th December, at 8 o'clock, at the Exchange. All members are requested to attend.
P. J. CLARK, Hon. Secretary S. R.C.
W. R. BENSON, Hon. Secretary M. R. C.

SYDNEY ROWING CLUB.—Members desirous of rowing in the forthcoming Intercolonial Gig Race are requested to forward their names, addressed to the Sub-committee, 227, George-street, prior to TUESDAY, December 7.
P. J. CLARK, Hon. Secretary.

ODDFELLOWS' HALL, NEWTOWN.

Under the patronage of S. C. BROWN, Esq., M.L.A., and the Mayor of Newtown.
The members of the Ben Jonson Amateur Dramatic Society will give an Entertainment in aid of the Local Charities, THIS EVENING, December 7.
The performances will consist of the Drama, in 4 acts, entitled,
RETRIBUTION,
and the Comic Drama,
A PHENOMENON IN A SMOCK FROCK.
Admission—Reserved seats, 2s; Body of Hall, 1s.
W. ANDERSON, Secretary.

BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—The PICNIC of the above will take place THIS DAY, at Correy's Gardens, Botany. Omnibuses will start from Town Hall, at 9.30.
E. DYER, Hon. Secretary.

OXFORD FISHING CLUB.—The usual fortnightly FISHING EXCURSION will take place on THURSDAY next, 9th instant. Steamer will leave Woolloomooloo Wharf (only) at 7 a.m. punctual. Members are requested to be at the Wharf not later than ten minutes to 7.
J. STEELE, Hon. Secretary.

ILMA DE MURSKA in BATHURST.—
THURSDAY EVENING, December 9.
FRIDAY EVENING, December 10.

ILMA DE MURSKA in MAITLAND.—
MONDAY EVENING, 13th December.
TUESDAY EVENING, 14th December.

DE MURSKA FAREWELL MATINEE.—
ONLY GRAND GALA MATINEE,
at the VICTORIA THEATRE,
SATURDAY, December 18th, at 3 p.m.,
in order to comply with the expressed wish of hundreds of ladies and country visitors unable to attend the evening concerts. Particulars shortly.

NEWTOWN BAPTIST CHAPEL.—The Annual BAZAAR will open TO-DAY, Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m., in the Temperance Hall, Newtown. A Tea MEETING will be held in the EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock. Tickets for Bazaar and Tea Meeting 1s 6d each, Bazaar only 6d.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Lessee and Manager .... Mr. John Bennett.
Stage Manager .... Mr. B. N. Jones.

LAST NIGHTS
Last Nights
Last Nights
of the engagement of
the
LINGARDS,
and
CONTINUED SUCCESS
Continued Success
Continued Success
of the
GREAT HIT
Great Hit
Great Hit
Great Hit
Great Hit
Howard's 5-act Comedy, entitled
SARATOGA
Saratoga
Saratoga
Saratoga
Saratoga.

THIS EVENING,
TUESDAY, December 7, 1875,
THE GREAT COMEDY
received with
SHOUTS OF LAUGHTER
Shouts of Laughter
Shouts of Laughter.
Great Success of the
SKIDMORE GUARD
Skidmore Guard
Skidmore Guard,
and
BIRDIE TELL ME
Birdie Tell Me,
introduced in
SARATOGA, or
"PISTOLS FOR SEVEN."

HOUSES CROWDED NIGHTLY
Houses Crowded Nightly.

Owing to the length of the comedy it will comprise the whole evening's entertainment.

NOTICE.—Free list positively suspended, except the Press.

Admission—Dress circle, 5s; stalls, 3s; upper circle, 2s; pit and gallery, 1s.
Box plan at Elvy and Co.'s music stores, where seats may be secured without extra charge.
Carriages may be ordered for 11 o'clock.
Doors open at 7.30. Curtain rises at 8 o'clock.

BLONDIN,
the
HERO OF NIAGARA.

BLONDIN TO-NIGHT
Blondin To-night
Blondin To-night.

CONTINUED SUCCESS
Continued Success
Continued Success
of these
GRAND ILLUMINATED NIGHT ASCENSIONS
Grand Illuminated Night Ascensions
Grand Illuminated Night Ascensions.

SYDNEY DOMAIN
Sydney Domain
Sydney Domain.

Grand Promenade Concert
Grand Promenade Concert
Grand Promenade Concert.

THOUSANDS DELIGHTED NIGHTLY
Thousands Delighted Nightly
Thousands Delighted Nightly.

PUNCH ON THE HIGH ROPE, TO-NIGHT
Punch on the High Rope, To-night
Punch on the High Rope, To-night.

BLONDIN will wheel PUNCH over the High Rope, TO-NIGHT.

Due Notice will be given when PUNCH will WHEEL BLONDIN over.

SPECIAL DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS TO-NIGHT.

FOUNTAINS OF GOLDEN RAIN TO-NIGHT.
Fountains of Golden Rain, To-night.

Cascades of Golden Fire, TO-NIGHT.
Cascades of Golden Fire, TO-NIGHT.

Brilliant Lime Light Effects, TO-NIGHT.
Brilliant Lime Light Effects, TO-NIGHT.

Gas Illuminations, TO-NIGHT.
Gas Illuminations, TO-NIGHT.

The most pleasant place to spend an hour during a warm evening is in the Sydney Domain, to witness
BLONDIN'S GRAND ILLUMINATED NIGHT ASCENSION,
with BRILLIANT DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS,
and
ENCHANTING MUSIC.
MUSIC IN THE AIR
Music in the Air
Music in the Air
with
NEW and STARTLING NOVELTIES.
New and Startling Novelties.

Remember—MILLION PRICES.
Remember—Million Prices.
Remember—Million Prices.

Operatic Selections, &c., by the Band.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8 sharp.
Prices of Admission—First-class, 2s 6d. Promenade, 1s. Children, half-price to the first-class only.
No readmission.
All letters and communications to be addressed to
J. F. BLONDIN, or C. P. NIAUD, Secretary, Pfahlert's Hotel.

By order.
LE CHEVALIER BLONDIN.
H. P. LYONS, Agent.

REV. CHARLES CLARK.

MASONIC HALL—ONE WEEK ONLY.

TO-NIGHT, Tuesday.

SECOND and LAST TIME of the Rev. CHARLES CLARK'S Popular Lecture-entertainment
CHRISTMAS IN OLD ENGLAND,
Christmas in Old England,
Christmas in Old England,
ITS CUSTOMS AND ITS CAROLS.
Received last evening with irrepressible demonstrations of delight by an audience that filled the Hall in every part.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION
of
MISS CHRISTIAN
Miss Christian
Miss Christian,
who will make her Second Appearance THIS EVENING.

The Carols, illustrative of the Lecture, will be sung by a Double Quartette. Conductor, Mr. W. G. BROADHURST.
Mrs. CLARK will preside at the Pianoforte.

Numbered chairs, 3s; balcony and unreserved seats, 2s; two children admitted on one ticket.
Plan of Seats at Elvy's; balcony tickets at Elvy's and J. R. Clarke's.
The entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock, will be over in time for the 10.30 suburban train.
TO-MORROW—Entire change of programme.
L. S. SMYTHE, Manager.

NEWTOWN CONGREGATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL.—Annual Excursion to Chowder Bay, WEDNESDAY, December 8. Steamer Pelican will leave foot of King-street, half-past 10, 12, and 2 o'clock. Tickets, 1s 6d each. Hot and cold water free. Trip up to head of Middle Harbour during afternoon. N.B.—No boats allowed to land.

SPENCER'S ROYAL POLYTECHNIC, 222, Pitt-street. Open daily, from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AN ISLAND PEARL
for
CHRISTMAS.

GUM DAMAR wanted, in quantity. S. Forster and Sons, Harrington-street.

CHARCOAL.—To Burners. Wanted, 120 bags monthly, in Sydney. Apply Box 275.

TOBACCONISTS.—Wanted, an INTEREST in a Tobacconist Business. Genuine, 860, George-street.

HIGHEST Price given for Left-off CLOTHING. Letters attended to. Mrs. Dawes, 316, Elizabeth-st.

BOTTLES.—BOTTLES wanted. Apply at Cellars, 8, King-street, Caledonian Wharf.

WANTED, some kind Lady to adopt a little Girl, 18 months old. Address Sarah, Herald Office.

WANTED, to purchase, COTTAGE, about 5 rooms, near town. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

WANTED, to purchase a QUARTZ CRACKER, one of Appleton's preferred. Apply Box 113, Post Office.

MEAT SAFES.—Hanging wire Meat Safes, square and round. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-st.

RAT TRAPS.—Try our improved Rat Traps, that will catch them. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-st.

WIRE MEAT-COVERS, round and oval, by the set or singly, at Eastway, Brothers', 417, George-st.

CRUETS.—Plated Cruets, a large assortment, at 4s 6d, 7s 6d, 10s 6d each. EASTWAY'S, 417, George-st.

BREAD Platters, from 7s 9d each; Bread Knives, from 1s each. Egg Spoons, Table and Dessert Spoons and Forks, Table Cutlery, Pickle Forks, Sugar Spoons, Breakfast Cruets, &c., at Eastway, Brothers', 417, George-street.

JUST Landed, a splendid assortment of LUSTRES, 8s 9d to 70s pair. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-st.

FISHING Tackle of every description, wholesale and retail, consisting of Limerick and Kirby Hooks, Fishing Rods, Winches, Artificial Flies and Fish, Twisted and Plaited Silk Lines, the noted colonial made Machine-thread Lines, Fishermen's Undressed Lines; Hooks, single and double gut, and on gimp and wire. Eastway's.

STOVE ORNAMENTS, cheap, large assortment of elegant designs. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-st.

HAIR BRUSHES, 1s each; Tooth Brushes, 6d each; Rock Combs, 6d each. Eastway, Brothers, George-st.

WANTED, to purchase, a really good milch COW, to calve or just calved. 3, Barrack-street.

WANTED, second-hand COUNTER, about 12 feet. Corner of Sussex and Goulburn streets.

WANTED to purchase, a good-sized single-stone diamond RING, by instalments. Price and particulars to First Water, Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED to purchase, old Yellow Metal, Brass, Horsehair, Lead, Glass, Beche-de-mer, &c. Apply to Joe Trail, Sing and Co., 219, George-street.

WANTED to buy, small COTTAGE or Allotment (freehold), not more than 5 minutes' walk from Glebe 'bus stand. Address R. K., care J. Cooper, Glebe Road.

PROFESSIONS, TRADES, ETC.

A GOOD COACH PAINTER wanted. 1, Clyde, 314, Pitt-street.

A GASFITTER and PLUMBER wanted. R. Thomson, 365, Pitt-street.

A FIRST-CLASS MACHINIST wanted; Dressmakers. Mrs. Fitzmaurice, Perry, Brothers, King-st.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, two MAKERS, for women's and children's F. S. Jackson, Parramatta-st.

CABINETMAKER wanted, at 205, Park-street. For plain work only.

COMPOSITORS.—Wanted, good Jobbing HAND. G. E. Hooke, 426, George-street.

COACH Painter's HELPER wanted. W. T. Angus, coach factory, Castlereagh-street.

DRESSMAKERS' IMPROVERS wanted. Miss Hawley, 149, Darlinghurst Road.

DRAPERS.—Wanted, for Country Store, good Junior HAND. Apply at 10. C. Newton, Brother, and Co.

DRAPERS.—Wanted, a good HAND, 48, Oxford-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted Skirt Hands, Apprentices, and Improvers. Mrs. Hammond, 496, George-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, an IMPROVER. Miss Mainwaring, Wells-street West, Redfern.

DRESSMAKING, Underclothing.—ASSISTANTS wanted, at once; good wages. Also General SERVANTS. Paddington Registry Office, Paddington.

IMPROVERS and APPRENTICES wanted, to the Millinery. Perry, Brothers, King-street.

MEDICAL.—One of the two medical gentlemen residing in Queanbeyan, having removed to another district, the duties are more than one can possibly perform. Queanbeyan offers a good opening for a second member of the profession. For particulars apply by letter, A., Queanbeyan.

MEDICAL.—The inhabitants of the Castlereagh River district are prepared to guarantee a handsome income to a duly qualified medical man settling in COONAMBLE. The district is large and important, and it is estimated that an active man would readily realise from £600 to £800 per annum, if not more, by the practice of his profession. There is at present no duly qualified man within 100 miles of Coonamble.
Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned to whom all communications are to be addressed.
S. STEGLIN.

PAINTER wanted. Apply 9 a.m., J. T. and J. Toohey's new brewery, Elizabeth-street.

PARTNER required, sleeping or otherwise, with £... to join the advertiser in extending a very profitable business now in full working order. Address A. F., care of Mr. W. Taylor, decorator, Market-street.

SALESWOMAN.—Wanted, a good HAND. Thynne and Co., milliners, &c., 100, King-street.

TO MECHANICS.—Wanted, a MAN, to take charge of a factory. Miller, 425, Pitt-street.

TO PARENTS.—Wanted, a Youth, as APPRENTICE. Thompson and Giles.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Machinists and Trousers Hands; also, Apprentices. 227, Clarence-street.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, 2 BRUSH HANDS. Emanuel Watson, Paddington.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted an ASSISTANT. W. Broom, 76, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORS.—Coat HANDS wanted. Farmer and Company.

TO TAILORS.—Vest HANDS wanted. Farmer and Company.

TO TAILORS.—Good Coat and Trousers Hands wanted. W. Stearsby, 68, King-street.

TO BUTCHERS.—Wanted, an active sober young Man. Apply early, 226, Pitt-street.

TO CHEMISTS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted, a JUNIOR. W. D. Eames, Oxford-street.

TO DRESSMAKERS.—Wanted, good Hands to make children's dresses out of doors. 27, Oxford-street.

TO TAILORS.—Good COAT HANDS wanted. Apply W. Smith and Co., George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, First-class Silk and Alpaca Coat MAKERS. Peapes and Shaw, George-st.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, a good General HAND. 42, Market-street.

TAILORESSES wanted.—Coat, Trousers, and Vest HANDS; also, Learner. 217, Lower George-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Paget and Sac Coat HANDS wanted. J. Graham, 125, King-street.

TO BOOKBINDERS.—Wanted, a FINISHER. John Sands, 392, George-street.

TO GROCERS.—A strong young Man wants an ENGAGEMENT as Assistant or indoor porter. Able and willing to work. Apply G. G. C., Herald Office.

TO SHEEP OVERSEERS.—Wanted, a Sheep OVERSEER; one who has been accustomed to droving; salary, £70 per annum, board and residence. Apply Bank, Herald Office.

TO BOOTMAKERS.—A respectable young Man wishes to finish the trade with a good workman; has three years' experience, indoors preferred. Apply 8, Charlotte-place, Church-hill.

TO BLACKSMITHS and WHEELWRIGHTS.—Wanted, a PARTNER, with small capital, in a first-class business in the Northern districts. Good connection. Apply to T. BAWDEN, C. and N. E. S. N. Co.'s Office, Commercial Wharf.

TO THEATRICAL MANAGERS, &c.—The DUVALLI SISTERS and TROUPE, en route for Queensland, beg to inform managers and speculators that they have just completed one of the most successful tours on record through New Zealand (having realised over £4000 in less than six months); and are now prepared to fulfil a short Starring Engagement, or at Christmas.
Present address—Charlwood and Son, booksellers, Melbourne.

WANTED, MACHINISTS for W. and W. machine; Dressmakers and Improvers. 64, William-st.

WANTED, a PAINTER and PAPERHANGER. Apply to W. Wilson, 207, York-street.

WANTED, an APPRENTICE, in the portmanteau making. Apply K., Bradly, 9, Parramatta-st.

WANTED, a good steady BAKER. T. Moon, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a good MACHINIST, and Girls to tie off. Melbourne Boot Factory, 510, George-street.

WANTED, two good TARPAULIN-MAKERS. Apply early, 34, York-street.

WANTED, MASONS, corner Pitt and Hunter streets. W. J. Sugden.

WANTED, a good HORSESHOER. D. M'Guire, Queen's-place.

WANTED, a good DRESSMAKER, by the day. 160, Gloucester-street.

WANTED, an IMPROVER to the Carpentering. 150, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, IMPROVERS to the Dressmaking; also a Young Lady to assist in shop. 37, Erskine-street.

WANTED, an ASSISTANT to the Dressmaking; also a Machinist. 5, Millsop-ter., Macquarie-st.

WANTED, a good CARPENTER. Victoria House, 58, King-street.

WANTED, Plasterer, Rubble Mason, and Labourer. Apply Wilson-st., Newtown, behind Wm. Church.

WANTED, a DRESSMAKER. Apply 159, Phillip-street, Lauriston terrace.

WANTED, a POLISHER. M. Asher, Pitt and Park streets.

WANTED, STONEMASON, to do small job. Mrs. Farrell's office, next English and Scottish Bank.

WANTED, a TINPLATE WORKER; also a Boy used to the trade. J. Horn, 51, Market-street.

WANTED, PLASTERERS, J. Parsons, Albion-street, off Dowling-street, Paddington Sandhills.

WANTED, an IMPROVER, or Striker. Apply to J. Gribben, farrier, 78, Elizabeth-street North.

WANTED, a MACHINIST. Apply 331, Kent-street.

WANTED, a BOY, as apprentice to the brass finishing. Joseph Watson, 386, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a competent PERSON, to teach a young man Piano Tuning; state terms. Music, Herald.

WANTED, a PERSON, who can cut out children's clothes, work Home Shuttle. Housekeeper, Bell's ch.

WANTED, 6 MAKERS, and Youth accustomed to blocking. Day and Taylor, Botany Rd., Redfern.

WANTED, good JOINER. Apply to G. Best, opposite Fish Market, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a DISPENSER. Apply to E. Doudney, surgeon, Newcastle.

WANTED, a first-class MATE; one accustomed to the Island trade preferred. Apply to Wallach, Brothers, George-street.

WANTED, for Boxing Day, a String BAND (3 performers). Apply, stating terms, to W. H. P., Parramatta.

WANTED, a good CARPENTER and two good LABOURERS. Apply, on the ground, Mount Carmel Church, Waterloo, P. G. Buckley, builder.

WANTED, a COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER, for a soft goods house, one having a connection on the Southern Road preferred. Apply by letter till 20th December, Box 106, Post Office.

WANTED, immediately, a good General BLACKSMITH; must be a workman, no other need apply; constant employment; wages, £3 10s per week. Apply R. J. Parker, blacksmith, &c., Summer-st., Orange.

WANTED, three good STONE-CUTTERS. Apply on the ground, Mount Carmel Church, Waterloo; also, a good SETTER. P. G. Buckley, builder.

WANTED, by the Forest Board of South Australia, an Officer to undertake the duties of CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS. He should possess a thoroughly practical knowledge of forest culture, and must furnish testimonials of experience and ability. Present salary, £250 per annum, with two forage allowances of £52 each. Application to be made to the Chairman of the Board, Surveyor-General's Office, Adelaide, till 10 a.m. of the 15th day of December, 1875. G. W. Goyder, Chairman of Board.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A COMPETENT Dressmaker wishes an ENGAGEMENT by the day. L. D. M., Herald Office.

AS GOVERNESS, Lady, with highest testimonials and references. H. C., Post-office, William-street.

ANXIOUS for Engagement, Ladies' Maids and Needlewoman; high refs. Mrs. Stephenson, Bridge-st.

A RESPECTABLE young Widow, with good references, wants a SITUATION as Housekeeper in a respectable family. Apply 565, Crown-street.

BY a young MAN, as Groom and Coachman; milk, garden, useful; Sydney refs. C. B., 157, Clarence-st.

DRAUGHTSMEN.—To Surveyors and others.—Instructions for plans, accompanied by field notes, orders for duplicates or tracings of plans, for printing on plans, executed with dispatch. Address Draughtsman, Herald.

EMPLOYMENT wanted, in wholesale warehouse or store, by intelligent Man, accustomed to, and not afraid of, work; good references; total abstainer. T. R., Wentworth-lane, Kent-street.

HARPIST and VIOLINIST open engage. Parties, picnics, quadrille band supplied. 415, Pitt-st. S.

REQUIRED, by respectable young Person, Situation as Nursery Governess or Companion. A. D., Herald.

STEADY Man wants WORK for two or three Horses and Dray. W. H., Herald Office.

WANTED, by a respectable person, WASHING or CLEANING by the day. Pierce, Stanley-street.

WANTED, by highly respectable Female, charge of a BAR; references first-class. A. B., P. O., Waterloo.

WANTED, by experienced young lady, Situation as Barmaid, first-class hotel, town. 6, Bridge-st.

WANTED, SITUATION as Cook; good references. Mr. Marsden, No. 11, Queen-st., off Essex-street.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Cook, in a gentleman's family; good refs. F. L., Pierce, Wm.-st.

WANTED, a SITUATION, to wait on an elderly lady or gentleman. Apply 195, Campbell-street.

WANTED, a SITUATION as housemaid and assist with needlework. Bertha, Herald Office.

WANTED, a respectable Person to take home washing. Mrs. Howell, corner George and Hunter sts.

WANTED, by a respectable Person, to go out WASHING by the day. Apply 142, Oxford-street.

WAITRESS, Good Cooks, Housemaids, General Servants disengaged. Mrs. Capper, 51, Oxford-st.

WANTED, after Christmas, by an experienced Governess, a SITUATION; is desirous of a comfortable home with moderate salary; references; open one week. Principle, Herald Office.

WANTED, by a respectable young Man, a SITUATION, in a wholesale grocery warehouse or as grocer's porter; writes a good hand; good references. Apply to A. B., 477, George-street.

SERVANTS WANTED.

A NURSE wanted, small family, good wages, unexceptional references required. 251, Macquarie-st.

COOKS and Laundresses wanted, House and Parlour Maids, Gen. Servants. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-st.

EXPERIENCED SALESMEN wanted. Perry, Brothers, King-street.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.—Wanted, good leading MEN, accustomed to laying down permanent way. Highest rate of wages given; also BRICKLAYERS used to Tunnel Work, and LABOURERS, that can use the pick and shovel. W. Wakeford, contractor, Murrurundi.

PORTER.—A respectable willing LAD, about 15. F. Felt n, ironmonger, 206, George-street North.

PLASTERER'S LABOURER wanted. Mr. Powell's cottages, Pyrmont Bridge Road, Camperdown.

RANDWICK.—Wanted, General SERVANT, for small family; nurse kept. Apply Mrs. D. B. Lugher, South Head Road, Paddington.

STEWARD required for N. S. S. Vernon.

STRONG LAD wanted for store. Bray, Brothers, 420, George-street, near King-street.

SMART young Man wanted, as PORTER. Halley Henderson, 287, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a LAD, 14 or 15. Apply No. 4, Doan's-terrace, Kent-street, off Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a BOY, accustomed to horse and buggy. Mr. Moseley, Parramatta Road, op. St. John's Col.

WANTED, a smart LAD. Leybourne and Baker, 85, King-street.

WANTED, a strong YOUTH; also, a BOY. J. Bositie, 56, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a smart little BOY. 663, George-street South.

WANTED, 2 BOYS. W. G. Hanfrey, Soda Water Factory, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a YOUTH, must write a good hand and have some knowledge of accounts. Box 169.

WANTED, a respectable YOUTH, for office; no salary first three months. A. A., Herald Office.

WANTED, a BOY, to work at Bench, furniture shop, opposite Post Office Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, a strong useful BOY, to make himself generally useful. M. A. Hughes and Co., 590, Geo.-st.

WANTED, a LAD, must be able to drive. References required. 118, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, smart BOY or GIRL. Apply 52, York-street.

WANTED, strong BOY, about 14; also, respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 62, Parramatta-st.

WANTED, BOYS, accustomed to carry out small goods. Corner of Foster and Hunt streets.

WANTED, a strong Lad, as SMITH'S HELPER. Glasson, Pitt-street South.

WANTED, a respectable BOY, about 14. 91, Liverpool-street, near George-street.

WANTED, a smart BOY. G. M. Woods, butcher, 91, Albion-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to learn the drapery and make himself useful. J. Kingsbury, Newtown.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to assist in general work. 238, Darlinghurst Road.

WANTED, tidy GIRL to assist at housework. Victoria House, South Kingston, fronting railway line.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to mind a baby. White Swan Inn, Shepherd's Paddock.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to assist in housework. 89, Stanley-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a young GIRL, about 16, to make herself generally useful. Apply 618, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14, to nurse a baby. Chatsworth Cottage, Moncur-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, about 15, to mind children. Mrs. Sheard, 578, George-street.

WANTED, a clean steady GIRL, to be generally useful. 181, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a useful GIRL, about 16, middle house, Brighton-terrace, Balmain.

WANTED, GIRL, to nurse child. Mrs. Elliott, 631, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to mind a baby. 583, George-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as NURSEMAID, 262, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14, to nurse and be useful; small family. Mrs. Morris, London Chartd. Bk.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to mind a baby. Mrs. Riva, 147, Fitzroy-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, GIRL, to cover hat boxes; also steady Errand Boy. Star Box Factory, 14, Wynyard-lane.

WANTED, a useful little GIRL. Apply 343, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a nice tidy NURSEGIRL. Apply Mrs. Mann, Mann's Hotel, Kent-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, two in family. 243, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Huntly's furniture warehouse, 310, Pitt-st., near Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, for out of town. 57, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, one used to children. Apply 44, College-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, with good references. Mrs. J. V. Gorman, 183, Victoria-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; good wages. 71, Liverpool-street, opposite Kent-street.

WANTED, General SERVANT and useful Girls. Mrs. Vipond, Registry, 50, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Cockhill, op. Church of England, Darling-st., Balmain.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; highest wages. Apply Dalston, Point Piper Road, Woollahra.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply 673, George-street South, Haymarket.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; good wages. 145, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as General SERVANT, in small family. 4, Derwent-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 113, Lankelly-terrace, Mackay-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, General SERVANT, little housework, good wages. Mrs. Burke, 330, George-street.

WANTED, General SERVANTS and Cooks and Laundresses. 64, William-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply at the Colonnade Hotel, King-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; references. Golden Age Hotel, George-street North.

WANTED, smart WAITRESS. Apply Mrs. Lamonee, Theatre Royal, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, LAUNDRESS, also a NURSEGIRL; references. After 10, Oxford Hotel.

WANTED, a LAUNDRESS, with good character. Mrs. L. W. Levy, Cahors, Macleay-street.

WANTED, a thorough Cook and Laundress, one who can milk preferred. Apply 112, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a young Woman, as COOK and LAUNDRESS, for Randwick. 101, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, PARLOURMAID, General Servants, young Girls. Mrs Sheppards, 102, Bathurst-st.

WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Apply Hobart House, 168, William-street.

WANTED, good smart BARMAID, who understands the business. Three Tuns, King-st., after 5.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID. Royal Hotel.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Apply Mrs. Macpherson, Denmark-terrace, Victoria-street West.

WANTED, a NURSEMAID. Apply to Mrs. J. Bowie Wilson, Park House, Botany-street.

WANTED, Nurse and Needlewoman; good wages. 2, Northumberland-ter., Botany-st., Moore Park.

WANTED, a steady respectable Woman as NURSE. Monthly, Glue's Agency, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a NURSE and Needlewoman. Mrs. Gaden, Hampton Villa, Balmain. Fare paid.

WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID, for Milson's Point, North Shore. 213, Macquarie-st.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAID; good wages. Royal Hyde Park Hotel.

WANTED, 2 Barmaids; also 2 Waitresses. Royal Navy Hotel, King and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, BARMAID, Married Couple, and Servants for the country. Registry, 98, Market-st.

WANTED, a Cook for a country hotel; also General Housemaid. Glue's Agency, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable Woman as COOK, very light duties. Woolpack Hotel, Haymarket.

WANTED, respectable MAN, to attend an invalid gentleman. Flower, 91, King-st., from 9 to 10.

WANTED, good PICK and SHOVEL MEN, also DRILLERS. Apply to G. Wakeford, Kiama.

WANTED, ASSISTANT, wholesale fancy goods, stores, ironmongery, &c. Box 152, G. P. Office.

WANTED, respectable young MAN for the furniture trade. Apply 256, Pitt-st., opposite Tattersall's.

WANTED, a MAN, accustomed to work in a market garden. J. Houghton, Double Bay.

WANTED, a MAN, used to driving a horse and cart. Also, two smart Boys. J. Hawkins, Newtown Rd.

WANTED, steady sober KITCHENMAN. Town Hall Dining Rooms, 479, George-street.

WANTED, HAMMERMAN, and Labourer, at 9 This Morning. The City Ironworks, Pyrmont.

WANTED, a MAN, to set an oven and do a small job of plastering. Pierce, Stanley and Yurong sts.

WANTED, a MAN, to milk a cow, attend a horse, and garden. 67, Oxford-street.

WANTED, MAN, to drive engine; references. Barrett and Co., Buckingham-street.

WANTED, an active young MAN. Boylson and Sons, Ashfield.

WANTED, a MAN, for whitewashing. Apply Comet Hotel, Albion-street.

WANTED, a young MAN, able to ride. T. O'Connor, butcher, Double Bay.

WANTED, Surveyors' Axemen, Married Couples, Domestic Female Servants. Glue's Agency, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a YOUTH, to assist on milk cart. Apply Mr. Clune's Hotel, Parramatta-street, half-past 8 o'clock, this morning.

WANTED, immediately, good COOK, male or female; good wages. Apply, before 12, to Mrs. W. Bradley, Sunnyside, Randwick.

WANTED, a young Girl, as NURSE, for one child, and to assist in the house; two other servants kept. Apply C. Newton, Brother, and Co., Pitt-street.

WANTED, an active young Person, as General House SERVANT; no cooking; two in family. Mrs. A. Sappey, Shamrock Hotel, Woolloomooloo-street.

WANTED, about December 16, a WETNURSE to take charge of an infant going to Victoria; milk two months old. Inquire Dr. Schuette, College-street, Sydney.

WANTED, 25 GIRLS; constant work; good pay. Soap powder department. Louis Riese and Co., Star Cordial, Liqueur, Vinegar, and Soap Powder Works, Illawarra Road, Marrickville. Empty bottles wanted.

WANTED, a tidy respectable Girl, as HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID; also, experienced KITCHENMAID. Apply, with references, after 10 a.m., Metropolitan Hotel, King-street.

WANTED, a COOK and Laundress, also young Girl, as HOUSEMAID. Protestant. Mother and daughter, or sisters preferred. Apply for address, Station Master, Newtown.

WANTED, an intelligent YOUTH, about 15, for a country General Store, to learn the business. Apply at 10 o'clock on Wednesday Morning, to Messrs. Butler and Inglis, 793, George-street.

WANTED, a MAN, to make ginger beer in the suburbs; must bottle and tie. Address, stating salary required, by letter only, to G. B. M., Herald Office.

APARTMENTS BOARD & RESIDENCE

AT Wentworth House, Church-hill, APARTMENTS; also, Drawing-room Suite vacant. Mrs. Cooper.

ARNOTT HOUSE.—Private Boarding Establishment, 50, Margaret-st., Wynyard-sq. A. Casey, proprietress.

APARTMENTS vacant for families or gentlemen. 92, Elizabeth-street North, nr. Hunter-st. Terms mod.

APARTMENTS vacant. 2, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street.

A DOUBLE BEDROOM, for two friends, in private family. Apply Mr. Iredale, Oxford-street.

APARTMENTS vacant for families or gentlemen. Mrs. Rowett, Mona House, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS vacant, at Sandringham House, 148, Castlereagh-st. N. Terms moderate. Baths, piano.

APARTMENTS and SUITE vacant. Mrs. Lodge's, 195, Macquarie-street, opposite Domain entrance.

A VACANCY for lady and gentleman, or two gentlemen. Mrs. Matelle, 22, Wynyard-square.

AT 2, RIALTO-TERRACE, Upper William-street South, cheerful well furnished Bedrooms are vacant.

A SMALL BEDROOM for a gentleman engaged during the day. 63, Prince-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. 219, Macquarie-street, opposite the Legislative Council.

APARTMENTS, for married couple or single gentlemen; bath, &c. 195, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

APARTMENTS vacant. 153, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

A LARGE, well-furnished BEDROOM, for married couple or single men. 2, Bridge-street, first floor.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, furnished, MONTROSE, Liverpool Road, next Oddfellows' Hall, 5 rooms and kitchen, garden, &c. Apply above; or 446, George-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, Java House, Jamison-street. Large and shower baths. Terms, 21s.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, private family, first floor rooms. 347, Liverpool-st., Darlinghurst. Baths.

BEDROOMS to LET, well furnished, 4s per week. Apply 202, George-street North.

CHANGE OF AIR.—Apartments vacant. Apply to Miss Rush, Willow Vale, Nattai.

COMFORTABLE furnished BEDROOM, for gentleman, 6s. 91, Bourke-street, near Domain, W'l'm'loo.

COMFORTABLE APARTMENTS, furnished, use of kitchen, private family. 386, Crown-st., Surry Hills.

DRAWING-ROOM SUITE vacant in private family, for 1 or 2 gentlemen; partial board. 54, Bridge-st.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS vacant, with use of kitchen. Mrs. Jackson, Piper-street, Woollahra.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, at the Royal Hotel, Double Bay. Harbour view. 'Bus to and from Sydney every half-hour throughout the day.

GORDON HOUSE, 138, Castlereagh-street N. Large airy Rooms and Suites for Gentlemen and Families.

HOME for Gentlemen, 39, Burton-street, off Oxford-street; bath; no children. 18s week.

LARGE healthy ROOM, well furnished, use kitchen and bath. 72, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

ONE or two unfurnished ROOMS to LET; splendid view. 85, Victoria-street, W'l'm'loo., op. Convent.

PRIVATE Board and Residence for lady or gentleman. Bath. 353, Kidman-terrace, Bourke-st., S. H. Road.

PEMBROKE HOUSE, 215, Macquarie-street North.—Drawing-room SUITE and Apartments vacant.

PYRMONT.—Board and Residence; healthy situation. Apply Mr. Barnshaw, grocer, Harris-street.

PART of large roomy COTTAGE vacant. 125, Pitt-street, opposite St. Andrew's School.

PART of a well-furnished genteel RESIDENCE to LET, consisting of large sitting and two or three bedrooms, with board, near Inner Domain. For particulars, apply A. Z., Herald Office.

SUITE and APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Martyn, Brompton House, op. Australian Club, Bent-street.

TO LET, a furnished BEDROOM, for single man, private family. 364, Macquarie-st., nr. Lyons-ter.

TWO good ROOMS, unfurnished; splendid view. 74, Cumberland-street. Gentlemen.

TWO ROOMS, furnished, for single gentlemen or lady and gentleman; terms mod. 284, Palmer-street.

TO LET, a Furnished BEDROOM, with partial board, in a private family. 2, Prince-street.

TO LET, four ROOMS and kitchen, 12, King-street, near Kent-street.

UNFURNISHED ROOM to LET, suited for lady or gentleman at business. 126, Prince-street.

VACANCIES for BOARDERS, at Mrs. Button's, 18, Wynyard-square, near Pfahlert's Hotel.

4, EMERALD-TER., Albion-street. Comfortable Home for ladies or gentlemen; plunge, shower bath.

251, CROWN-ST., near Oxford-street, Balcony ROOM, as bed and sitting room, vacant.

280, PALMER-TERRACE. Home for 2 gentlemen, 18s per week. Baths.

A COTTAGE or House required at Paddington, 5 or 6 rooms. State rent, &c., H., Box 395, Post Office.

A RESPECTABLE Mechanic seeks BOARD, &c., in a private family. A. Z., Herald.

A LADY, engaged during the day, requires a HOME in a private family, city or suburbs, latter preferred. Address Home, Herald Office.

BOARD and LODGING wanted (breakfast and tea) in a private family; good bedroom; where no other lodgers are kept preferred. No lodging-house keeper need answer. D., Post-office, William-street.

GRAZING ESTATE.—Wanted, to rent or purchase one of 20,000 or 30,000 acres, one of 500 or 600 acres. F. N. Trebeck, stock and station agent, Squatters' Exchange.

HOME wanted, for two little boys, aged 5 and 3, the children of a labouring man. Apply Bess, Post-office, Newtown.

OFFICES WANTED.—Wanted two or three rooms on the first floor, for Offices. Edmund T. Blacket, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-street.

REQUIRED, by a married lady, furnished APARTMENTS, or Board and Residence, in private family, in suburbs. Address R. B., Ashfield Post-office.

VACANT, two furnished ROOMS, board optional. 49, Stanley-street, Hyde Park, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a HOUSE, having 7 or 8 rooms, in a respectable central locality. M. B., Herald.

WANTED, furnished BEDROOM, also the use of Sitting-room on Sunday. J. C., Herald Office.

WANTED, unfurnished ROOM, and Person to take the care of two children. M., 115, King-street.

WANTED, 4-roomed HOUSE, between Mudd and Bathurst streets. Ward, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, BOARD and Lodgings, for a married lady for few weeks, at Richmond. G. F., Herald.

WANTED, to rent a small COTTAGE, near Sydney, Woolloomooloo preferred. H. R. P., 320, George-st.

WANTED, small FRONTAGE, or small SHOP, for Shoemaker. N. O., Herald Office.

WANTED to rent a SHOP, for the sale of Indian condiments, near Hunter and George streets. Box 87, General Post Office.

WANTED, by a gentleman, partial BOARD and RESIDENCE—breakfast and tea week days, full meals Sundays; bath. Terms, A. W. F., Post Office.

WANTED, by January, a respectable suburban VILLA, having about 6 rooms, with garden; if with paddock, and in Stanmore, preferred. W. B. Haugh, agent, 221, Pitt-street.

WANTED, immediately, a small COTTAGE, as near town as possible, or two unfurnished Rooms with use of kitchen, where there are no other lodgers, neighbourhood of Prince-street preferred. State terms. Address Mr. Fraser, 195, Castlereagh-street, opposite St. James's school.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—
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This rate is for payment in advance.
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Births, Deaths, and Marriages, 3s each insertion.
N.B.—Advertisers in the country can remit payment by Money Order or Postage Stamps.
Notices of BIRTHS and DEATHS cannot be inserted in this journal unless indorsed with the name and address of the persons by whom they are sent.
Notices of MARRIAGES cannot be inserted unless certified as correct by the officiating Minister or Registrar.
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